

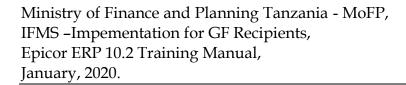
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Ministry of Finance and Planning Tanzania (MoFP)

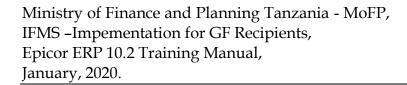
GF – IFMIS Implementation

Epicor 10.2 Training Manual



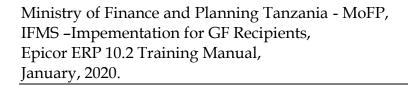


E	PICOR ERP 10 INTERFACE AND SYSTEM NAVIGATION	6
	User Interface	6
	Log On	6
	Main Menu Overview	7
	Top Bar	9
	Module-Level Overview	. 10
	Program-Level Overview	. 10
	Program Interface	. 10
	Menu Bar	. 10
	Standard Toolbar	. 11
	Control Level Detail	. 11
	Navigation Toolbar	. 12
	Currency Toolbar	. 13
	Status Bar	. 14
	Tree View	. 14
	Sheets	. 14
	Buttons	. 15
	Grids	. 15
	Copy and Paste Grids	. 15
	Tabs	. 15
	Context Menus	
	Personalization	. 16
S	YSTEM SETUP	. 17
	Company Configuration	. 17
	Security Maintenance	
	Security Group Maintenance	
	User Account Maintenance	
	Menu Maintenance	. 22
G	ENERAL LEDGER	. 24
	Application Setup	. 24
	Chart of Accounts Structure Maintenance	
	Characteristic of Chart of Accounts	
	Create a Chart of Accounts Structure	
	COA Category Maintenance	
	Account Segment Values	
	Generating GL Account	
	Fiscal Calendar	
	Book Maintenance	
	Journal Codes	
	GL Control Code	
	General Operations	



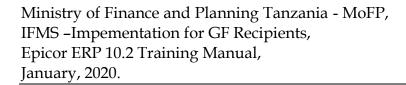


Earliest Apply Date	40
Budget Entry	40
Budget Approval	44
Budget Posting Process	46
Budget Reallocation	46
Supplementary Budget	48
Review Journal	49
Close Period Entry	49
GL Native Reports and Trackers	52
Book Listing	52
Chart of Accounts Listing	52
General Ledger	52
Journal Listing	52
Trial Balance	52
GL Trackers	53
APPROVAL MANAGEMENT	54
Application Setup	
Transaction Type	
Approver Maintenance	
Routing Rule Maintenance	
General Operations	
Approval Process	
Exception Send to DEO	60
ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE	62
Application Setup	62
Customer	
Terms	
Legal Number	
General Operations	
AR Invoice Entry	
Cancellation of Invoice	
Cash receipt entry	
Reverse Cash Receipt	
AR Native Reports and Trackers	
Aged Receivable Report	
AR Invoice Balance Report	
Customer Tracker	
Cash Receipts Tracker	
Invoice Tracker	
Customer Statement	
AR Reconciliation	
ACCOUNTS PAYABLE	74





Application Setup	74
Supplier/Vendor	74
General Operations	76
AP Invoices Entry (Payment Voucher)	76
AP Invoices Entry	
Approval of AP Invoice Entry	80
Posting of AP Invoice Entry	80
Procedure for preparation of LPO AP Invoice	80
Procedure for preparation of Payment Voucher Relating to tax or any deductions	83
Payment Process	84
Void Payment	87
Adjustment Entry	88
Debit Memo	
Accounts Payable Native Reports and Trackers	
Aged Payables Report	94
AP Invoice Balance Report	94
GL Distribution Report	94
Invoice Tracker	94
Payment Tracker	94
Supplier Tracker	95
IMPREST MANAGEMENT	96
Improved Ceture	0.0
Imprest Setup	
Staff Imprest Group	
Supplier Group	
Customer Group	
Employee Setup (Customer)	
Employee Setup (Supplier)AR Terms	
GL Control Code	
Imprest Type	
Imprest Process Flow	
Imprest Issue	
AP Invoice Generation	
Approve Imprest AP Invoice	
Post Imprest AP Invoice	
Payment Entry	
Imprest AR Invoice Generation	
Imprest Retirement	
Full Expense Retirement	
Partial Expense Retirement	
Cash Retirement Entry	
Imprest Recovery from Salary	
imprest necovery from salary	110
MULTICURRENCY MANAGEMENT	





Application Setup	117
Currency Master	117
Rate Type Maintenance	119
General Operations	120
Exchange Rate Entry	
Currency Revaluation Process	121
CASH MANAGEMENT	122
Application Setup	122
Bank Branch Code Maintenance	122
Bank Account Maintenance	123
Bank Fee Maintenance	
General Operations	126
Bank Adjustment Entry	
Bank Funds Transfer	128
Bank Reconciliation	
PROCUREMENT PROCESS	134
Application Setup	134
Buyer	
Purchase Order Entry	135
Receiving PO	138
Purchase Order Native Reports and Trackers	141
Purchase Order Tracker	141
INVENTORY MANAGEMENT	142
Application Setups	142
Warehouse and Bin Maintenance	142
Part/Inventory Items	145
General Operations	147
Issue of Materials	147
Post Inventory COS and WIP to General Ledger	
Return of Items to Store	149
Inventory Adjustments	
Inventory Physical Counting	153
Inventory Native Reports and Trackers	161
List of Reports and Trackers	
Workshops	162
ASSET MANAGEMENT	163
Application Setups	163
Asset Maintenance	163
General Operations	
Asset Additions	
Asset Addition Post	





Asset Depreciation	167
Asset Depreciation Post	168
Asset Disposal	169
Asset Disposal Post	171
YEAR END PROCESSING AND PROCEDURES	173
Revenue Collection Cycle	173
Prerequisites	173
Activities	173
Aged Receivables Report	175
Acquisition and Payment Cycle	175
Prerequisites	175
Activities	175
Mandatory Records	175
Aged Payables Report	176
Received but not Invoiced Report	177
Optional Records	177
Close the General Ledger	177
Prerequisites	177
Activities	177
Records	177
Year End Accounting Checklist	177



Epicor ERP 10 Interface and System Navigation

The Navigation course focuses on the Epicor application user interface. Each section describes different areas of the application. Beginning with the system level, and followed by the module and program levels, this course explores the different navigational features available at each level and area of application.

User Interface

The Epicor application has three levels of interface navigation: system (also known as the Main menu), module, and program. Most of the navigation features exist on the program level; therefore, the course mainly focuses on the program level.

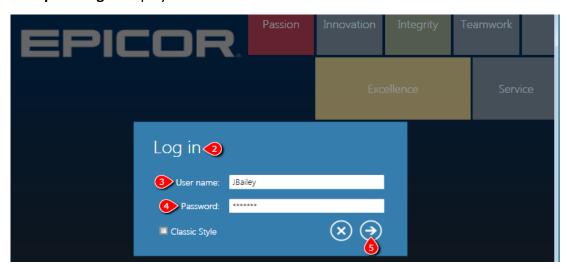
Log On

User must log in into the Epicor application to access the Main menu or any program(s) in the application.

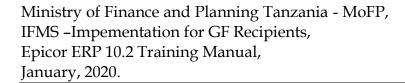
Procedure: For EWA

- 1. Open Internet Explorer in your PC
- 2. Enter the server IP address in the browser
- 3. In the User Name field: enter user ID.
- 4. In **Password** field: enter the **password**.
- 5. Click **Right Arrow** for **OK / Enter**.

The **Epicor Login** Display

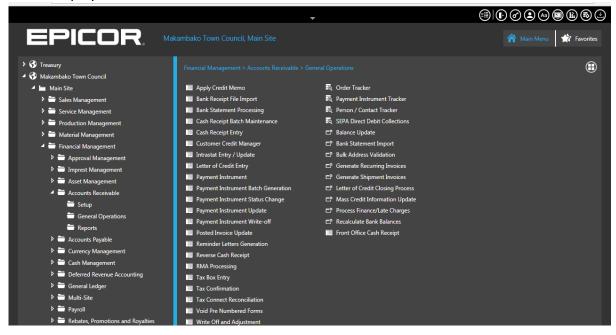








Home Display in EWA Version



In this mode the home is the Main Menu Display, where other useful tools can be accessed from top bar and from the right side shortcuts toolbars

Main Menu Overview

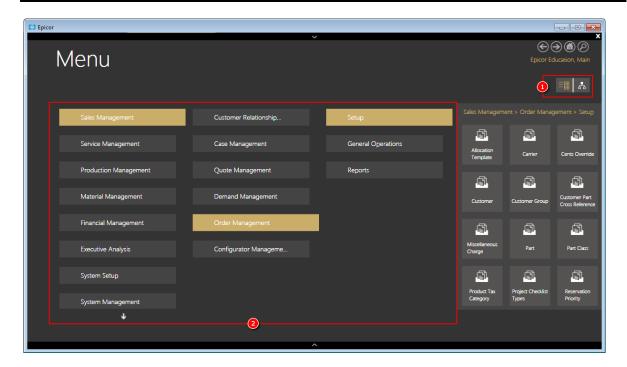
The user interface at the highest level is called the **Main** menu. At this level user have access to all modules and program in Epicor. The Main menu is home base within the application. This window displays first when user launch the application in EWA. Through this interface user will be able to access any program and function with regards to user matrix.

- a) The Main menu displays all the modules and major functions that are contained within the application. Each module group, such as Financial Management, contains a series of related modules.
- b) In-turn, each module, such as Accounts Receivable, contains the Setup, General Operations, and Reports programs.

See the below Illustration

Main Menu Display - Zoom View

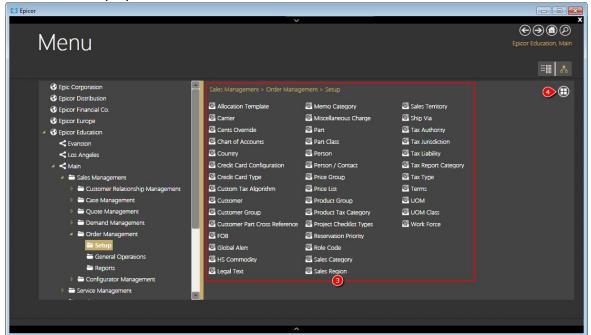




- 1. List View and Zoom View mode displays for Main Menu Easy Accessibility
- 2. Main Menu Display in Zoom View where the right side shows the programs



Main Menu Display – List View



User can click on a triangle icon like this on left side of each folder module to see the subfolders/programs listed beneath it, or user can click the folder itself to see its subprograms listed in the right pane. Click a folder in the right pane to see its contents; click a program name in the right pane to start that program.

Top Bar

The Top Bar is located at the top of the screen. This bar has different view depending of the version of Epicor in use, below is the illustration of the bar: -

Top Bar in EWA



In EWA the bar contains important links as shortcut in a group of four items i.e. File, Options, Help and Epicor on the Web link. As can seen in the picture above each group has sub-items for navigation and personalization.



Module-Level Overview

The user interface at the module level is a segment of the main interface, and it provides an explorer-type view of all application's categories and modules. The Tree or Zoom view structure for each module group can be expanded to display the modules included in each group. Each individual module can then be expanded to display the two or more main folders that made up the module, and each of those folders in turn can be opened to display a list of its available programs.

Program-Level Overview

The user interface at the program level contains all the functionality needed to enter and manipulate data.

Use the options on the **Menu** bar, **Standard** toolbar, and **Navigation** toolbar to create new records, modify existing records, and access additional program capabilities.

Tip: User can open multiple instances of each program. The same program can then display in multiple windows, so user can review different records at the same time.

Program Interface

Following is an illustration of a typical program interface.

Menu Bar

The **Menu** bar for a program displays the standard menus, such as the **File**, **Edit**, **Tools**, **Action** and **Help** menus. Each menu contains a list of related options.

File Edit Tools Actions Help .

- a) **File Menu** This menu allows user to save and delete records. The **File** menu also contains the **Exit** option, which allows user to leave the program
- b) *Edit Menu* This menu allows user to manipulate items on the current record. User can cut, copy, and paste text from one field to another.
- c) **Tools Menu-** This menu allows user to customize or personalize the current program.
- d) **Actions Menu** This menu displays options specific to the current program and in some programs the menu might not be active.
- e) *Help Menu* This menu allows user to launch the Application Help or to run a tutorial for the open program.



Standard Toolbar

The **Standard** toolbar control set in a program contains the buttons needed for manipulating data on the current record. These controls allow user to create, save, and delete records. They also give user editing controls, allowing user to cut, copy, and paste text into different fields. The following exhibit describes each control available on the Standard toolbar.

Control Level Detail

Icon	Description
<u></u>	New - Creates a new record. If available, the drop-down arrow associated with the New button provides a list of the types of records user can create with the program user are running. If the List sheet is selected, clicking New typically adds a blank line to the list to enter a new record.
	Save - Saves a new record or saves the changes made to an existing record.
×	Delete - Deletes a record or deletes part of a record, such as a line on a sales order.
	Change Log - Select this button to display the Change Log. All the changes made to the current record display within this log.
	Memo - Click this button to view any memos written for the current record. If a memo or attachment is linked to a record, a star appears on the button icon.
)	Call Log - Click this button to review, add, edit, or delete Call Log records
g	Attachments - Allows external documents to be attached to records in the application. Attachments are only available when user have the Document Management module licensed.
C 5	Refresh - Refreshes data on the current sheet.
OX.	Clear - Clears any data entered into the program.



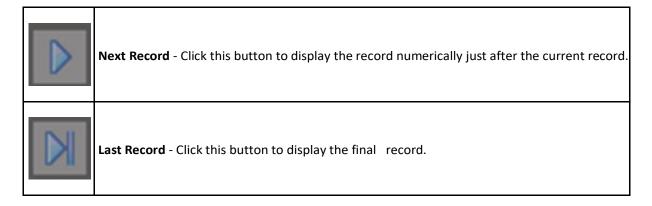
Icon	Description
•	Print - Click this button to print the current record.
*	Cut - Click this button to cut the current selection (usually text) and move it to the Clipboard to later paste it elsewhere. This is a standard Windows convention and can also be achieved by pressing Ctrl + X on your keyboard.
	Copy - Click this button to copy the current selection (usually text) and move it to the Clipboard to later paste it elsewhere. This is a standard Windows convention and can also be achieved by pressing Ctrl + C on your keyboard.
Paste - Click this button to paste the contents of the Clipboard to where cursor currently sits. This is a standard Windows convention and can als achieved by pressing Ctrl + V on your keyboard.	
2	Undo - Click this button to remove the last action you performed within the program i.e. to have effect of inputs before the last action

Navigation Toolbar

The **Navigation** toolbar allows user to find specific records created by the current program. Use the Search control to find a record or records in the open program.

lcon	Description
m	Search - Click this button to launch the main search window for the current program. Use this window to find and select all the records you want to review within the active program. In most search windows, you can select multiple records at the same time. The search functionality is explored later in this chapter.
M	First Record - Click this button to display the first record.
	Previous Record - Click this button to display the record numerically just ahead of the current record.
5176	Current Record - This field displays the current record displayed within the program. To see a list of all the records currently loaded into the program, click the Down Arrow button.





Use the navigation tools to scroll through the records user created since entering the program and the records user pulled in from the corresponding **Search** window.



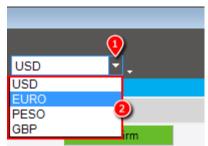
Currency Toolbar

Use the Currency toolbar to quickly convert the transaction amounts displayed within the current record to a different currency. When you select a different currency, all the amounts within the current record convert to reflect the current exchange rate and conversion rule assigned the source (original) and target (selected) currency pair.

Your company can have several currencies available. The currency functionality is explored in more detail within the Multi-Currency Management chapter in the EPICOR ERP Implementation Guide.

To use the Currency toolbar:

• Click the **Down Arrow** on the toolbar.



 The list displays the currencies available within the company. Select the currency you need.

The Currency toolbar now displays the selected currency; all the amounts within the current record update to show the recalculated amounts



Status Bar

The Status Bar is found at the bottom of each program window. It displays information about the current session such as current user, date, time, current company, and so on. You can choose the information that displays on the Status Bar. To do this, click the Tools > Options and select the information you want to display on the Global Options > Status Bar sheet.

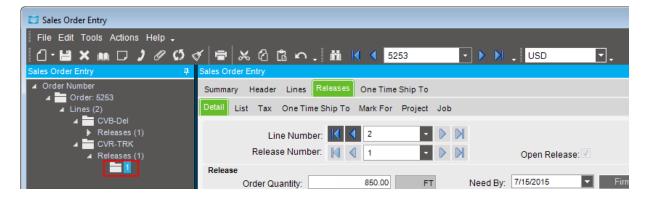
Ready MANAGER English/United States Epicor Education HVW12AS09.playground.local/ERP100600

Tree View

The Tree View is a tool you use to navigate through the items that make up a selected, complex record.

The current record automatically displays within the Tree View. When you expand the nodes on the tree by clicking the + icons, you can quickly locate (or drill down) to a specific item within a record.

In this example, you selected a release from order 5253. When you select this node on the Tree View, the Release sheet automatically displays with the selected order release information.



Sheets

A sheet is a layer of a program's interface that contains related functionality. It is the main input and display area for a program. Most programs have a minimum of two sheets, which are the Detail and the List sheets.

Sheets can be torn off and placed anywhere on the desktop. To reset all the sheets back to their default positions, use the **Restore Default Settings** option.



There are several navigation features within a sheet which includes buttons, grids, tabs, context menus, drop-down menu, status indicators, etc. The following are the most useful features.

Buttons

Sheets typically contain **buttons**, which provide access to record search programs. Other buttons provide access to additional functionalities related to the program.

Grids

Grids display information through a series of columns and rows. Each column displays a category of information, while each row displays data from individual records. Grids do not display all data entry fields, as they contain only those fields that require data entry.

Copy and Paste Grids

Grid Copy- The Grid Copy function is designed as a way to copy the visual fields from grids so they can be pasted into a spreadsheet application such as Microsoft Excel®. The grid Paste Update and Paste Insert functions are designed as ways to update and add to the visual and editable fields in a grid using data copied from a spreadsheet application.

Executing a Grid Copy- When executing a Grid Copy, data is pulled from the visual columns in the order they appear on the grid (left to right). The same occurs with a Paste.

Grid Paste Update- With a Grid Paste Update, visible and editable fields are updated one at a time from left to right and from top to bottom. If an error occurs, the paste process is terminated, even if all the data has not been pasted into the grid.

Grid Paste Insert- With a Grid Paste Insert, visible and editable fields are updated the same way as with a Paste Update with the exception that fields in a new row are being updated. Status Indicators

Tabs

Tab may contain multiple elements and sheets; whereby tab buttons helps to navigate between tabs and sheets in order to explore, manage and input additional data.

Context Menus



Context menus are available throughout the application by right-clicking in a field, text box, or grid. These menus offer options for accessing additional programs, such as Tracker and Search programs, and also offer text editing capabilities.

Personalization

Personalization allows user to have a different feel and touch on the Epicor application by adjusting the views, options, and toolbars to suit at best user's business needs. Use the Epicor Personalization Tools to modify each program interface. User can personalize any program in order to refine the interface to match the tasks performed every day.

Note: Personalization is saved with User ID and do not affect other users within the application.



System Setup

The System Setup module is important for setting up system-wide information, such as configurations, processes, maintenance, and other system tasks. There are two maintenance programs that contribute to the make-up of a user account, Company Configuration and Security Group Maintenance.

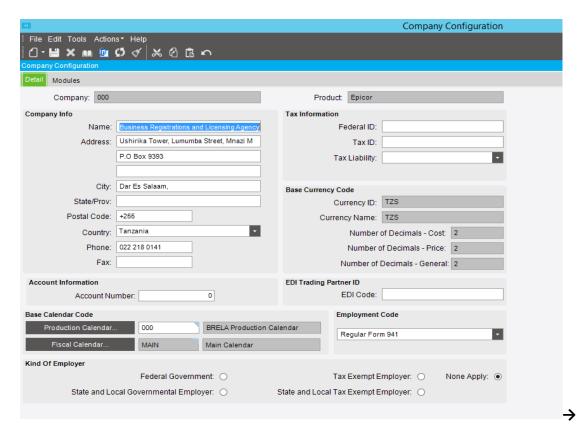
Company Configuration

Contains the setup programs used to configure companies within the application. When user install the Epicor application, one company record is automatically created by default. User can then use this program to define how the company interacts with the various modules in which user have licensed with.

Menu Path

Navigate to this program from the Main Menu:

System Setup → Company/Site Maintenance → Company Configuration





Security Maintenance

Security Group Maintenance

Use **Security Group Maintenance** to establish groups to which users can be assigned for security purposes. Assign a user to a security group in User Account Maintenance, and assign security groups in Menu Maintenance.

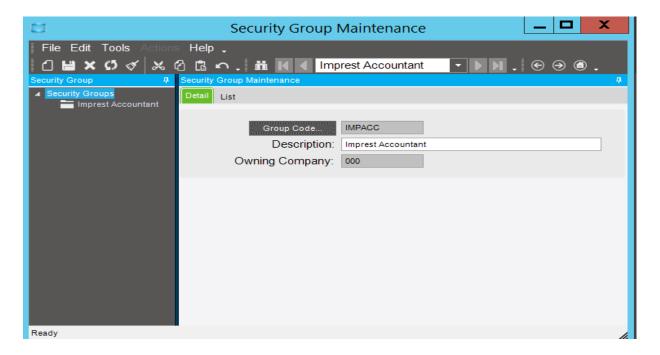
Epicor recommends you assign all users to **security groups**. You then simplify your security setup, as you do not need to assign security to individual users. This approach also ensures you implement security through an organized and clearly defined method.

Menu Path

Navigate to this program from the Main Menu System Setups → Security Maintenance → Security Group Maintenance

Objective/Comment	To define Security Group(s)
Requirement	The user must have access to Security Group maintenance
Navigation Path	System Setups → Security Maintenance → Security Group Maintenance
Responsibility with	As per User Security Matrix
1.	Click New icon in the form to activate the form or click File then
	New
2.	Type short form of the group in the Group ID .
3.	Write the group description in the description field.
4.	Owning Company field will by default display the 000 code for the
	company.
5.	Save and exit the form





NB: Groups are useful because they can categorize employees by role or department. Security groups are **optional**.

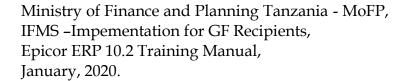
User Account Maintenance

Use User Account Security Maintenance form to enter basic information, security access, and application privileges for all users. Anyone who accesses the Epicor application must be set up in this program.

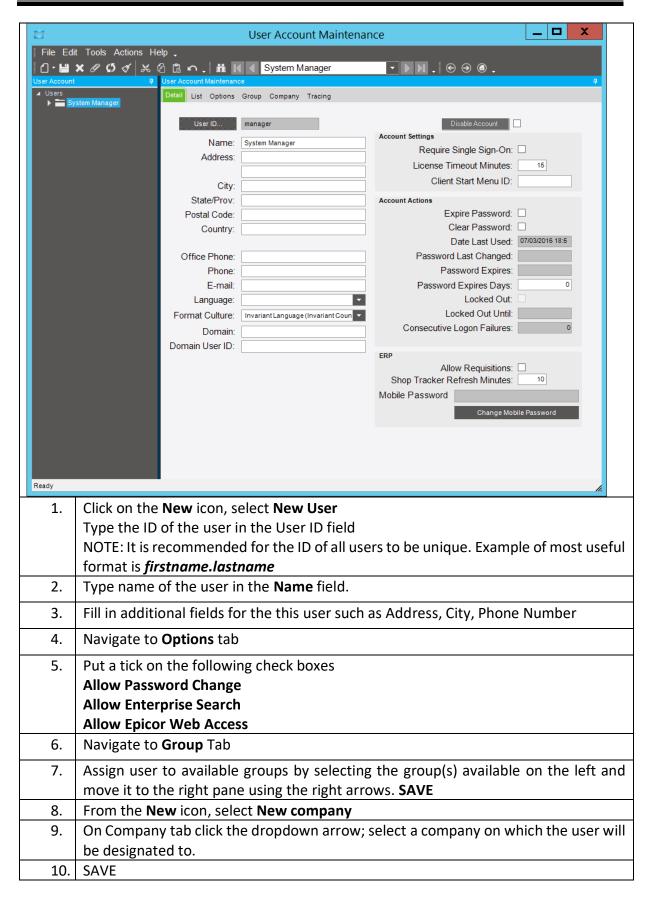
All users must have a defined user ID, name, and password. In this program, you can also define addresses, phone numbers, and other company information.

Users are commonly created by the Epicor application implementation team. The system administrator grants security permissions based on the user's role in the company.

Objective/Comment	To create user account
Requirement	The user must have access to System Setup module
Navigation Path	System Setup → Security Maintenance → User Account Security Maintenance
Responsibility with	System Administrator









11	11. Repeat step 8 to 10 if user belongs to more than 1 company	
12	12. Navigate to Detail tab; uncheck the Disable User Account checkbox to activate the	
	user account.	
	Save and exit the form	

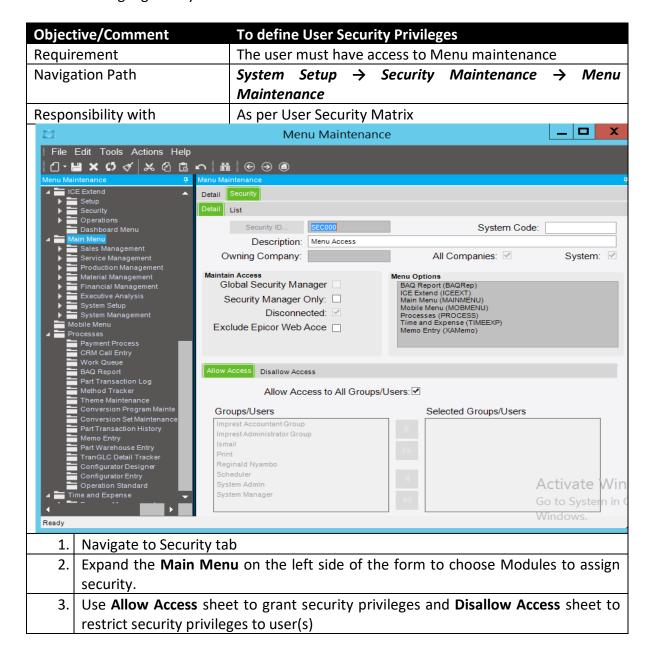


Menu Maintenance

Use **Menu Maintenance** to customize the menu interface throughout the application. User can be assigned specific menu/module/program(s)/report(s) within a company.

Menu security is considered the highest level in which security privileges are set. Security established at this level allows a folder or program to not display on the Main Menu for any number of security groups or specific defined user.

This section highlights key fields and areas in Menu Maintenance.





	Move user(s) and or Group(s) to Selected Groups/Users pane to specify
	Groups/Users designated to particular Menu/Module/Program
4.	. Uncheck/Check the Allow or Disallow Access to all group/users in the respective
	sheets to designate the particular Menu/Module/Program to all groups/users.

NOTE:

Security tab

This is the internal security ID and description of a module, submenu, or program. The Security ID field is display only.

Security Manager Only

Select this check box to indicate that this module or program is restricted to security managers only. Only users selected as a security manager in User Account Maintenance have access to this option.

Allow/Disallow Access to All Groups/Users

Select the Allow Access to All Groups/Users check box on the Allow Access or the Disallow Access sheet to select all the groups and users in the Groups/Users list.

Allow Access

Use this sheet to grant access to a module, submenu, or program to certain groups and users. All security groups and users display in one of two categories - Groups/Users or Selected Groups/Users.

Disallow Access

Use this sheet to prevent access to a module, submenu, or program to certain groups or users.



General Ledger

General Ledger functionality is the central depository where all transactions posted from various modules update account balances.

During implementation, not many setup steps outweigh the importance of defining a company's chart of accounts. In the General Ledger (GL) module, COA definition is a critical factor that can impact how a business operates on a day-to-day basis.

At the core of the general ledger lies a company's COA, or ensemble of GL account numbers. Each company has the ability to create multiple charts of accounts. On the outer walls of the accounts are unique segments, categories, allocations, references, and configurations which define each account the chart contains. The design of each wall significantly impacts the ability to easily prepare financial reports for each area of business in a company.

The fiscal calendar definition also greatly affects how transactions display within reports and also how they post to the general ledger.

The General Ledger module interface with all sub ledgers and is used to maintain account balances to facilitate financial reporting and analysis.

Application Setup

Several maintenance programs located throughout the Epicor application affect a company's general ledger process flow. Application Setup focuses on the essential company configuration and General Ledger module maintenance items user must complete prior to processing transactions that affect the general ledger.

Chart of Accounts Structure Maintenance

Chart of Accounts structure maintenance defines the segment structure and characteristics for each Chart of Accounts (COA) user use within the current company. The application uses COAs to control account entry.

Characteristic of Chart of Accounts

- Each account can have up to 20 definable account segments.
- Each segment can be up to 50 characters in length. These segments can be natural, controlled, dynamic, and optional for data entry. The segments can also display in any order.
- The maximum length for an account is 200 characters, including delimiters.
- Each company book must have at least one COA



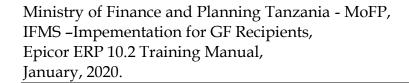
MoFP – GF will maintain at least two Chart of Accounts, Main Chart of Accounts for normal business operation and the Reporting Chart of Accounts for GF reporting requirements.whenever necessary additional Chart of Accounts can be added.

The Main Chart of Accounts will consists of **Eight** controlled segments as seen below;

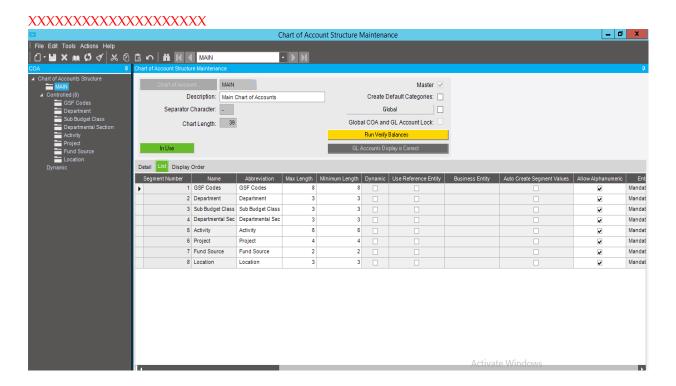
Segments	Segment Components	Character
1.	Natural Account (GFS Code)	8
2.	Implementers	3
3.	Budget Classification	3
4.	Grant	3
5.	Activity	7
6.	Fund Source	2
7.	Location Level	3
8.	Geografical Location	12

The Reporting Chart of Accounts will consists of seven controlled segments as shown below;

Segments	Segment Components	Character
1.	Cost Grouping	1 - 2
2.	Cost Inputs	3 - 5
3.	Grants	9
4.	Implementer	3
5.	Module/ Objectives	2 - 3
6.	Intervation	2 - 3
7.	Activities	7







Create a Chart of Accounts Structure

Objective/Comment	To define Chart of Account structure
Requirement	The user must have access to Chart Of Account maintenance form
Navigation Path	Financial Management → General ledger → Setup → Chart of Accounts
Responsibility with	System Administrator

Screen /Form	Chart of Account Structure Maintenance
1	From the New menu, select New COA .
2	Enter the COA ID e.g. MAIN , Description, e.g. Main Chart Of Accounts, and Separator Character (-)
3	Click on the Create Default Categories checkbox to create nature of transactions which will be used on natural accounts such as Expense, Revenue etc
4	Save
5	From the New menu, select New COA Segment .
6	Enter the Name, Abbreviation, Maximum Length, Minimum Length. Save



7	Use steps 5 -6 above to create all COA segments.
8	Exit Chart of Account Structure Maintenance.

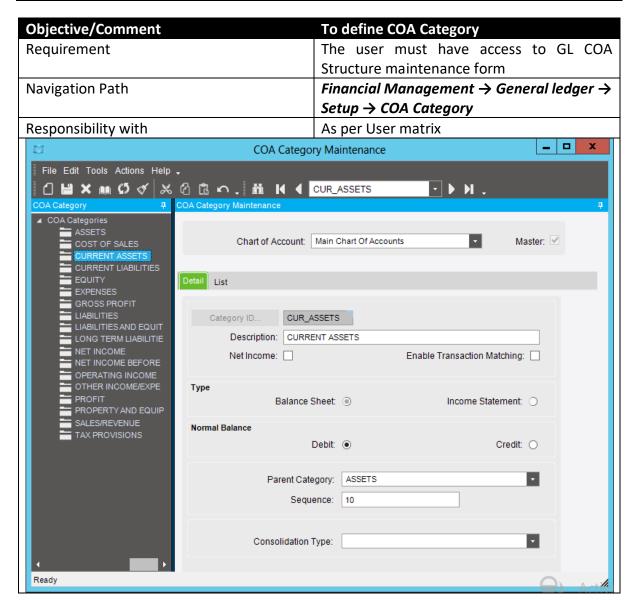
Note:

The first segment is always the **Natural Account** by default. Other segments offer additional options that are auto selected or disabled when creating the natural account segment.

COA Category Maintenance

COA Category Maintenance defines chart of accounts (COA) categories associated with natural accounts (GFS Codes) in **Account Segment Values**. This association determines how the Epicor application maintains account balances and the accounts that supply financial statement values.





From Screen /Form	COA Category Maintenance
1	Select the New icon
2	Enter the Category ID and Description
3	In Type section, Select Balance Sheet or Income Statement Check
	Box depending with the nature of your category.
4	In normal Balance section, Select Debit or Credit check box.
5	Select Parent Category
6	Save
7	Repeat the process for the rest of categories.
8	Exit COA Category Maintenance



Account Segment Values

Segments in the chart of accounts can be natural, controlled /dynamic and mandatory/ optaional. Each segment has the option to be self-balancing. The self-balancing segment is one which automatically posts a balancing journal when a transaction occurs between two values defined for the segment.

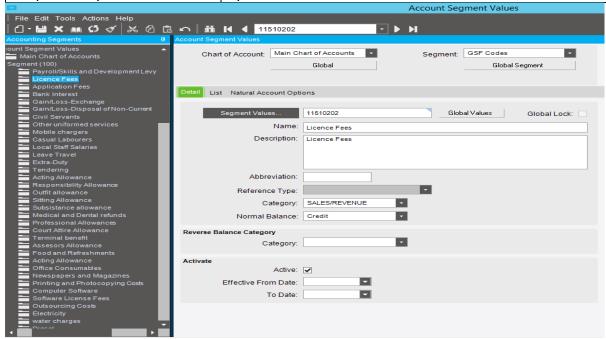
Natural Account refers to the lowest level of detail at which financial information is recorded based on the nature of the expense, revenue, asset, liability, or equity being recorded. This segment is mandatory and associate with the category to which determine both account balance and the accounts that provide financial statement values.

Controlled Segment is other defined segment in chart of account apart from natural segment.

Dynamic segment is used for references business entity to relate one segment to another business object in the system like Customers or supplier or project.

How to Create Chart of Account Segment Value

Objective/Comment	To define Account Segment Values
Requirement	The user must have access to Account Segment Value
	form
Navigation Path	Financial Management → General ledger → Setup →
	Account Segment Values
Responsibility with	System Administrator





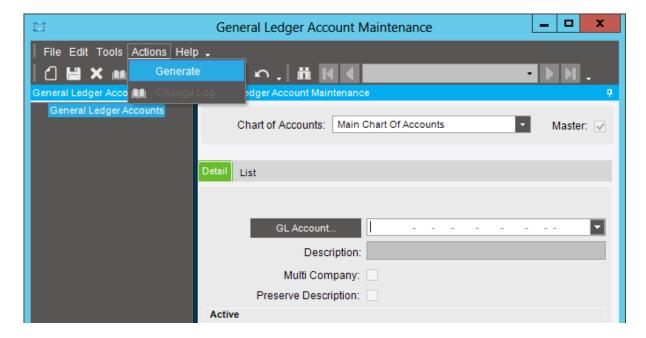
Screen/Form Usage:	Account Segment Values
1.	Click the New icon and Select New Value.
2.	Depending on the segment that has been selected, Type the segment value in the segment value field and description of that segment in the Description field.
3.	By default all new created segments are put as Active. Remove the checkbox if the segment is no longer active.
4.	Click Save and Exit the form.

Generating GL Account

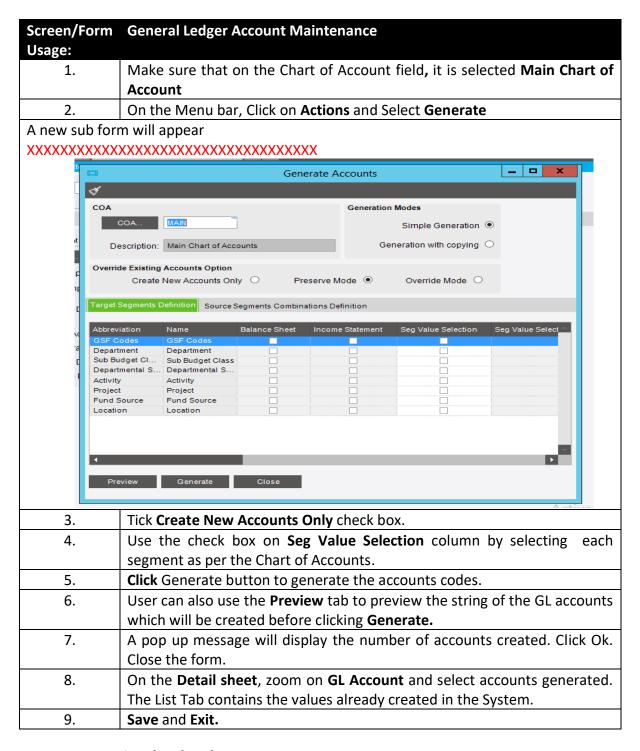
Use the General Ledger account, Segment values to identify the accounts the system should build. Enter the range of values the system should use for each account segment in the corresponding form and through fields.

General Ledger builds the Chart by bringing together every possible combination user define in the Segment Values.

Objective/Comment	To generate a Chart of Account
Requirement	The user must have access to General Ledger Account form
Navigation Path	Financial Management → General ledger → Setup → General Ledger Account Maintenance
Responsibility with	System Administrator

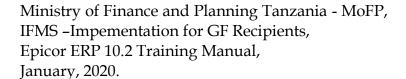






Fiscal Calendar

A fiscal calendar defines MoFP – GF calendar in relation to financial reporting. Fiscal Calendar Maintenance supports multiple calendars with one calendar defined as the Main calendar. Only one calendar can be assigned to each defined GL book. Each calendar can start on any date, have any number of periods, and be any length necessary.

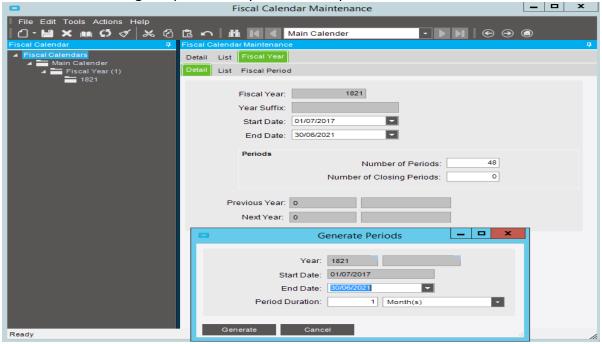




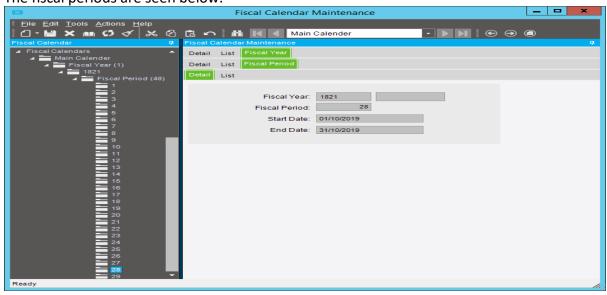
Fiscal Calendar Maintenance contains a sequence of **fiscal years**. Fiscal years in one fiscal calendar cannot overlap and there may be no gaps between years. Each fiscal year contains a number of periods.

Once user creates a fiscal year, fiscal periods can be generated for it using the **Generate Periods** action.

For the purpose of MoFP-GF (Grant management system), there will be ceated two different fiscal calenders, the Main Calender and the Operational Calender, the Main calender will consist of the entire grant period of 3 years with 36 periods.

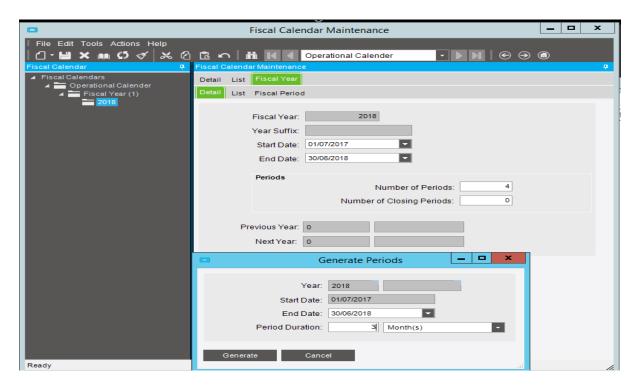


The fiscal periods are seen below.

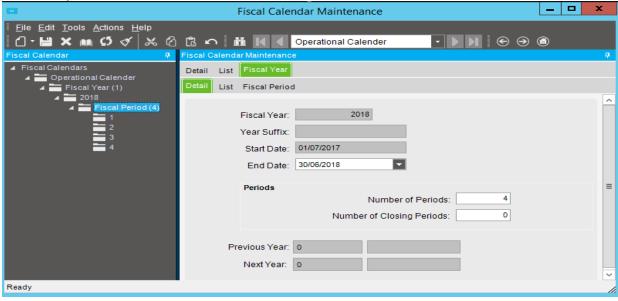




while the Operational calender will have each of the 3 years created separately as 1 fiscal year with 4 periods (Quarters).



The fiscal periods are shown below



Repeat the procedures below for remaining three fiscal years (2018/2019, 2019/2020, and 2020/2021)

Objective/Comment	Defining Fiscal Calendar and Periods
Requirement	The user must have access to Fiscal Calendar form



Objective/Comment	Defining Fiscal Calendar and Periods
Navigation Path	General ledger → Setup → Fiscal Calendar
Responsibility with	As per user matrix
	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
	Fiscal Calendar Maintenance
File Edit Tools Actions Help Corporation Actions Help Corporation Actions Help Fiscal Calendar Fiscal Calendar Fiscal Calendar	Mil d Main Calendar
∡ Fiscal Calendars Detail L	ist Fiscal Year
	ist Fiscal Period
2019 2020 Detail	ist
### Fiscal Period (12) ### ### ### #########################	Fiscal Year: 2020 Fiscal Period: Start Date: 01/03/2020 End Date: 31/03/2020
10 10 11 11 12 12	

Screen/Form Usage:	Fiscal Calendar Maintenance
1.	On the new icon select new Fiscal Calendar.
2.	Type a code and description which will represent the fiscal calendar.
3.	Click Save.
4.	On the new icon Select New Fiscal year .
5.	Type the fiscal year , start date , end date and the number of periods in that
	fiscal year.
6.	Click Save.
7.	On the Menu bar, Click on Actions and Select Generate Fiscal Periods.
8.	On the generate period form, indicate period duration.
9.	Click Generate.
10.	A pop up message will display the number of periods generated.
11.	Click OK and Exit Fiscal Calendar form.
	Note: You can repeat step 4 to 10 to generate as many fiscal year as
	possible

Book Maintenance

Book Maintenance defines a company's books. A book sets the currency, chart of accounts, the fiscal calendar, and the default Retained Earnings account used to generate its financial statements.

For the purpose of MoFP – GF there will be **three** books for **Operations** and **three** books for **Reporting** that will be maintained.

1. Main Book

1.1 Reporting Book – Main



- 2. Budget Book Expenditure
- 2.1 Reporting Book Exp Budget

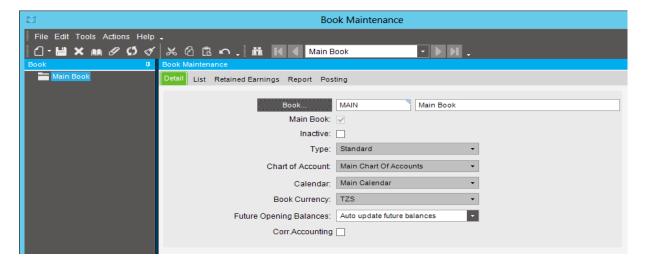
3. Imprest Book

3.1 reporting Book - Imprest

Number	Book ID	Name	Functions
1.	Main	Main Book	Main function of the organization
2.	Budget	Budget Book	Captures budget transactions
3.	Imprest	Imprest Book	Capture imprest transactions

The main book is the entity's functional book, whereas a budget book is a memorandum book.

Objective/Comment	Defining Books	
Requirement	The user must have access to Book Maintenance form.	
Navigation Path	Financial management \rightarrow General ledger \rightarrow Setup \rightarrow	
	Book	
Responsibility with	System Administrator	



Book Mapping

After all operational books are users will be required to link the operational books with the reporting books, this mapping allows the system to create journal entries for all transactions which are created and or posted on the Operational Books, the screen shot below illustrate how to achieve the mapping.

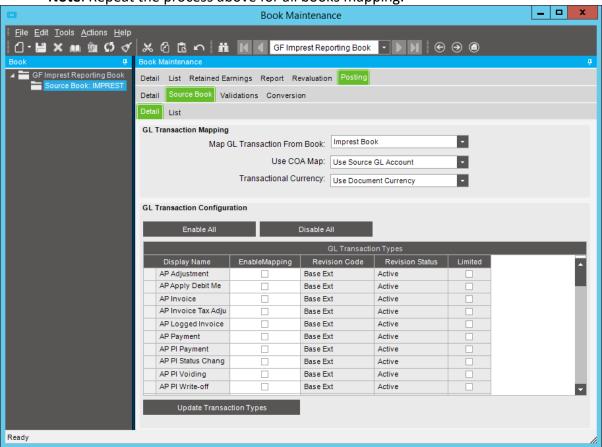
Steps:

- I. While on the Book Mainetance window, Navigate to Posting Tab -> Source Book
- II. From drop down arrow, select **New Link from Source Book**
- III. On the Map GL Transactions from Source Book field select the source book (Main Book, Imprest Book, or Budget Book) to be linked with the reporting book.
- IV. On the Use COA Map, select the Mapped COA
- V. On the **Transactional Currency**, leave default



VI. On the **GL Transaction Configuration**, Click **Enable All**, then Click on the **Update Transactions Types**, wait for a few minutes the system to update the posting rules

Note: Repeat the process above for all books mapping.



Screen/Form	Book Maintenance	
Usage:		
1.	Click New button on the Standard toolbar.	
2.	Enter Book ID. This value displays within various reports and programs.	
3.	Enter the concise Description for the book. This value displays on various	
	drop-down lists throughout the application.	
4.	Select the Main Book check box to indicate the current book is the default.	
	This book automatically displays on all reports and trackers for MoFP – GF.	
	For MoFP – GF, the default book is the Main Book. If user no longer wish	
	to use the book, select the Inactive check box. Then users can no longer	
	enter journal records against this book.	
5.	Use the Type field to determine the primary function of the book i.e. A	
	Standard book which records financial activity of the entity and has no	
	relationship to other books.	
6.	Use the Chart of Accounts drop-down list to define the Chart of Account	
	user wish to use with the book. Each book can have a different COA or	
	several books can share the same COA.	



Screen/Form	Book Maintenance	
Usage:		
7.	Select the Fiscal Calendar user wish to use with this book. These calendars	
	define the fiscal period used by the application to record transactions.	
8.	Use the Book Currency drop-down list to define the currency of the book.	
	The book currency shall be used on financial reports	
9.	Click on the Retained Earnings sheet to define the standard account use	
	for retained earnings from the book.	
10.	Click on the Validations sheet to define how errors are handled when	
	journals are posted to the book	
11.	Then, Click Save on the standard toolbar and Exit the form.	
12.	Repeat the same process for other books, except that Do not tick main	
	book checkbox.	

Journal Codes

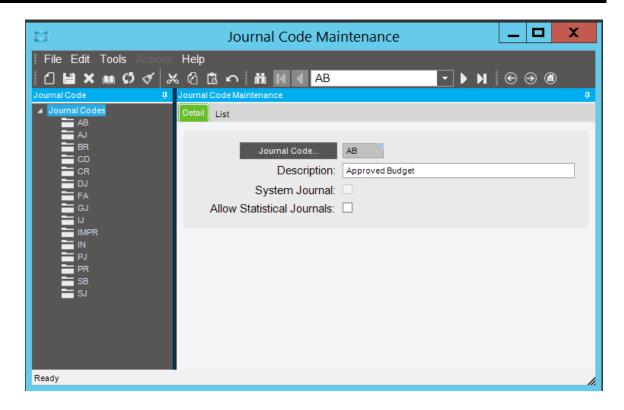
Journal Code Maintenance defines codes used to group journals associated with posting processes.

System journal codes can apply to journals through the association of a posting process with a GL control. User can then track and report on journals by code. Some posting processes use default codes when a GL control does not supply a Journal code.

Objective/Comment	To create Journal Code
Requirement	The user must have access to Journal Code form.
Navigation Path	Financial management → General ledger → Setup → Journal Code
Responsibility with	Accountant

Screen/Form Usage:	Journal Code Maintenance
1.	Click New button on the Standard toolbar.
2.	Enter Journal Code ID.
3.	For user defined journal, untick system journal checkbox.
4.	Type in description.
5.	Click Save on the standard toolbar and Exit the form.



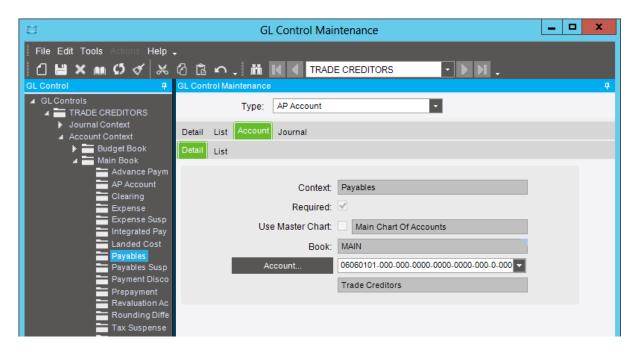




GL Control Code

GL Control Maintenance defines the accounts and a journal code available to application's posting processes. It specifies the books and the accounts used to post journals. GL controls use account context to specify the books and accounts to which journal post. Posting rules use the account information to define journal details.

Objective/Comment	To create a new GL Control Code
Requirement	The user must have access to GL Control Code form.
Navigation Path	Financial management \rightarrow General ledger \rightarrow Setup \rightarrow GL
	Control Code
Responsibility with	Accountant



Screen/Form Usage:	GL Control Maintenance.
1.	On Type field , choose GL Control Type , Enter the Name and Description for GL Control. These values display within various programs, use them to identify the specific GL control. Save.
2	Click New on the standard toolbar.
3.	Define the Code and Description in the two empty forms respectively. SAVE
4.	Expand on the left side of the form and select Account Context to select Main Book
5.	Click on the Account button to find and select the account to attach the GL Account.



Screen/Form Usage:	GL Control Maintenance.
6.	When finish, Click Save on the standard toolbar. This completes the process of creating Posting Codes (GL Control Codes) and attaching the posting codes with the relevant books.

General Operations

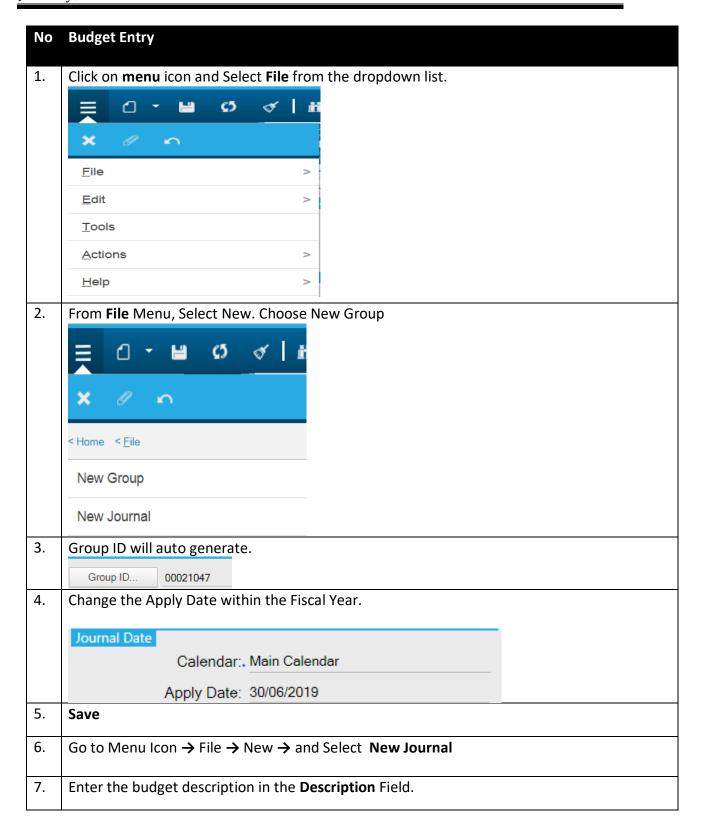
Earliest Apply Date

The Earliest Apply Date is the first date on which user can apply any financial transaction with a company or within a module/transaction type. When user set up a new company, ensure the Earliest Apply Date value is on a date or period **before** the date user will load financial data into the Epicor application. This prevents errors from displaying when user enter or import financial data into user new company.

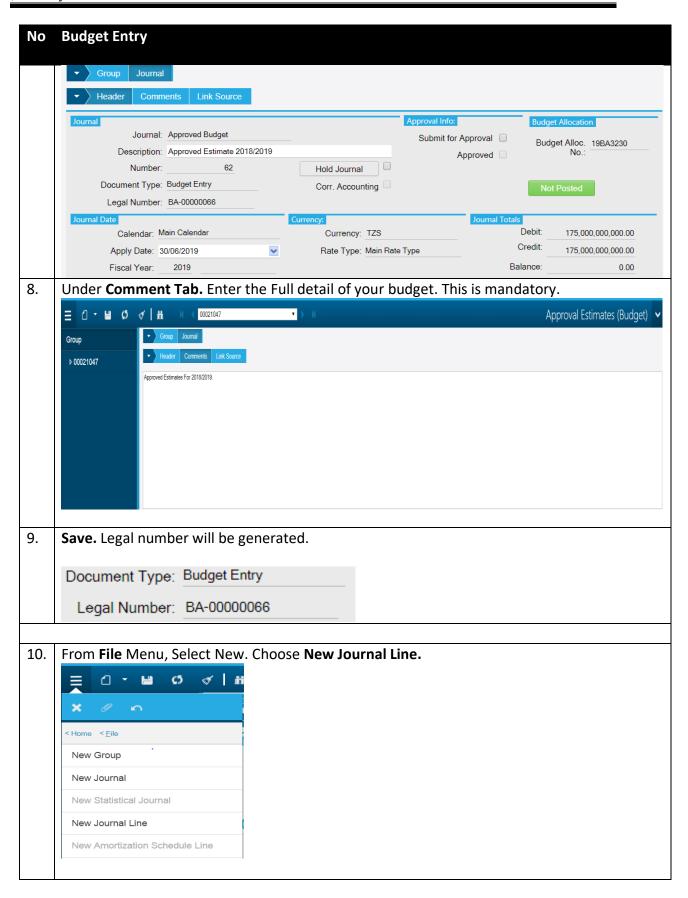
Budget Entry

Objective / Comments	To capture MoFP – GF approved Budget. This is done on a yearly basis.	
Navigation Path	Financial Management → General Ledger → General Operations→ Budget Entry	
Responsibility	Accountant	



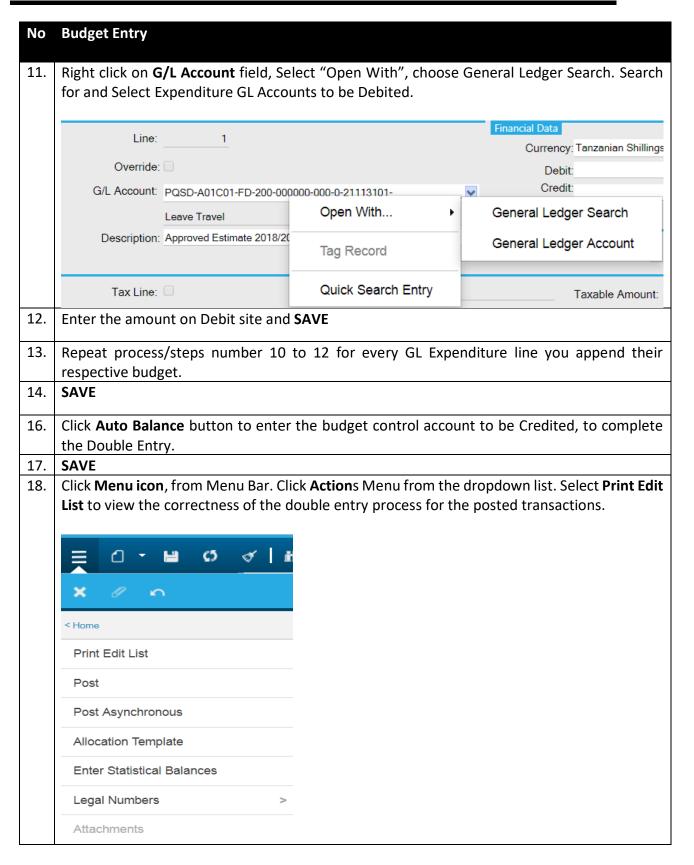




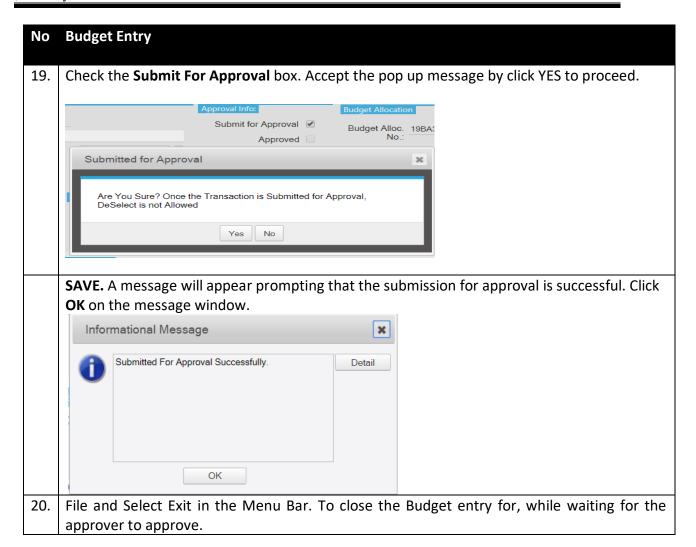








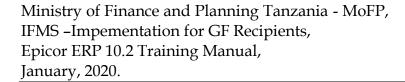




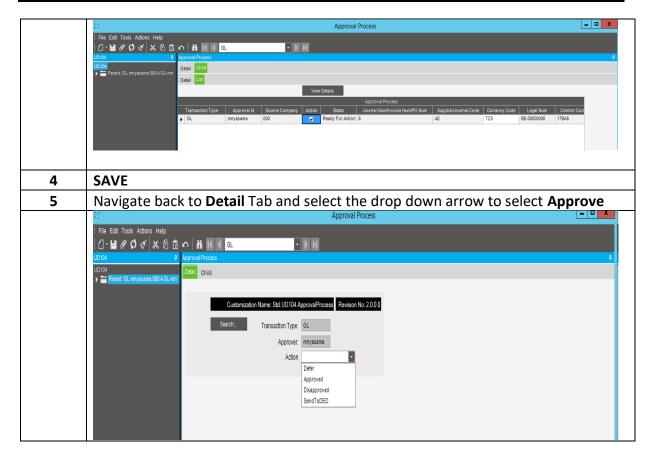
Budget Approval

Objectives/	To Approve MoFP – GF Annual Budget.	
Comments		
Navigation	Financial Management → Approval Management → General Operations	
Path	→ Approval Process	
Responsibility	As Per MoFP – GF User Matrix	

Screen	Approval Process
/Form	
1	Select the Search Button and Select the respective entry to be approved. Each entry awaiting approval will feature module name and approvers' name.
2	Select Child Tab, followed by List tab.
3	Tick the Action check Box







NOTE: When it happen while putting a check mark in the List window and an error message occurs saying "Row has been modified by another user", user should click Ok on the message and refresh the page and put again the check mark.



Budget Posting Process

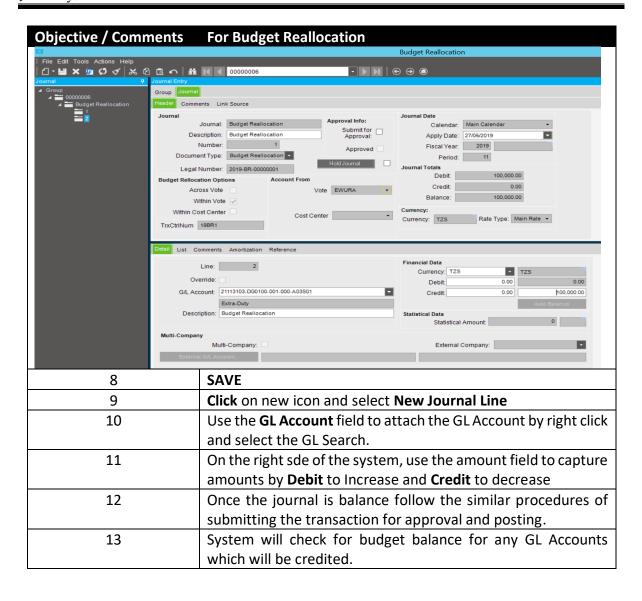
Objectiveness/Comments	To Post Budget
Navigation Path	Financial Management → General Ledger → General
	Operation → Budget Entry
Responsibility	As Per MoFP – GF User Matrix
1	Group ID . Search and select the respective budget group to
	be posted.
2	Select Journal Tab, Header. A tick will appear in the
	Approved box.
3	In the Menu Bar, go to Action and Select Post .

Budget Reallocation

Budget Reallocation refers to the authorized transfer of the approved budget from one expenditure line item to another expenditure line item.

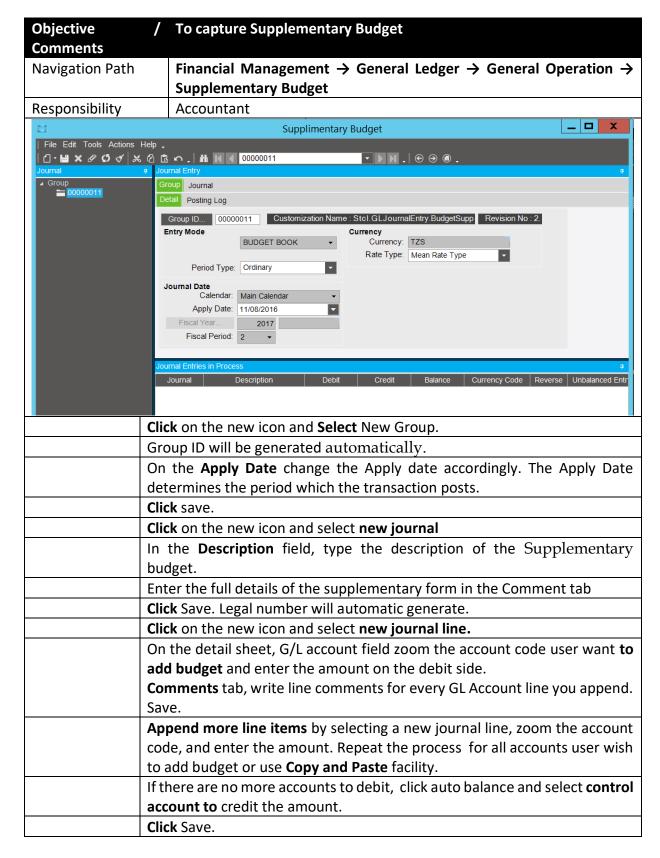
Objective / Comments	For Budget Reallocation
Navigation Path	Financial Management → General Ledger → General
	Operation → Budget Reallocation
Responsibility	Accountant
1	Click on the new icon and Select New Group.
2	Group ID will automatically generate.
3	Select the required Apply Date.
4	SAVE
5	Click on New icon and select New Journal
6	Enter the description and Comments
7	Select the Within Vote checkbox followed by MoFP – GF in the
	Vote dropdown







Supplementary Budget





Objective Comments	/ To capture Supplementary Budget
	Print the Edit List to view the correctness of user Journal Entries.
	Check Submit for Approval box.

NB: Approving and posting of Supplementary budget follows the standard steps of approving and posting budgets as illustrated above

Review Journal

The **Review Journal** is an optional program that adjusts, re-validates, cancels, and posts accounting transactions. Typically, review journals are used to locate posting errors and debug posting rules.

Menu Path

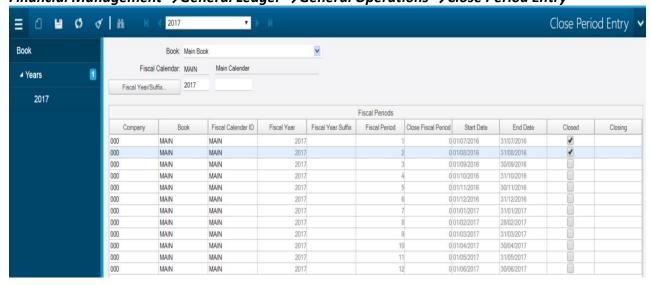
Financial Management \rightarrow General Ledger \rightarrow General Operations \rightarrow Review Journal

Close Period Entry

Close Period Entry allows user to close both ordinary and closing period's specific for each book in User Company's general ledger (GL). If user close the last **closing** period in the fiscal year of a book, all previous periods (ordinary and closing) close automatically.

Menu Path:

Financial Management \rightarrow General Ledger \rightarrow General Operations \rightarrow Close Period Entry



Although Close Period Entry defines a period as closed, the GL transactions for that period remain in user database. User can always post transactions to previous and future periods. If



user need, user can also print financial statements for any closed period. To prevent book updates in certain periods, use Earliest Apply Date.



Screen/Form Usage:	Close Period Maintenance
1	In the Book field, select Main Book . The fiscal calendar created and assigned to the selected book in previous workshops, automatically populates the Fiscal Calendar field.
2	In the Fiscal Year/Suffix field, enter the current calendar year and press Tab.
3	Select period one's Closed check box.
4	Read and understand the warning message that displays. The message advises that preceding periods in the selected year are open, and asks if user would like to continue. Warning Preceding periods in this year are still open. Continue? Yes No
5	In the Warning window, click Yes.
6	Click Save and exit Close Period Entry.



GL Native Reports and Trackers

Transactions created in any of the modules mentioned above. User can filter this report for a specific fiscal period or for any date range, and can display transactions, or any combination of these.

Book Listing

Menu Path:

Financial Management \rightarrow General Ledger \rightarrow Reports \rightarrow Book Listing

Use Book Listing to view the book listings for the company.

Chart of Accounts Listing

Menu Path:

Financial Management \rightarrow General Ledger \rightarrow Reports \rightarrow Chart of Accounts Listing

Use the Chart of Accounts Listing to print a master list of the COA files for the active company. All accounts are listed, in order of account category, with the normal balance displayed.

General Ledger

Menu Path:

Financial Management \rightarrow General Ledger \rightarrow Reports \rightarrow General Ledger

The General Ledger Report lists detailed or summarized information for any range of accounts and periods by the book.

Journal Listing

Menu Path:

Financial Management →General Ledger →Reports →Journal Listing

User Journal Listing to produce a list of detailed journal entries for the periods and journals user select for a specific book.

Trial Balance

Menu Path:

Financial Management \rightarrow General Ledger \rightarrow Reports \rightarrow Trial Balance

Use the Trial Balance Report to print balances from user trial balance account, as defined by user setup in Chart of Accounts Structure Maintenance. User can specify which segments and which balance level (detail or summary) to include in user report. User can also print period or daily balances.



The following type of information is available from the report, depending upon user selections:

- Year opening balance
- Period opening balance
- Period movement debit amount
- Period movement credit amount
- Period closing balance
- Average daily balance (for daily balance report)

GL Trackers

Journal Tracker

Menu Path:

Financial Management \rightarrow General Ledger \rightarrow General Operations \rightarrow Journal Tracker

Chart Tracker

Menu Path:

Financial Management \rightarrow General Ledger \rightarrow General Operations \rightarrow Chart Tracker

Journal Detail Tracker

Menu Path:

Financial Management \rightarrow General Ledger \rightarrow General Operations \rightarrow Journal Detail Tracker

The three trackers available in the General Ledger module all display information based on activity specific to a book and fiscal year. Once user select a book and a fiscal year (or fiscal period in some cases) to track, the Journal Tracker displays information for the specific journal code user select, the Chart Tracker displays information on specific accounts chosen, and the Journal Detail Tracker displays current information about a specific journal record.



Approval Management

This module is very important for the case of an entity which requires user management in Approval rather than automatic approval of transactions. The module can interact with several transactions in the system such that, a transaction can be processed further before user approval. For example an AP invoice can't be posted after issue unless first submitted for approval and get approved.

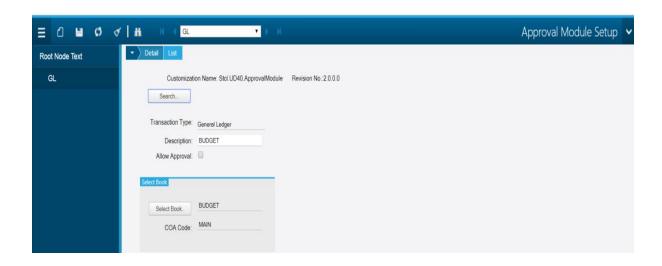
Application Setup

Navigation Path: Financial management → Approval Management → Setup → Approver Module

Transaction Type



- Add new Transaction Type
- Provide the description
- In case required book details then select book from "Select Book"
- Save and Exit



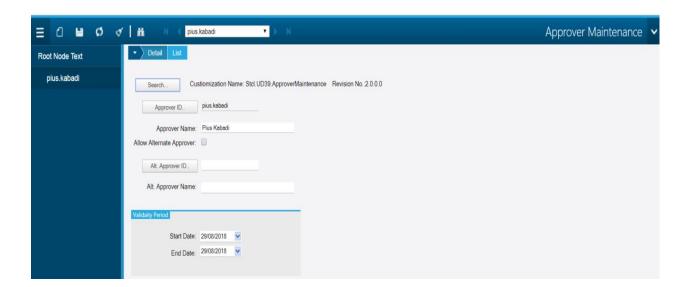


Note:- In the case of budget entry approval or budget related transactions approval book is mandatory.

Approver Maintenance

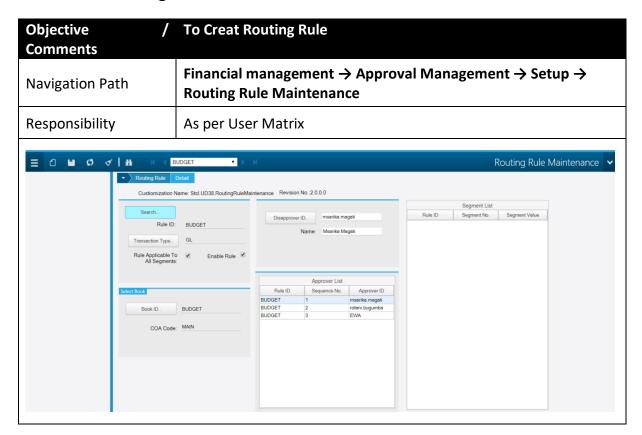
Navigation Path: Financial management → Approval Management → Setup → Approver Maintenance

- Add new
- Search and select the approvaer on the Approver ID
- In case alternate approver required then search Ält. Approver ID" after selecting the approver. Then enter the start and End Dates of this alternative.
- Save and Exit.



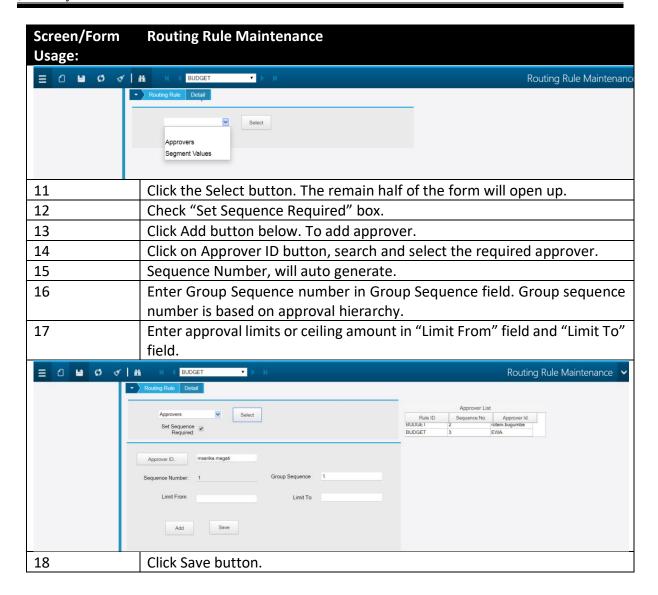


Routing Rule Maintenance



Screen/Form	Routing Rule Maintenance
Usage:	
1	From Menu Icon→File → Click New. Routing Rule tab is activated.
2	Enter "Rule ID" in the Rule ID field
3	Click Transaction Type button, Search and Select required transaction type.
4	Check the checkbox for "Rule Applicable to all segments" in case all segments of transactions will get approved by approver.
5	Check "Enable Rule" box.
6	Click Book ID button, Search and Select required Book ID.
7	Click Disapprover ID button, Search and Select required disapprover.
8	Click Save.
9	Go to Detail Tab.
10	Click the drop down arrow from from the Select field, and select "Approvers" option.







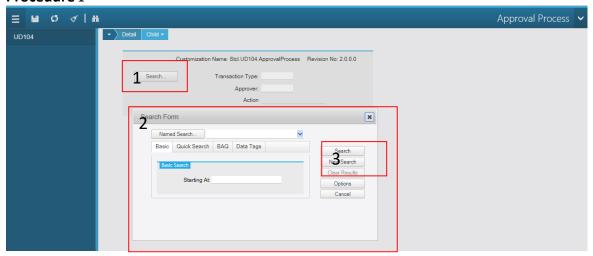
General Operations

Approval Process

This program is used to approve transactions for further processing

Objective / Comments	Approval of Transactions
Navigation Path	Financial management → Approval Management → General Operations → Approval Process
Responsibility	As per User Matrix

Procedure 1



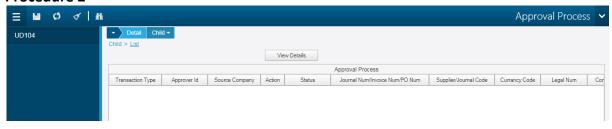
Click Search to initiate Search Form

The search form will appear for transaction listing

Click Search again on the Search Form to list the transactions eligible to approve by the current user

Select the transaction(s) then click OK to load them to the Approval Program

Procedure 2



- 1. Select Approved on Detail Sheet
- 2. Navigate to Child then click List to see all the transaction selected
- 3. Check (tick) the box(es) on Action column to make imply the transactions are approved



4. Click Save icon from the menu bar to save the changes

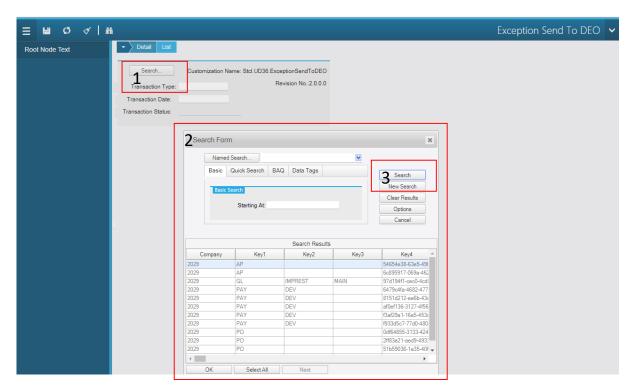


Exception Send to DEO

This program is used to un-approve transactions. The approved transactions are moved back to the initiator of the data entry for modification or removal of the transaction.

Objective / Comments	Approval of Transactions
Navigation Path	Financial management → Approval Management → General Operations → Exception Send to DEO
Responsibility	As per User Matrix

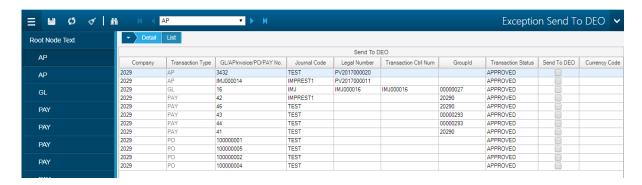
Procedure 1



- 1. Click Search to initiate Search Form
- 2. The search form will appear for transaction listing
- 3. Click Search again on the Search Form to list the transactions eligible to disapprove by the current user
- 4. Select the transaction(s) then click OK to load them to the Approval Program

Procedure 2





- 1. Navigate to Child then click List to see all the transaction selected
- 2. Check (tick) the box(es) on Send to DEO column to emply the transactions are disapproved
- 3. Click Save icon from the menu bar to save the changes



Accounts Receivable

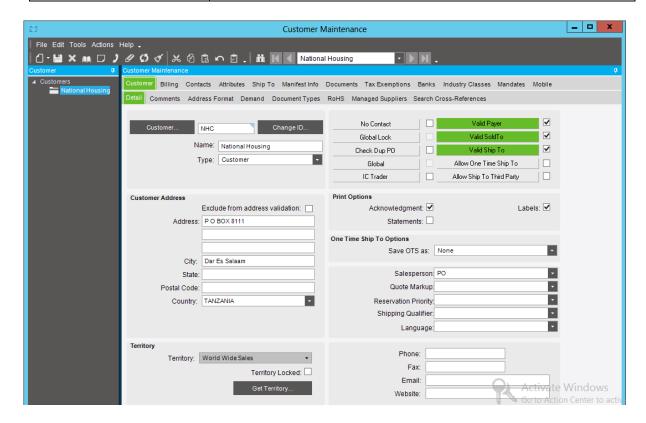
Accounts Receivable (AR) module's concepts and reporting tools include maintenance program setup, various AR processes, and how to recognize the impact these processes have on the general ledger (GL). The discussion follows the process and transaction flow for the AR cycle, from Invoicing to receipting with appropriate adjustments.

Application Setup

Customer

Use the **Customer** → **Detail** sheet to enter the primary information about the customer, including a customer identifier and the customer's main address. There are other options user define here as well, such as the customer's language and the customer's main salesperson.

Objective / Comments	Creating Customer
Navigation Path	Financial management →Account Receivable→ Setup → Customer
Responsibility	As per User Matrix





Screen/Form Usage:	Customer Maintenance
1	Click on the new icon, select New Customer in order to create a new Customer.
2	Type the Customer ID in the Customer field.
3	Type the name of the Customer in the Name field. The Approved check box is selected by default when entering a new customer.
4	In Type , Zoom and Select Customer type.
5	Enter the Customer's Address.
6	In Country field, Zoom and Select a country.
7	In the Territory field, click get territory.
8	Put a check mark on the Statement field for this customer so that user can view customer's statement report anytime.
9	Go to Billing tab and update extra information regarding to this customer such as TIN number in the TAX ID field.
10	Go to Billing→ Credit→Credit Detail sheet and un tick the Credit Hold
11	Click on the new icon and select New GL Control , insert the type and control.
12	Type in the rest of appropriate information.
13	Click Save and Exit Customer form.

Terms

Use Terms Maintenance to establish conditions that define how customers pay their invoices (for example, discounts, number of payments, and payment frequency). Terms define the due dates, payment frequency, applicable discounts, and number of payment installments. Each accounts receivable (AR) code defines a time period and a discount percentage period schedule.

Main Path: Accounts Receivable →Setup→Terms

To begin setting up the selling terms, select one of the following term code types:

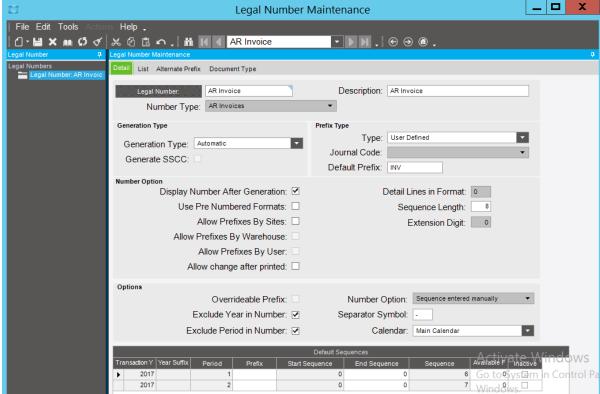
- 1. Days
- 2. Day of Month
- 3. End of X Month(s) On Y Day(s)



Legal Number

Use Legal Number Maintenance to define how legal numbers are set up for documents, such as invoices, packing slips, and master packs.

	Legal Number
1.	Click on the drop down and select New Legal Number
2.	On the Legal Number ID type the ID and Description of the same, example AR Invoice and AR Invoice.
3.	Select the Number Type corresponding to the transactions example AR Invoices.
4.	On the Prefix Type select User Defined and on Default Prefix put the initial alphabets for the legal number example INV
5.	Leave the Generation Type to remain as Automatic.
6.	Click the check box for Display Number After Generation.
7.	Define the length of the legal number, example 8 characters.
8.	If the organization wishes to exclude Fiscal Periods and Fiscal Year in the Legal number, then put the checkbox in the 2 boxes.
9.	Navigate to document type and select the document type for particular legal number and assign. NB: System Administrator needs to create Documents Type for all legal numbers.



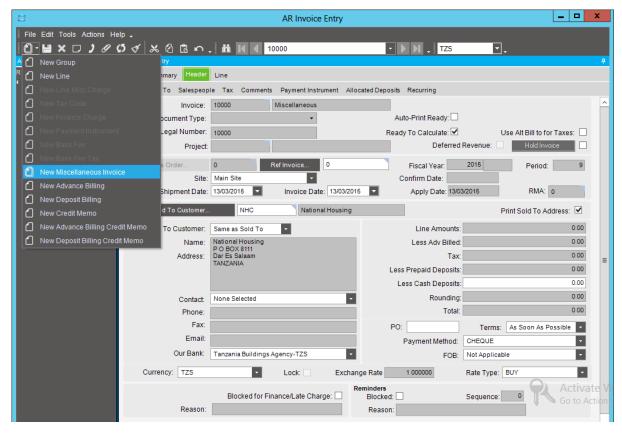


General Operations

AR Invoice Entry

The AR Invoice Entry will be used to bill customers where applicable.

Objective/Comment	Processing AR Invoices
Requirement	The user must have access to Invoice entry form in Accounts Receivable.
Navigation Path	Financial Management → Accounts Receivable→ General Operations → Invoice Entry
Responsibility with	As per Matrix (i.e. MoFP – GF Functional Security matrix)



Screen/Form Usage:	AR Invoice Entry
1.	Click on the New icon and Select New Group. The group ID will automatic
	generate.
2.	Change the apply date and Invoice date if necessary.



Screen/Form Usage:	AR Invoice Entry	
3.	Click Save.	
4.	Go to New icon and Select new miscellaneous invoice.	
5.	Zoom and Select Customer on Sold To Customer field.	
6.	Change the Currency in the Currency field if the invoice is for other currency than TZS.	
7.	Enter full details the narrations in the Comment field to appear in the report	
8.	SAVE	
9.	Click on New icon and select New Line.	
10.	Enter in brief the description of the Invoice in the Description field.	
11.	Type the quantity and unit price in the quantity and unit price fields respectively. Save.	
12.	Click the Get Default button then, right click in the Account field to search for a revenue account. Save once selected	
13.	Repeat step 9 to 12 if users need to append more than one account.	
14.	Click on the Action Menu, Group, Select Edit List.	
15.	Print Preview to review the transactions and close the preview window.	
16.	Click on the Action Menu, Group, Print Invoices, print preview to preview the Invoice, print invoice.	
17.	17. Click on the Action Menu and Select Post.	
18.	Posting window appears. Click Submit, close the form.	
	AR Invoice Post Process	
	Submit Cass Pelp Actions Help A	
	Group: 00000001	
	Ready //	

Cancellation of Invoice



AR Invoice Entry provides the ability to directly cancel a posted invoice. This results in creation of credit memo directly against the invoice selected for cancellation. This process copies all previous invoice lines and detail information into the credit memo.

1. Automatic Creation of Credit Memo.

Note: For this form to be active, System Admin should ensure the Bank Account is attached in the Company Configuration form under **Modules-Sales-Order** tab in the **Default Bank** field.

Menu Path:
Financial Management→ Accounts Receivable→ General Operations→ Invoice Entry

Steps	AR Invoice Entry Form
1.	From the New menu, select New Group . System will automatic generate the Group ID.
2.	Change the Apply Dates & Invoice dates as per the Invoice issued.
3.	Click Save.
4.	From the Actions menu, select Create Cancellation Invoice . The Create Cancellation Invoice window displays
5.	In the Legal Number field, search and select the legal number of the issued invoice.
6.	Click on the drop down arrow for Document Type and select Credit Memos.
7	Another window will open asking 'Are you Sure'. Click Yes
8.	Review the Cancellation Invoice created and Note the amount being Negative.
9.	Enter the details relating to the cancellation on the Credit Memo.
10.	From the Actions menu, select Group → Post . The AR Invoice Post Process window displays.
11.	The AR Invoice Post Process window displays. Close the AR Invoice Post Process window



2. Manual Creation of Credit Memo

Screen/Form	AR Invoice Entry	
Usage:		
1.	Click on the New icon and Select New Group. The group ID will automatic	
	generate.	
2.	Change the Apply Dates & Invoice dates as per the Invoice issued.	
3.	Click Save.	
4.	Go to New icon and Select New Credit Memo .	
5.	Zoom and Select Customer on Sold To Customer field.	
6.	Use the Ref Invoice and search and select the Invoice issued. SAVE	
7.	Click on New icon and select New Line.	
8.	Enter in brief the description of the Invoice in the Description field.	
9.	Type the quantity and unit price in the quantity and unit price fields	
	respectively as per the Invoice issued. Save.	
10.	Repeat the step above if the invoice had more than one line.	
11.	Click the Get Default button then, right click in the Account field to search	
	for a revenue account. Save.	
12.	Click on the Action Menu, Group, Select Edit List.	
13.	Print Preview to review the transactions to verify if the transactions have reversed.	
14.	Click on the Action Menu, Group, Print Invoices, print preview to preview	
	the Invoice, print invoice.	
15.	Click on the Action Menu and Select Post.	
16.	Posting window appears. Click Submit, close the form.	
	AR Invoice Post Process	
	File Edit Tools Actions Help -	
	Submit C C C C	
	A P Exit cess	
	Group: 00000001	
	Ready	



Cash receipt entry

Note: Integrated Revenue Management System will be used to capture both Invoiced and Miscellaneous Invoices.

Cash Receipt records payments made by customers or received from sources other than Customers. This can be Cash Receipt originating from AR Invoice or miscellaneous payment.

Objective/Comment	To record Disbursement Revenues			
Requirement	User must have access to Cash Receipt Entry in the Accounts			
	Receivable or in the Cash Management.			
Navigation Path	Financial Management → Accounts Receivable→ General			
	Operations → Cash Receipt Entry			
Responsibility with	As per User Matrix			
	Click on the New icon and Select New Group			
	On the Group field, type the ID for the group. An ID for the group			
	may be the disbursement receipt date.			
	Select bank account on the Bank Account filed. A correspondent			
	Payment Method will display. If not, click the drop down and select			
	the method to be used.			
	The Transaction Apply Date defines the date that is placed on the			
	cash receipts within the group. The current date is displayed by			
	default. If user need, Select a different date.			
	Click Save.			
El	Cash Receipts Entry			
File Edit Tools Actions Help . ☐ • 남 × ℓ ひ ♂ 肽 ♂ ฿ ∽ . 前 M M				
	Group 17082015 AR Receipts: 0 000 Bank Account: ADMINISTRATION & OPERATIONS Allocated: 0 000			
	Bank Account: ADMINISTRATION & OPERATIONS Allocated: 0.00 Payment Method: CHEQUE On Account: 0.00			
	Bank Currency: TZS			
	Transaction Apply Date: 0408/2016 Withholding: 0000			
	Fiscal Year: 2017 Deposits: 0.00 Miscellaneous: 0.00			
	Fiscal Period: 2			
	Batch Reference: Total Cash Receipts.			
Sele	ect Group Payments			
	Payments			
Cust: IE				
For AR Invoice Receipt	For AR Invoice Receipt			
	Go to standard tool bar Click on the New icon and the Select New			
	Invoice payment.			
	mvoice payment:			



Objective/Comment	To record Disbursement Revenues	
	i. Check : Enter the Deposit number as per the receipt	
	ii. Receipt Amount: Amount received.	
	iii. Reference: Short description of the receipt	
	Customer ID: Search and select the Customer with whom the	
	payment is received from	
	Click Save.	
	Go to Invoice Selection tab and retrieve the invoices to be applied	
	to. Apply the transaction by checking the selected box.	
	Click on Actions and Post the transaction to GL	
	Use IFMIS tool to print the report.	
For Non AR Cash Receipts (Miscellaneous Cash Receipts)		
	After step no 5. Click on New icon and select Misc Payment	
	On the Misc header, fill all the necessary basic fields:	
	i. Check : Enter the Deposit number as per the receipt	
	ii. Amount : Amount received.	
	Reference: Short description of the receipt	
	Click SAVE	
	On the Account field right click, Open With and select General	
	Ledger Search to search and select the GL Account	
	Once the Revenue account has been selected, Click on the Actions	
	and select Post to post the transaction to General Ledger.	

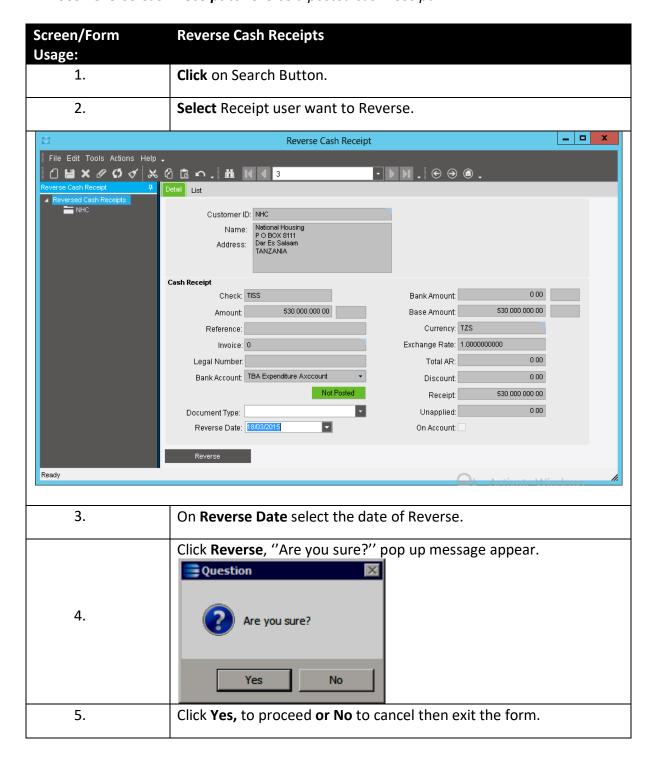


Reverse Cash Receipt

Navigation Path: Accounts Receivable → General Operations → Reverse Cash Receipt

Note:

- i. Reverse Cash Receipt reverse receipt originating from AR Invoice only.
- ii. Use Reverse Cash Receipt to reverse a posted cash receipt





AR Native Reports and Trackers

This section focuses on the reports and trackers important to the AR process. Trackers are available in most modules and are located in the General Operations folder of a respective module. Many trackers display in multiple modules.

Aged Receivable Report

The **Aged Receivables Report** displays open Accounts Receivable (AR) invoices and sorts them into default aging columns which are defined in Aging Report Format Maintenance. The total on this report should reconcile with the ending balance of the AR GL account.

AR Invoice Balance Report

Use the **AR Invoice Balance Report** to display customer invoice balance information in a report format.

User can filter using various criteria including Customer, Customer Group, GL Control, and GL Accounts.

Customer Tracker

Use the Customer Tracker to view information about a customer. Various sheets contain information pertinent to that sheet. Each sheet contains links to additional trackers. For instance, the Invoice sheet can take user to the Invoice Tracker. The Invoice sheet also provides the ability to see an online aging report for a selected customer.

Cash Receipts Tracker

The Cash Receipts Tracker displays information about cash receipt records in a Dashboard format.

Invoice Tracker

Use the AR Invoice Tracker to drill into selected invoices and get information for an invoice. This includes information such as the posted status, shipping information, payment activity, schedules, GL transactions, header and line item information, as well as any memos linked to the selected invoice. You can also track recurring AR invoices.

Customer Statement

Use Customer Statements Report to send out statement forms to customers to recap Accounts Receivable activity. Customers can then review their transactions. Customer statements can be printed at any time using any date range.

AR Reconciliation



Use the AR Reconciliation Report to print a single report to assist in reconciling Accounts Receivable (AR) balances with the General Ledger (GL). The AR Reconciliation Report shows any differences between amounts and transactions that post to the GL and the AR sub-ledger.



Accounts Payable

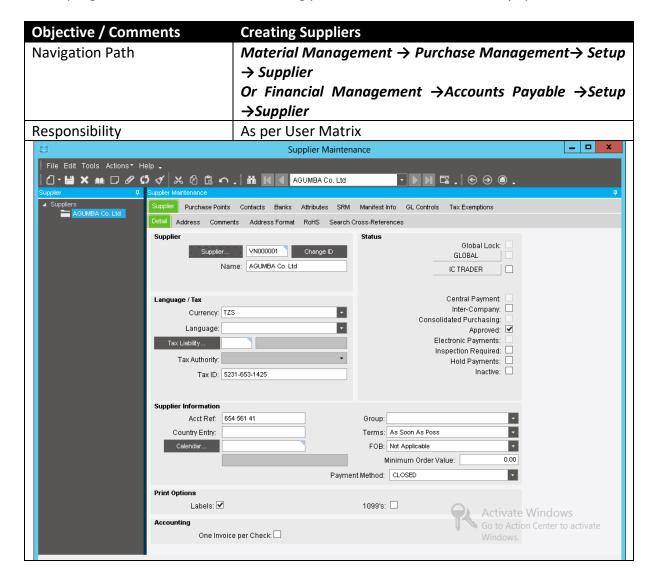
Use the **Accounts Payable** (AP) module to enter supplier invoices for purchases that user make and then create checks for the invoices to pay.

The application can generate payments for all invoices due, those for a particular supplier, or only for specific invoices. If a supplier calls to discuss an invoice, user can have a complete information at user's fingertips and that history can be kept indefinitely.

Application Setup

Supplier/Vendor

Use Supplier Maintenance program to create suppliers records. Supplier's records are used in several programs and are crucial for creating purchase orders and accounts payable invoices.





Screen/Form	Supplier Maintenance
Usage:	
1.	Click on the new icon and Select New Supplier in order to create a new
	supplier.
2.	Type the supplier ID on the supplier field.
3.	Type the name on the supplier in the Name field. The Approved check
	box is selected by default when entering a new supplier.
4.	Enter Tax Identification Number (TIN) in the Tax ID field and VAT
	Registration Number (VRN) on the Acct Ref .
5.	The following fields are option while creating a new supplier record in
	the Detail tab.
	Group : If the organization differentiate internal and external supplier
	Terms: Payment terms to be used while Invoicing
	Ship Via: Method of delivering the services/goods
	FOB: This can be left Not Applicable
	Payment Method: Method used for payment.
6.	Go to Addres tab and enter the Address of the supplier to include P.O.
	Box, Phone Number, City etc
7.	On New icon select New GL Control
8.	Search and select the Type in the Type field and select AP Account
9.	In the Control button click and search already predefined GL controls
	based on the supplier.
10.	Click Save and Exit Supplier form.



General Operations

AP Invoices Entry (Payment Voucher)

Accounts Payable (AP) invoices are used to record and track payments made against linked shipping receipts, purchase orders and other miscellaneous AP financial transactions.

Use AP Invoice Entry to record payments to suppliers. There are three types of AP Invoices;

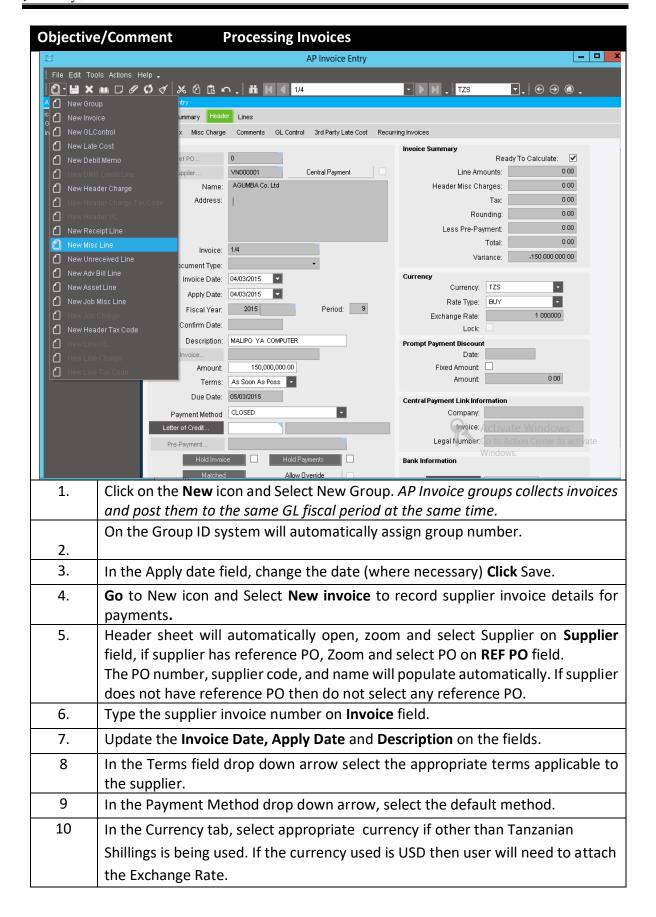
- i. Miscellaneous AP Invoice
- ii. AP Invoice Originating from LPO
- iii. AP Invoice Originating from Imprest Module

All AP invoices are created and posted through AP invoice groups. User can use this program to create both regular invoices and debit memos. Within regular invoices, each line must be assigned a specific type; the available types are Receipt Line and Miscellaneous Expense Line.

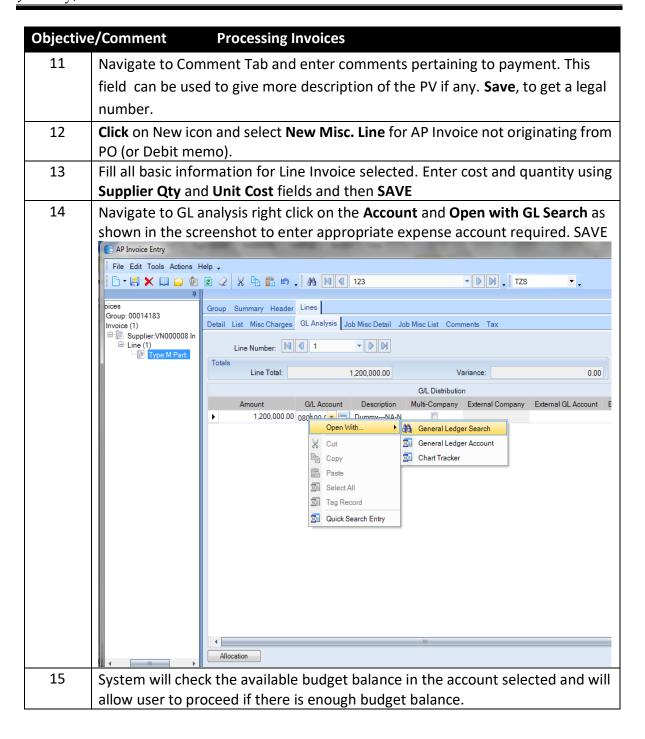
AP Invoices Entry

Objective/Comment	Processing Invoices
Requirement	User must have access to Invoice entry form in Accounts Payable.
Navigation Path	Financial Management → Accounts Payable→ General Operations → Invoice Entry
Responsibility with	As per Matrix (i.e. MoFP – GF Functional Security matrix)

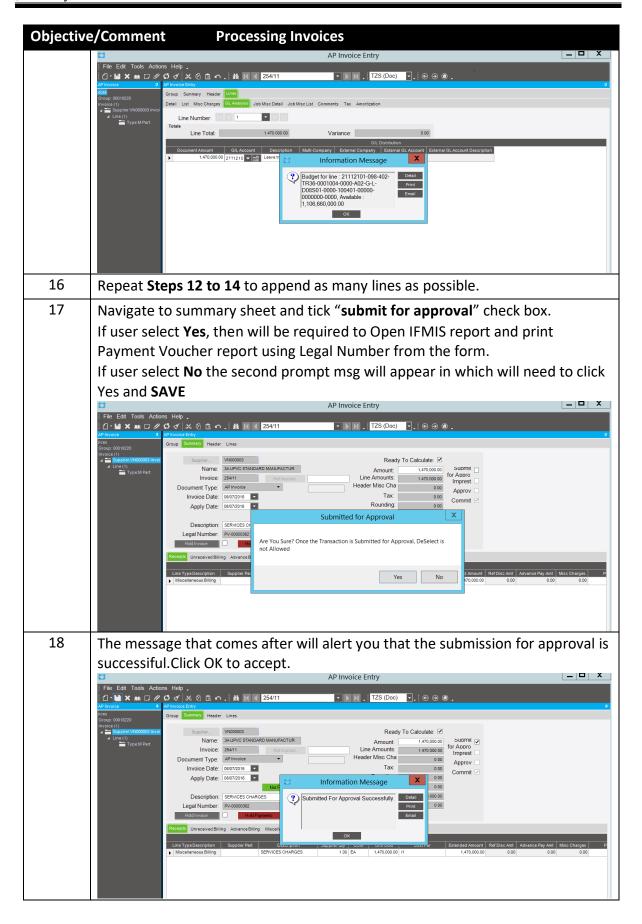














Approval of AP Invoice Entry

Objective/Comment	Approve AP Invoices
Requirement	User must have access to Approval Process form.
Navigation Path	Financial managemnt →Approval Management →General
	Operation →Approval process
Responsibility with	As per MoFP – GF Functional Security matrix
	Approver should check correctness of Information both in supporting documents and payment voucher in the system
	Approver will tick the box to select transaction, on Action then click "approve" if satisfied, alternatively click "Send to DEO" to return the PV to operator 1 for correction and re-submission for approval.

Posting of AP Invoice Entry

Screen/Form Usage:	Posting of AP Invoice
1	AP Invoice transaction can be posted by authorised staff who is given access right to post.
2	User would need to search and select the group which contains the AP invoice to be posted. From Actions menu click Group → Post
Dialog box "AF	Invoice post process" will display. Click on File submit to post the Invoice.

NOTE: Only Transactions which have been approved will be able to be posted.

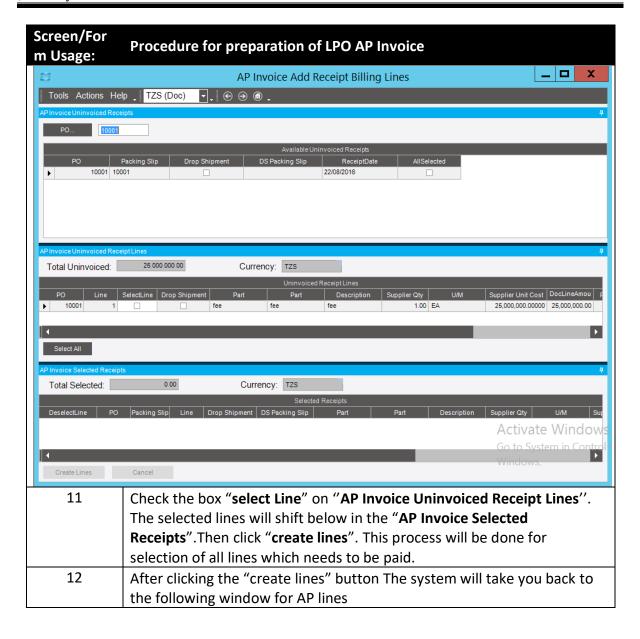
Procedure for preparation of LPO AP Invoice

Screen/For m Usage:	Procedure for preparation of LPO AP Invoice
Navigation P	ath: Financial Management $ ightarrow$ Accounts Payable $ ightarrow$ General Operations
→AP Invoice Entry	
1	From the New menu icon, select New Group, system will automatically
	assign group number.
2	In the Apply date field, change the date (where necessary), SAVE
3	Click on New Invoice and In the Ref PO field, zoom and select PO
	number. After selecting PO number the following information will

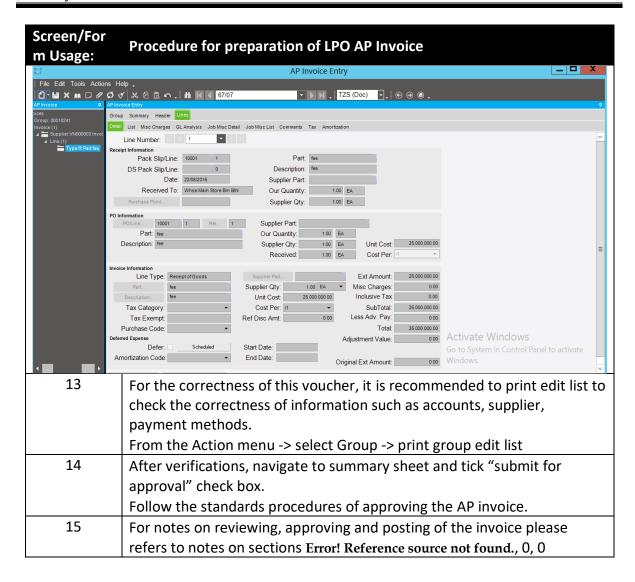


Screen/For m Usage:	Procedure for preparation of LPO AP Invoice
3	automaticaly load; Supplier ID, name, address, payment method,
	currency.
4	In the Invoice field enter the invoice number.
5	In the Invoice Date and Apply Date fields enter the dates.
6	In the Description field enter invoice information
U	AP Invoice Entry
	10 . ' ※ ② ⑤ へ .
Group: 00018241	Summary Header Lines
Invoice (1) Supplier:VN000004 Invoi	Tax Misc Charge Comments GL Control 3rd Party Late Cost Recurring Invoices ce Invoice Summary
	Ready To Calculate: Supplier Name: PO. BOX Address: NitoApplicable TANZANIA
C	ocument Type: Invoice Date: 2208/2016
	Description: Consultancy charges Ref Invoice. Amount: 27,500,000(0) Terms: As Soon As Poss Due Date: Fixed Amount:
8	Navigate to Comment Tab and enter comments all description pertaining to payment. NB : This is a mandatory field to be recorded.
9	Save, to get a legal number
10	Go to New icon and select New Receipt Line , the following PO line will load where you will select line (s) to be paid.







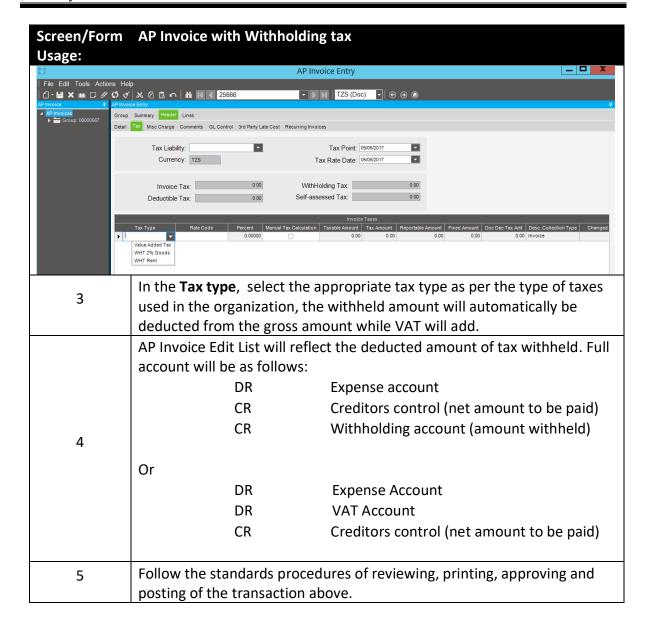


Procedure for preparation of Payment Voucher Relating to tax or any deductions.

Procedures are the same as for AP Invoice above, with the following additional procedures to be followed after procedure number 15 of miscellaneous AP Invoice above.

Screen/Form Usage:	AP Invoice with Withholding tax
1	Follow the standard procedures of preparing an AP Invoice as illustrated on section 0
2	Before submitting the transaction for approval, click New icon and Select " New Header Tax Code ". Invoice taxes window will be active



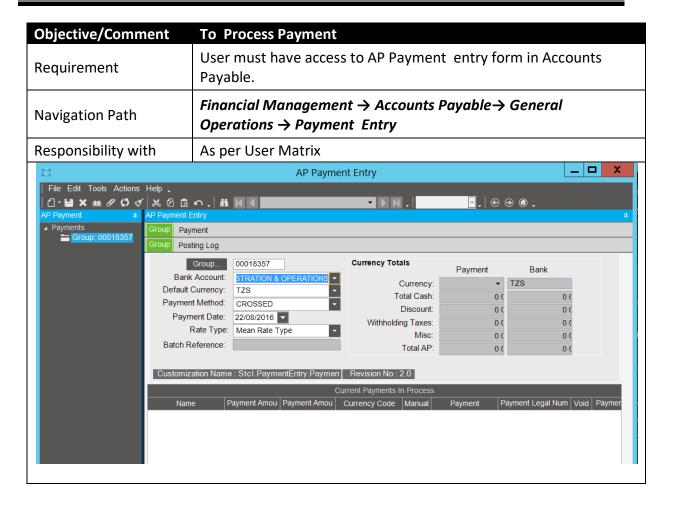


Payment Process

Use AP Payment Entry to pay AP invoices through **cheque** or **electronic payments**. After user enter the payments and process the cheques, user then record these transactions in General Ledger.

Respective Accounting staff, such as **Cashier**, shall generate payments for only authorised and posted vouchers. The system will automatically assign a disbursement number (DISB) for each generated payment. But before generating payment, the system will validate the total payment amount against the cash book balance.

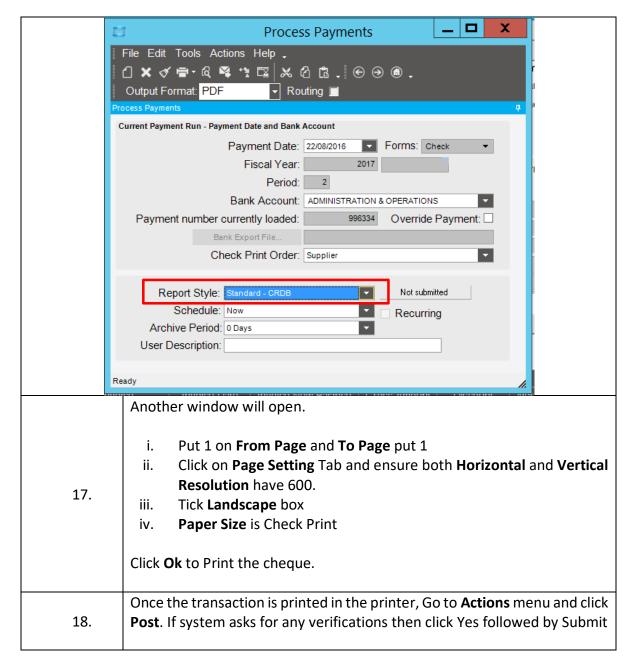






Course /	Daywood Falms
Screen/	Payment Entry
Form Usage	
1.	Click on the new icon and select New Group, group ID will automatically
	be generated.
2.	On the Bank Account field, Zoom and Select Bank Account.
3.	Enter the Payment Method used in the drop down arrow
4.	Update the Payment Date accordingly.
5.	Click on the new icon and Select New Payment . An AP Payment Entry form will open.
6.	On the Supplier field, search and Select the Supplier to be paid.
NOTE: If the Pa	yment Method used in the Group tab was Manual Cheque, system will allow
users to enter i	manually the check number in the Check field.
	used was for check printing, the Check Number field will be faint and
uneditable.	, <u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>
7.	SAVE. System will generate the Legal Number
8.	Click on the new icon and select New Invoice Payment.
_	Go to Invoice Detail tab and click on the Invoice to search and select the
9.	Invoice to be paid.
10.	Save.
	mount being paid is as per the invoice then user after saving can proceed
with next step.	
•	o pay partial the amount of the invoice then Enter manually the amount in
=	e field followed by SAVE.
11.	Click on the Actions Button and Select Print Group Edit List.
	Preview the Payment Edit List to verify the bookkeeping entries, close Edit
12.	List.
	Go back to Header tab and tick the Submit For Approval checkbox. System
	will ask 'Are you Sure' click Yes to proceed and SAVE .
13.	will ask Are you sure click res to proceed and SAVE.
13.	System will automatic approve the system and the Approved box will have
	a tick in its checkbox.
14.	Click on the Actions button and Select Process Payment (for Cheque
	Printing) transactions.
15.	Verify the following Information displayed:
	i. Payment Date
	ii. Bank Account
	iii. Cheque number (user can override payment number by ticking on
	Override Payment Checkbox if the number is different from the
	check)
	iv. Report Style is as per the Bank Account used
16.	Press on Print Icon , and select Print from Client to print a Cheque.





Void Payment

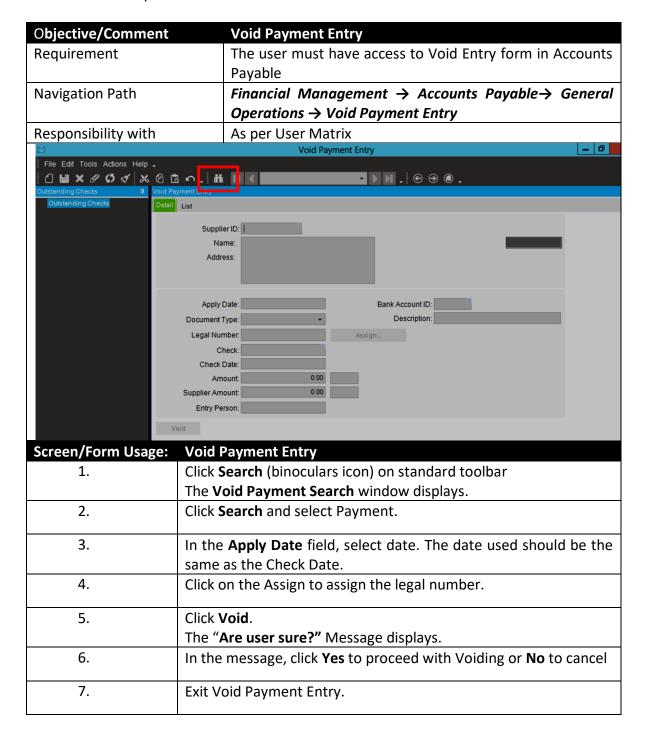
Void Payment Entry allows cancellation of unreconciled payments.

NOTE:

- i. The GL, updates immediately after user click the **Void** button.
- ii. No group is used to void payments;
- iii. A voided transaction affects the original GL account numbers for the payment; however, the amount is reversed. If the original payment was for an invoice, AP is credited and the invoice begins aging again as of the original invoice date.



iv. Carefully consider the void date because this date drives the period to which the transaction posts.

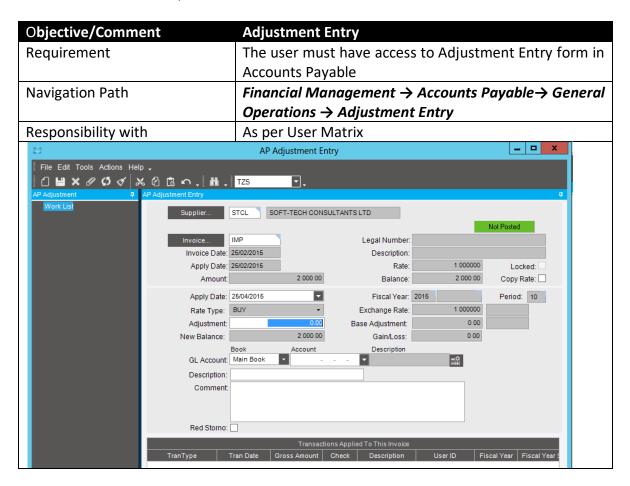


Adjustment Entry



In some exceptional scenario, there may be issues with an incorrect amount which originated from the posted invoice. In this case, the next invoice needs to be adjusted to correct the amount.

Use AP Adjustment to change the amounts of any open invoice. User can increase or decrease the invoice balance. The adjustment procedure is typically used to write-off the balance of an invoice that will never be paid.



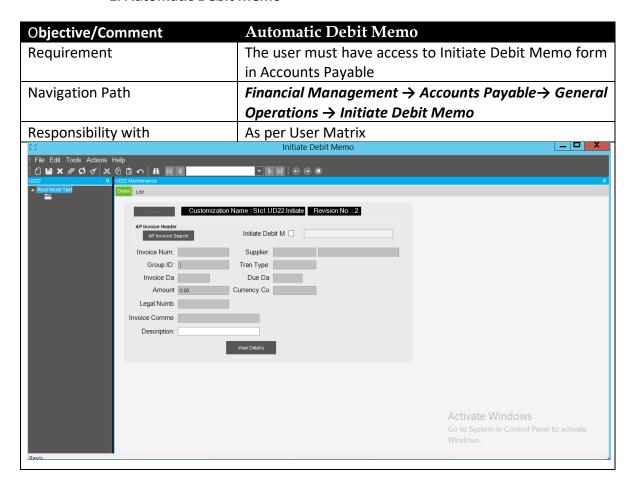
Screen/Form Usage:	Adjustment Entry
1.	In Supplier field, search and select Name of the supplier.
2.	In the invoice field, Search and select for the posted Invoice.
3.	In the Apply Date , put the correct date of the adjustment.
4.	In the Adjustment field, enter the amount to be adjusted.
5.	In the GL Account field, enter the appropriate affected GL account. This should be the same as the one used in the invoice.



Screen/Form Usage:	Adjustment Entry
6.	Write a short description in the description field and enter comments in the comment field if required.
	'
7.	Then, Click Save. Saving the record automatically feeds the information
	both the Payables account and GL account selected in the record.
8.	If the message informing user that the transaction is posted to the GL
	displays, Click OK .
9.	Exit AP Adjustment Entry.

Debit Memo

1. Automatic Debit Memo



Screen/Form Usage:	Automatic Debit Memo
1.	Click on New Icon to activate the form

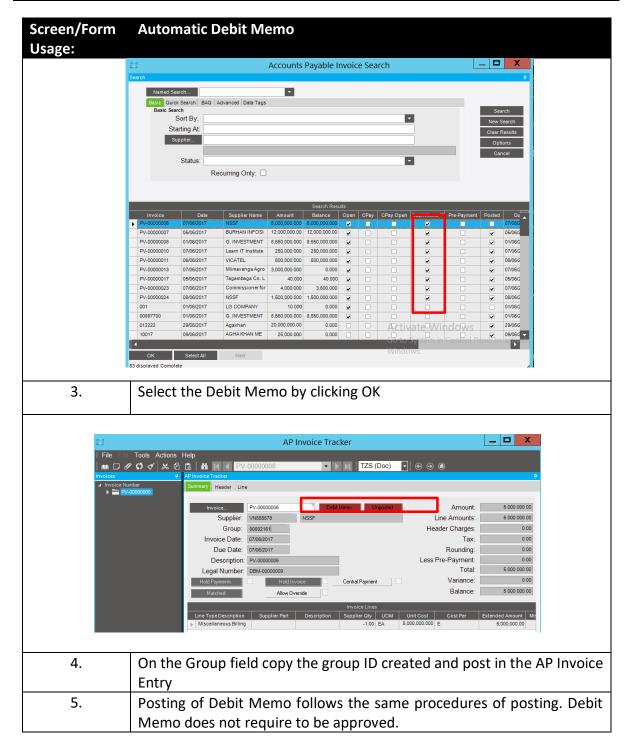


Screen/Form Usage:	Automatic Debit Memo
2.	Click on the AP Invoice Search to search an open AP Invoice
3.	Enter the Description
4.	Click on the Initiate Debit Memo box
5.	A pop up message will appear, Click Yes to proceed.
	Are You Sure? Once the AP Invoice is Initiate for Debit Memo, DeSelect is not Allowed Yes No
6.	Save and on Initiate Debit Memo field will change status to "Submitted for Debit Memo".
7.	Wait for another 3 minutes and system will automatic generate a group in the AP Invoice form created by a user 'Manager'.
8.	Close the form.

How to Trace a Group Created for Automatic Debit Memo

Screen/Form Usage:	Automatic Debit Memo
1.	Open Invoice Tracker in General Operation for Accounts Payable
2.	Go to Summary Tab and Search and Select the Invoice which on the column of Debit Memo has a check box





2. Manual Debit Memo

Objective/Comment	Manual Debit Memo
Requirement	The user must have access to AP Invoice form in
	Accounts Payable
Navigation Path	Financial Management → Accounts Payable→ General
	Operations → Invoice Entry



Objective/Com	nment Manual Debit Memo
Responsibility v	with As per User Matrix
Screen/Form	Manual Debit Memo
Usage:	
1.	Open Invoice Entry form and Click New to activate the form.
2.	The Group ID will be automatic generated.
3.	Enter the Invoice Date and Apply Date accordingly. Save
4.	Click New Icon and select New Debit Memo
5.	On the Header tab search and select the Supplier .
6.	Enter the Invoice number for the Debit Memo.
7.	Update the Invoice date and Confirm Date
8.	Enter Description and Click on Ref Invoice to refer to the office
9.	SAVE
10.	Click on New Misc Line and enter the Quantity and Unit Cost as per the Invoice.
11.	SAVE
12.	Go to GL Analysis and attach the same expense account used in the invoice
13.	If the Invoice had any deduction Click on New Header Tax and attach the tax accordingly
14.	Repeat step 10 to 14 if there are any other Lines to attach. If not go to Actions menu bar and post the transaction.



Accounts Payable Native Reports and Trackers

This section reviews native reports and trackers that relate to the Accounts Payable process.

Aged Payables Report

The **Aged Payables Report** displays open Accounts Payable (AP) invoices and sorts them into default aging columns which are defined in Aging Report Format Maintenance. The total on this report should reconcile with the ending balance of the Accounts Payable GL account.

In addition, the Aged Payables Report can be aged using the invoice date or the invoice due date for select customers, select GL controls, and select currencies.

AP Invoice Balance Report

Use the AP Invoice Balance Report to display supplier invoice balance information in a report format.

User can filter using various criteria including Supplier, Supplier Group, GL Control, and GL Accounts.

GL Distribution Report

The **GL Distribution Report** prints GL transactions created in the Epicor application and is used as an audit of GL transactions created in any module. The report can be filtered for a specific fiscal period or date range. The GL Distribution Report can display transactions for cash receipts, purchases, cash disbursements, adjustments, bank transactions, or any combination of these transaction types.

Invoice Tracker

Use the **AP Invoice Tracker** to review information about posted invoices. This includes information such as header and line item information, payment activity, and GL distribution of values for an invoice.

The AP Invoice Tracker is loosely based on AP Invoice Entry and contains supplemental sheets not found in that program.

User cannot add or update records in a tracker.

Payment Tracker

Use the **Payment Tracker** to display information about cheque records in the dashboard format. This includes information such as the cheque number, amount, and fiscal year and period in which it was posted. User cannot add or edit records in this tracker.



Supplier Tracker

Use the **Supplier Tracker** to quickly display information about any supplier. This tracker displays information in the dashboard format and includes the invoice and payment activity to date and purchase orders (POs) for a supplier.



Imprest Management

Imprest Setup

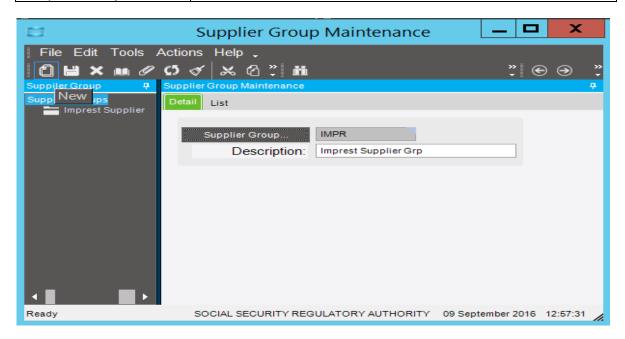
Processing of Imprest requires pre-defined setup information as explained below. Most of the setup is one time setup except for the employee who will be created whenever there's a new employee that will require to process imprest.

Staff Imprest Group

Staff Imprest groups will be created in both supplier and customer groups. Supplier Group will be attached when you create an employee as a supplier for payment purpose and when you create staff as customer for processing invoice (receivable).

Supplier Group

Objective/Comment	Supplier Group
Requirement	User must have access to Supplier Group Entry form
Navigation Path	Financial Management → Account Payable → Setup → Supplier Group
Responsibility with	Administrator





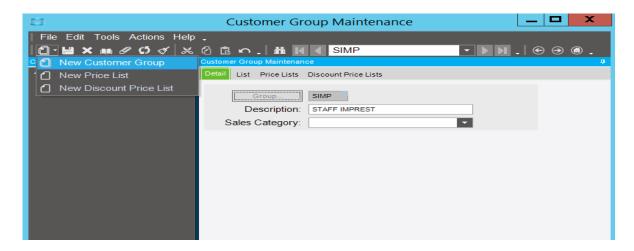
Screen/Form Usage:	1 Supplier Group
1.	Click on the New Icon
2.	Type IMPR code in the Supplier group field
3.	Type description as Staff Imprest
4.	Save
5.	Exit the form

Customer Group

Objective/Comment	Customer Group
Requirement	User must have access to Customer Group Entry form
Navigation Path	Financial Management - > Account Receivable - > Setup - > Customer Group
Responsibility with	Administrator

Screen/Ford Usage:	m Customer Group
1.	Click down from new icon and select New Customer Group
2.	Type group code as IMPR
3.	Type description as Staff Imprest
4.	Save
5.	Exit the form



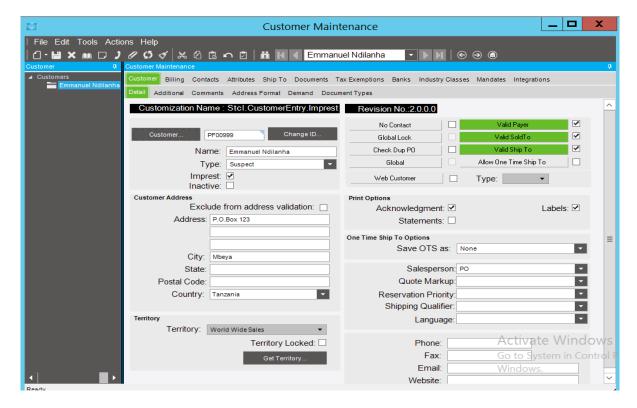


Employee Setup (Customer)

Employee for Imprest will be created as customer for the purpose of processing imprest invoices (receivables) that will be used to track outstanding imprest for retirement processes.

Objective/Comment		Customer Setup
Requirement		User must have access to Customer Entry form
Navigation P	ath	Financial Management → Imprest Management → Setup → Imprest Customer
Responsibilit	ty with	Imprest Accountant
Screen/Form Usage:	Procedures	
1.	Click down arr customer ID.	ow from new icon and select New Customer type manually
2.	Type the name	of the employee on the Name field.
2.	Click down arro	ow on Type field and select Customer
3.	Tick on the box	Imprest
4.	Navigate to Bill	ling – > Detail and select Staff Imprest on the Group field
5.	Select Paymen	t Method for employee
6.	Select Ship Via	and FOB as per the default setups
7.	Navigate to Bil box Credit	ling $ ightharpoonup$ Credit detail, then uncheck a tick on the
8.		nd select New GL Control. Search and select already defined count and Control as ARIMPCODE
9.	Save and Exit t	he form



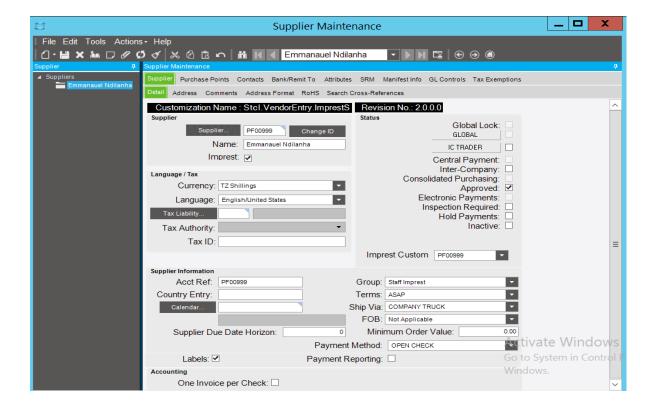


Employee Setup (Supplier)

Employee for Imprest will be created as supplier for the purpose of processing imprest payment

Objective/Comment		Supplier Setup
Requirement		User must have access to Supplier Entry form
Navigation Path		Financial Management → Imprest Management → Setup → Supplier
Responsibili	ty with	Imprest Accountant
1.	Click down	arrow from new icon and select New Supplier, enter the supplier
	ID and Nan	ne
2.	Tick on the	box Imprest
3.	Go to Grou	p field and select Staff Imprest
4.	Update the	e Terms, Ship Via, FOB and Payment Method accordingly
5.		t Customer field, click on the drop down and select the already prest Customer.
	NOTE: It is	recommended for the Imprest Supplier ID and Imprest Customer
	ID to be the	e same.
6.	Click on Ne	ew Icon and select New GL Control.
8.	Search and APIMPCOD	d select the already defined Type of AP Account and Control of DE
9.	Save and E	xit the form



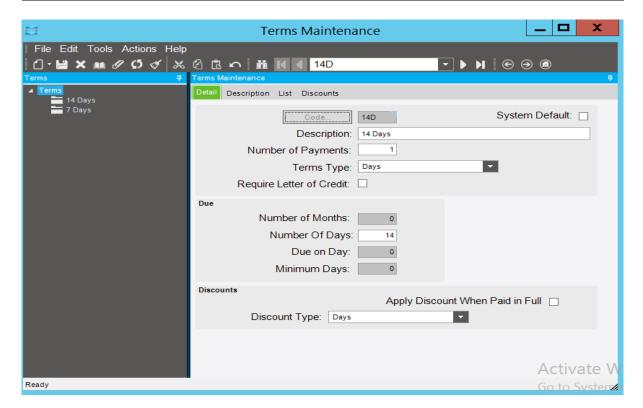




AR Terms

AR Terms will be used for the calculation of retirement due date that will be based on the Imprest type selected e.g. Safari or Special imprest. Safari Imprest will be 7 days retirement after returning back to the office and 2 days for special Imprest.

Objective/Comment Requirement		Terms Setup User must have access to Terms form
Navigation Path		Financial Management → Account Receivable → Setup → Terms
Responsibi	lity with	Imprest Accountant
1.	Click down a	arrow from the new icon from standard tool bar and select New
	Terms ID	
2.	Type 7Day or 14Days on the Code field	
3.	Type Description as 7 Days	
4.	On the Terms type select Days	
5.	On the number of days field type 7 or 14	
6.	Save and Exit the form	



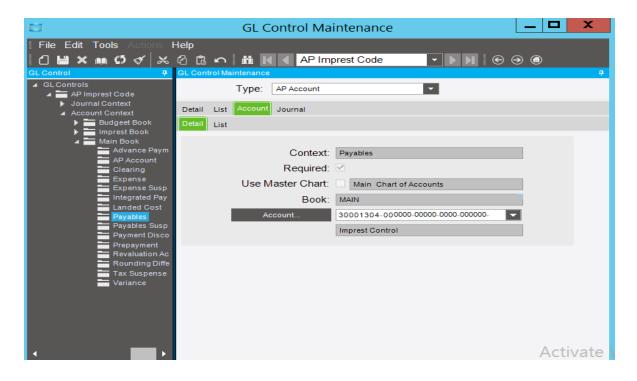


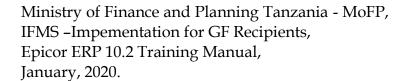
GL Control Code

Objective/Comment	GL Control Code
Requirement	User must have access to GL Control Code form
Navigation Path	Financial Management → General Ledger → Setup → GL Control Code
Responsibility with	Imprest Administrator

AP Account

1.	On the down arrow of Type Select AP Account
2.	Select AP Account
3.	On the GL Control Code type APIMPCode and Type description as AP Imprest
3.	Control Code
4.	Save
5.	On the left side of the form, Expand the + sign for GL control, AP
	Imprest Control Code, Account Context, and Main Book
6.	Select Expense and navigate to account button
7.	Click on the Account button, search and select Imprest Clearing Account
8.	From main book select Payables and navigate to account button
9.	Click on the Account button, search and select Imprest Control Account
10.	Save

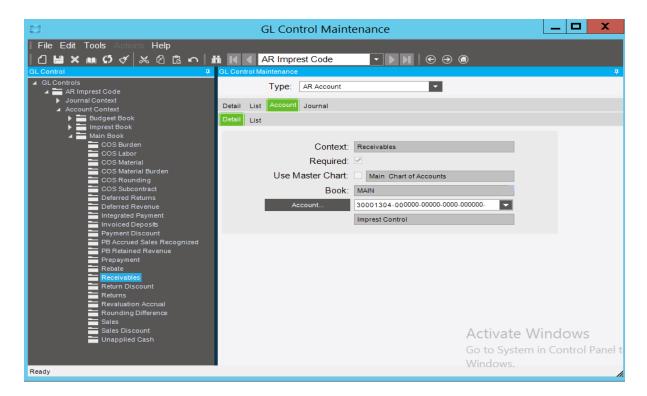






AR Account

1.	Click on the down arrow of Type and Select AR Account
2.	Click on the New icon
3.	On the GL Control Code type ARIMPCode and Type description as AR Imprest Control Code
4.	Save
٠,	Jave
5.	On the left side of the form, Expand + sign for GL control, AP Imprest Control Code, Account Context, and Main Book
6.	Select Receivables and navigate to account button
7.	Click on the Account button, search and select Imprest Control Account
8.	From main book select Sales and navigate to account button
9.	Click on the Account button, search and select Imprest Clearing Account
10.	Save and Exit the form



Imprest Type

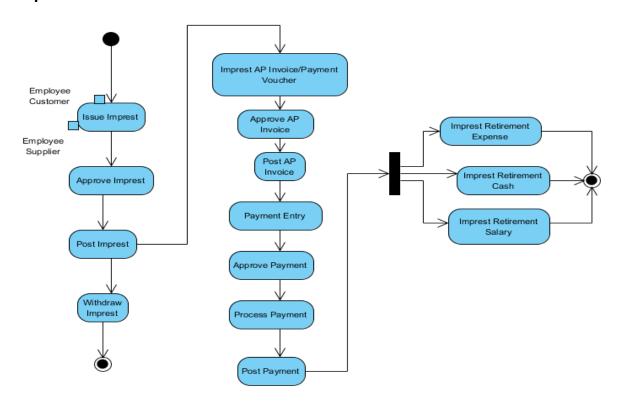
Imprest type setup will be used to define imprest types that will be attached with imprest GL control code for double entries and Terms that will be used to calculate imprest due dates. Due dates will depend with the type of imprest selected.



Objective/Com	ment Imprest Type
Requirement	User must have access to Imprest GL Control Management form
Navigation Pat	Financial Management → Imprest Management → Setup → Imprest GL Control Management
Responsibility	with Imprest Administrator
1.	Click on the new icon and select New Imprest Type
2.	In the search field enter the imprest type code and its description e.g. Safari or Special imprest.
	 Click on Drop down Arrow and select the appropriate rule. Exempt: System will allow user to get imprest even though has not retired. Pending: System will allow only 1 imprest to employee until retirement Due Date: System will allow another imprest to an employee as long as the due date of the original imprest is not over.
3.	Save
4.	Click on the new icon and select New GL Control
5.	On the description field type Description of the Imprest such as Safar Imprest
6.	Click on the GL Control type , search and select AP Account
7.	Click on the GL Control code , search and select APIMPCode
8.	Click on the down arrow of the Terms and select 14 Days
9.	Save
10.	Click on the new icon and select New GL Control
11.	On the description field type AR Account
12.	Click on the GL Control type , search and select AR Account
13.	Click on the GL Control code , search and select ARIMPCode
14.	Click on the down arrow of the Terms and select appropriate terms e.g. 7 Days retirement for Safari imprest , 2 days retirement for Special imprest
15.	Save
16.	Exit the form



Imprest Process Flow



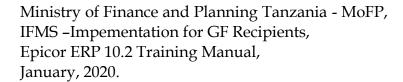


Imprest Issue

All Imprest will be issued using Imprest issue form. This form is a journal entry form that will be using a memorandum Imprest book for commitment control purposes

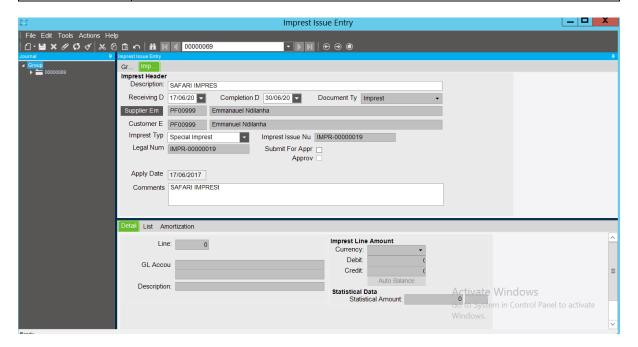
Objective/Comment	Imprest Issue
Requirement	User must have access to Imprest Issue Entry form
Navigation Path	Financial Management → Imprest Management → General Operation → Imprest Issue Entry
Responsibility with	Accountant

1.	Click the down arrow in the New button on the Standard toolbar and select New Group.
2.	Group ID will automatically be generated, you can change Apply date and Rate type if required to do so.
3.	Click the down arrow in the New button on the Standard toolbar and select New Imprest
4.	Type in Description of the Imprest to be issued
5.	Select Receiving date and Completion date accordingly. NOTE: Receiving Date: Date which the accountant receives the imprest Completion Date: Date which the employee will be returning
6.	Click on the Supplier Employee button and select employee who will be paid (supplier) and customer who will be accounted for (make retirement)
7.	On the Comments field, enter in narrations of the Imprest
8.	Click the New button on the Standard toolbar and select New Imprest Line When an employee has an outstanding imprest, above message will display as a notification but it's a warning user should continue to process/issue the imprest. Click OK to continue
9.	Select an Expense Account on the Debit field and SAVE
10.	You can append more lines as required, then Click Auto Balance button and then select GL Account (Imprest Clearing)account for double entry.
11.	Save
12.	Go to Actions from the tool bar and select Print Edit List to view the imprest information.





13.	Click Submit for Approval box to submit the transaction for approval. Once the transaction is approved, the Approved box will have a tick.
14.	Go to Actions from the tool bar and select Post to post the imprest to GL. A second window will open in which user will submit this transaction by clicking on the Submit icon.





NOTE:

- 1. Only Expense Account with sufficient Budget can be selected in the Debit field.
- 2. if other currency is used other than base currency (TZS), the amount will be converted to equivalent base currency based on the exchange rate determined, then commitment control will check against converted amount (base amount) but AP and AR invoices will be processed with the currency selected and the same currency will be used during retirement process.
- 3. You can select more than one line and each line will be considered with sufficient budget by repeating step 9
- 4. While Posting Imprest Issue using the IMPREST BOOK (memorandum Book, does not have effect on Main Book) system;
- 6. Dr. Expense Account (Commits the fund)
- 7. Cr. Imprest Clearing

AP Invoice Generation

Objective/Comment	Generate AP Invoice
Navigation Path	Financial Management -> Accounts Payable
	→ General Operation → Invoice Entry
Responsibility with	Accountant
1.	System will automatic generates the AP Invoice entry in relating to
	Imprest. The invoice created will be done based on the scheduler
	which runs to create the group
2.	Click on the Group to search for the group created.
	Group created will be of the latest period and will gave the latest
	Group ID number.
	Group will be created with a user called Manager
3.	The selected Group ID will display all the AP Invoice
	information that will not require any data input.
4.	From the Header detail, tick check box Submit for Approval
	for the AP Invoice to be approved by responsible person

Approve Imprest AP Invoice

Responsible officer will be able to login into the system and approve or disapprove the transactions awaiting approval and as well be able to use approval tracker to see more information of the AP Invoices.

Objective/Comment	Post Imprest AP Invoice
Requirement	User must have access for Posting
Navigation Path	Financial Management → Approval Management → General Operation → Approval Process
Responsibility with	Accountant



1.	Approver will have the module buttons to approve whether to approve AP transactions or GL and PO transactions. This access to approve will depend on the approval setup
2.	Select module that you want to approve i.e. AP, all the transactions waiting to be approved will be displayed
3.	Go to Child tab and another tab of List and on the box Action to select transactions you want to approve, and then go back to Detail tab and use the drop down arrow select Approve to approve transaction. SAVE Approved transaction will disappear from the list.
4.	When you open again AP Invoice entry after approved, the approved box will be ticked to show that the transaction has been approved

Post Imprest AP Invoice

Objective/Comr	nent	Post Imprest AP Invoice
Requirement		User must have access for Posting
Navigation Path	1	Financial Management → Accounts Payable → General Operation → Invoice Entry
Responsibility	with	Accountant
Screen/For	Post AP	Invoice
m Usage:		
	Click o	n Action from the standard tool bar, navigate to Group then
1.	select P	Post
2.	A dialo	g box will display for submitting the process. Click on File
	then Su	bmit
3.	Exit the	form

Note:

While Posting AP Invoice in the MAIN BOOK System; **Dr**: Imprest Clearing A/C **Cr**: Imprest Control A/C



Payment Entry

Objective/Comment	Payment Entry
Requirement	User must have access for Payment Entry form
Navigation Path	Financial Management → Accounts Payable → General Operation → Payment Entry
Responsibility with	Accountant

1.	Click on the New Icon and select New Group, group ID will automatically be generated
2.	Click down arrow from the Bank Account field and select Bank account that will be used for making payment
3.	Select Payment Method and Payment Date accordingly
4.	Click on the New Icon and select New payment
5.	Click on the Supplier button, search and select supplier to be paid
6.	Click on the New Icon and select New Invoice payment
7.	Navigate to Invoice Detail tab
8.	Click on the Invoice button, search and select invoice that you want to make payment
9.	Save
10.	Navigate to Action from the standard tool bar, then select Print group edit list to view accounting entries before posting
11.	Go to Payment Tab and submit the transaction for approval. Depending with the approval setups, once the transaction is approved it then can proceed for process payment stage.
12.	Navigate to Action from the standard tool bar and select Process Payment to get an option for printing cheque
13.	Verify the cheque number to be printed
14.	Click on the Print icon from the standard tool bar to print cheque
15.	Chose a correct printer for cheque, then Print
16.	Exit Print option sub form and process payment sub form
17.	Click to Actions menu bar and select Post. Submit the process of posting through File - > Submit, from the standard tool bar



Note:

While Posting Payment Entry in MAIN BOOK, System; **Dr**: Imprest Control A/c **Cr**: Bank A/c

Imprest AR Invoice Generation

AR Invoice should be generated once Payment Entry has been posted so as to create receivable for tracking Imprest details including unretired Imprest

Note

Generated AR Invoice will have the following GL transactions in MAIN BOOK;

Dr: Imprest Control A/c **Cr**: Imprest Clearing A/c

You can print Aged Receivable report to see the outstanding Invoices

Navigate to Accounts receivable → Reports → Aged Receivable



Imprest Retirement

Imprest refers to amount of fund given to a staff where the amount of actual spend is not known and at the end of such activity a staff has to account for the amount that has been given. The amount given can be fully utilized or partially utilized or not used at all. Depend on this scenarios, a staff imprest will be retired with supporting attachment e.g. receipts to show the actual amount spent

Full Expense Retirement

This is the retirement whereby a staff has utilized the whole amount of Imprest given to perform a certain official activity

Objective/Comment	Expense Retirement
Requirement	User must have access for Expense Retirement form
Navigation Path	Financial Management → Imprest management → General Operation → Expense Retirement
Responsibility with	Accountant
Screen/For Expens m Usage:	se Retirement

1.	Click on the New Icon and select New Group , Group ID will automatically be generated. Change the Apply Date and Invoice Date accordingly.
2.	Click on the New Icon and select New Expense Retirement
3.	On the Retirement Summary tab, Select Receiving Date ; a date of receiving retirement from the a staff
4.	Click on the Select Imprest , search and select Imprest that you want to retire. Save
5.	Click on the New Icon and select New Expense line
6.	Click on the Imprest Line button, search and select Imprest Line that you want to retire.
7.	Enter the full amount expensed in Expense Amount field
8.	Save
9.	If there's more than one line you can keep on selecting new line, repeat step number 5 to 8
10.	You can Print Edit List through Actions → Group → Edit list
11.	Click on the Action from the standard tool bar, and then select Group then Post to post to GL



12.	Once the transaction has been posted, system will automatic generate the
	credit memo to offset the AR Invoice created.

Note:

While Posting Expense Retirement in MAIN BOOK, System; **Dr**: Expense A/c (Recognizing Expenditure) **Cr**: Imprest Control A/c

Partial Expense Retirement

This is the retirement whereby a staff has utilized some of the amount of Imprest given and has to return unspent amount in perform a certain official activity. The spent amount will be recognized as expenditure and unspent amount will be returned and captured as cash receipt to the bank account. Partial expense retirement consists of two process i.e. cash receipt entry and credit memo/partial expense retirement as explained below;

Objective/Com	ment	Expense Retirement
Requirement	User must have access for Expense Retirement form	
Navigation Pat	h	Financial Management → Imprest management → General Operations → Expense Retirement
Responsibility	with	Accountant
Screen/For m Usage:	Expense	e Retirement
1.		n the New Icon and select New Group, Group ID will atically be generated. Change the Apply Date and Invoice Date ngly.
2.	Click on the New Icon and select New Expense Retirement.	
3.	Select F	Receiving date; a date of receiving retirement from the a staff
4.	Click on the Select Imprest , search and select Imprest that you want to retire	
5.	Click or	n the New Icon and select New Expense line
6.	Click on the Imprest Line button, search and select imprest line that you want to retire.	
7.	Enter th	he amount expensed in Expense Amount field
8.	SAVE	
9.	You can	Print Edit List through Actions → Group → Edit list
10.	Click on the Actions from the standard tool bar, and then select Group then Post to post to GL.	



Note:

While Posting Expense Retirement in MAIN BOOK, System; **Dr**: Expense A/c (Recognizing Expenditure) **Cr**: Imprest Control A/c

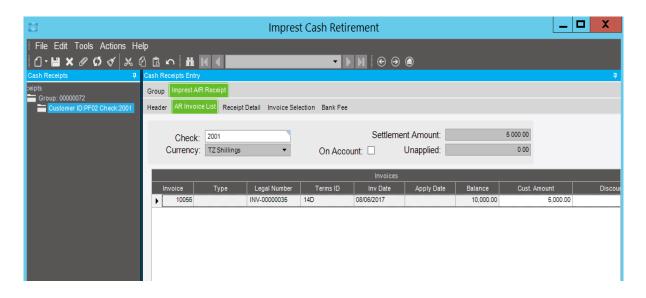
Cash Retirement Entry

Cash Retirement Entry is done for the unspent amount that staff is returning back to the office.

Objective/Comment	Cash Retirement Entry
Requirement	User must have access for Imprest AR Invoice Generation form
Navigation Path	Financial Management → Imprest Management → General
	Operations -> Cash Retirement
Responsibility with	Accountant

Screen/For m Usage:	Cash Retirement Entry
1.	Click on the New Icon and select New Group, group ID will automatically be generated
2.	Click down arrow on the Bank account field and select Bank Account
3.	Payment Method will be updated as per the bank account setups
4.	Update the Payment Date accordingly.
5.	Click on the New Icon and select New Invoice Payment
6.	Type reference number on Check field
7.	Type the amount returned by staff in the Receipt Amount field.
8.	Type the Description on the Reference field.
9.	Click on the Customer ID button, search and select the employee.
10.	Navigate to Invoice Selection tab and select invoice that have been created during AR Invoice generation.
11.	Click on Retrieve button if the transaction is not seen on the list.





12.	After selecting the Invoice, then click on the Apply button to apply invoice against cash receipt
13.	Go back to Header tab and click on the Expense Account field to select the expense account used to commit fund. By selecting the account, system returns the committed fund to the expense account.
14.	You can Print Edit List to see accounting double entries. To print the Edit List, click on the Actions in the menu bar and select Print Group Edit List.
15.	Navigate to Actions from the standard tool bar and select Post to post transaction to GL

Note:

- 1. While Posting Cash Retirement in MAIN BOOK, System;
 - **Dr**: Bank A/c (Recognizing Expenditure)

Cr: Imprest Control A/c

2. Follow the normal Expense Retirement procedures to proceed with remaining Expense amount

Imprest Recovery from Salary

Objective/Comment	Salary Adjustment
Requirement	User must have access for Salary Adjustment form
Navigation Path	Financial Management → Imprest Management → General Operation → Salary adjustment
Responsibility with	Accountant



Screen/Form Usage:	Salary Adjustment
1.	Click on the Invoice button, search and select AR Invoice to be retired.
2.	Enter the negative amount recovered from salary on Adjustment field to offset/clear the invoice and once you entered amount, New balance field amount will change to zero if all amount of outstanding
3.	Click on the Imprest line button, search and select Imprest line to be retired.
4.	Type the description of the transaction on the field for Description or if the descriptions are too long then you can use a comment field.
5.	Save. Upon saving system automatic post the transaction.

1. While Posting Salary Retirement in MAIN BOOK, System; **Dr**: Expenditure A/c (Returning the funds committed in Issue) **Cr**: Imprest Control A/c



Multicurrency Management

The Currency Management module automates the process of conducting transactions internationally using multiple currencies. You can use this module to create multiple currency records.

The Currency Management module automatically pairs each currency with the other currencies to create source and target currency relationships. Using rate types, you define the conversion rules for each currency pair. You can then enter and update exchange rates as often as necessary. The application automatically applies these exchange rates against the international transactions generated in the current company. If necessary, rates can be overridden and locked for specific transactions.

Application Setup

Currency Master

Use Currency Master Maintenance form to enter and update each currency for which your organization conducts business. You can create currencies for a specific company or global currencies for your entire organization.

Each currency record defines the primary information needed to generate financial transactions with customers and suppliers in a specific country. A currency record contains the key details about the currency, such as its name, description, and currency symbol. This information is then leveraged by the Epicor application for any transaction conducted using this currency.

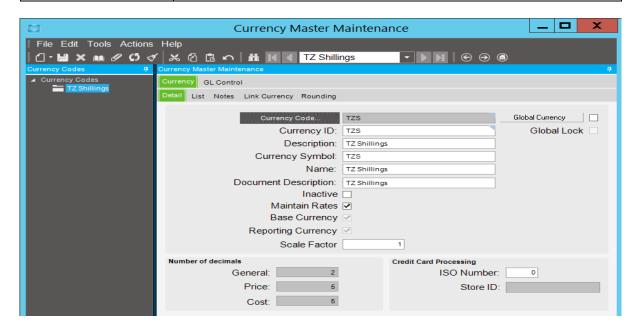
A currency record can also contain the rounding rules it uses for various value types such as Unit Price, Unit Tax, and Extended Price. You can round these values up, down, and to the nearest value. You can also decide not to use a rounding rule against a specific value type.

A GL control type and GL control can be assigned to each currency record. GL control types provide the template for the account and journal contexts used for transactions against the currency record; GL controls define the specific journals and accounts which record transactions in this currency.

Objective/Comment	Currency Definition
Requirement	User must have access to Currency Master form in Currency
	Management
Navigation Path	Financial Management $ ightarrow$ Currency Management $ ightarrow$ Setup
	→ Currency Master
Responsibility with	As per the user matrix
1	Click on the New Icon and select New Currency
2	On the Currency Code enter the code of the Currency
3	Define the Currency ID and Description



4	Use Currency Symbol and Name to define further details of the currency
5	SAVE
6	If the created Currency is foreign currency, click on the New icon and select New GL Control
7	Click on the Type to search and select the type of Currency Click on the Control to search and select already defined Gain/Loss account.



NOTE:

For Foreign Currency, the Inactive check box will be check, in order to remove it; exchange rate needs to be denied.



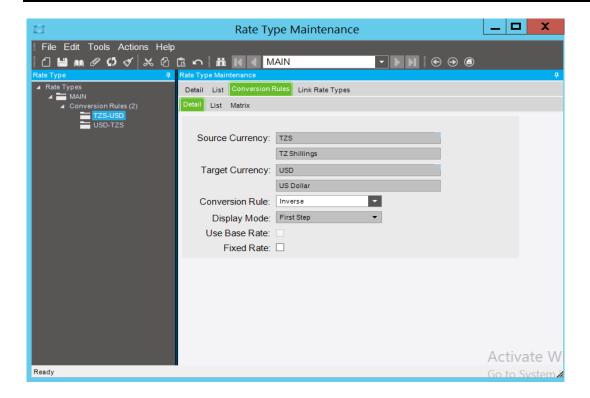
Rate Type Maintenance

Rate types define the conversion rules the application applies against all the possible source and target currency pairs available within your company. Use Rate Type Maintenance to create and update rate types for currencies used by a specific company.

Each rate type is a collection of overall default rate values and conversion rules. You first define the overall rate values for the group. For example, the Cross-Rate Currency and Alternative Cross-Rate Currency values define additional, interim currencies used by specific conversion rules in the group.

Objective/Comment	Rate Definition
Requirement	User must have access to Currency Master form in Currency
	Management
Navigation Path	Financial Management → Currency Management →
Navigation Fath	Setup → Rate Type
Responsibility with	As per the user matrix
4	Click on the Code to search and select the already defined Mean
1	Rate
2	On the left side of the screen, expand and select the currency available
3	For TZS-USD, on the Conversion Rule select Inverse
	USD- TZS will automatic become Direct
4	SAVE





General Operations

Exchange Rate Entry

Use Exchange Rate Entry to define specific exchange rates for each currency pair. The Epicor application uses these rates to calculate converted amounts on international transactions.

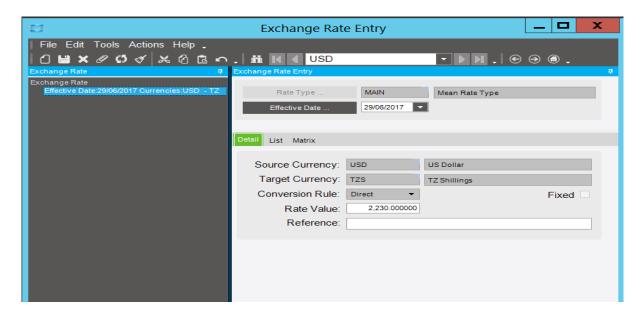
An exchange rate converts the value of one currency into an equivalent value in another currency. You enter exchange rates by creating an exchange rate record. You first select the rate type that will handle the exchange rates. The rate type first defines the currency pairs, each of which consist of an original, or source, currency and a receiving, or target, currency. The rate type also defines the conversion rule (Direct, Cross-Rate, Double Cross-Rate, and so on) used on each currency pair.

You next define the Effective Date for the exchange rates. The application uses these starting from this date until the system clock reaches the Effective Date on the next exchange rate record. From this point, international transactions use the rates entered on the next record.

Objective/Comment	Currency management
Requirement	User must have access to Exchange Rate form in Currency Management
Navigation Path	Financial Management → Currency Management → General Operation → Exchange Rate Entry



Responsibility with	As per Matrix
1.	Click on the Rate Type to search and select already defined rate
2.	Click on the New icon to activate the form in which the date will read current date. Change the date accordingly
3	On the Rate Value , enter the new current value.
4.	Save and exit the form



Currency Revaluation Process

Use the Currency Revaluation Process to adjust the amounts on selected records using current exchange rates for the dates you select. You can also use this program to generate the Currency Revaluation Report, which displays a preview of the revalued amounts.

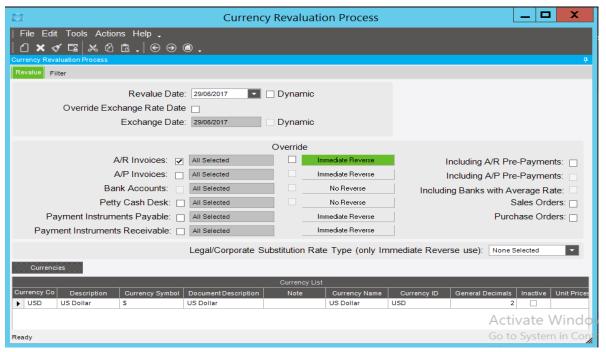
When you run this process or report, you can define which records you wish to revalue. You can select all or some AP invoices, AR invoices, bank accounts, or petty cash desks. The amounts are revalued based on *the active exchange rate* for the currency selected on each record. In any given reporting period, you would choose either the non-reversing revalue process or the reversing revalue process, but you can switch between either processes as you prefer.

You can define the default modes of revaluation within Company Configuration and override these defaults, if needed, for a particular revaluation run (for example, a year end run).

You also select which currencies to use during the revaluation process. You can run the process against one or multiple currencies.



Any gains and losses that occur from the revaluation are automatically posted to the accounts of each reporting currency. Each reporting currency has four accounts, the Realized Gain, Realized Loss, Unrealized Gain, and Unrealized Loss general ledger (GL) accounts.



On Toolbar menu, Action Post and Print the Revaluation Report

Cash Management

The Cash Management Module contains functionality for creating and managing both Cash and Bank Accounts.

Application Setup

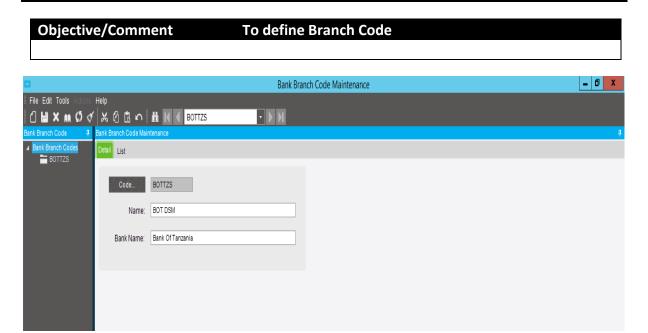
Cash Management include setup programs used to define bank accounts and bank fees associates with Cash Receipts, Cash payments, bank statements and bank adjustments.

Bank Branch Code Maintenance

Use Bank Branch Code Maintenance to enter and maintain a list of bank branch codes required.

Objective/Comment	To define Branch Code
Requirement	The user must have access to Bank Branch Code
	Maintenance in Cash Management.
Navigation Path	Financial Management → Cash Management → Setup →
	Bank/Branch Code
Responsibility with	As per User Matrix





Screen/Form Usage:	Bank/Branch Code
1.	Click the New Button on the standard toolbar.
2.	Enter a unique identifier for the branch in the Code field.
3.	In the Name field, enter the name of the branch. User select this name in the various programs.
4.	In the Bank Name field, user can optionally enter the name of the bank that owns the bank branch office.
5.	When user finish, click Save on the Standard toolbar.

Bank Account Maintenance

Bank Account Maintenance identifies bank accounts and defines their routing information, payment methods, and posting accounts.

Use **Bank Account Maintenance** to define bank accounts and select the GL controls that determine the accounts and journal codes to which bank transactions post.

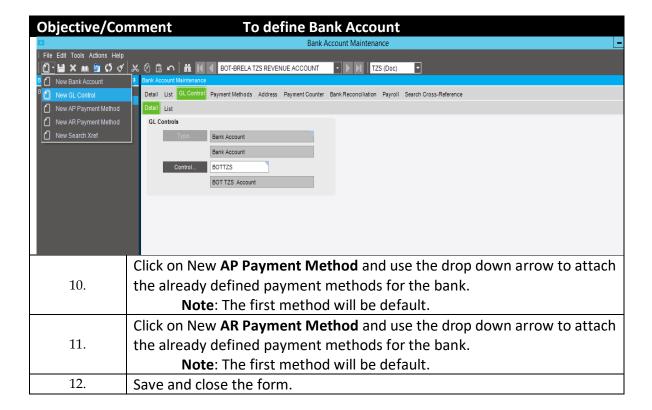
NOTE:

- 1. User must set up at least one bank account. If company has more than one bank account, user can define multiple account records to aid in the bank reconciliation process.
- 2. A user account must be set up as a **Security Manager** in order to maintain bank accounts. Users that are not security managers cannot maintain these accounts and are restricted from accessing the setup option.



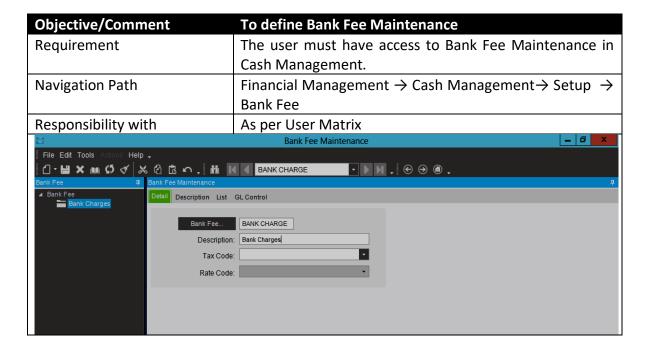
Objective/Con Requirement	
	mment To define Bank Account The user must have access to Bank Account Maintenance
•	in Cash Management.
Navigation Pa	
. 6	Bank Account
Responsibility	with As per User Matrix
1.	Click on the New Icon and select New Bank Account.
2.	Enter the Bank ID, Bank Description and Bank Name respectively .
3.	On the Bank Identifier field, define the ID (it can be as bank ID).
4.	Search and select the already defined Bank branch using the Bank/Branch
	field.
5.	Update the IBAN Account Code and Checking Account as per the bank.
6.	Select the drop down for currency to select the Currency used for the bank
7.	Use the Cash Control check box to enable system to restrict users from
	using the bank account during payment if the account selected has
	insufficient fund. Bank Account Maintenance
	Bank Name: Bank Of Tanzania Bank Identifier: TANZTZTX Bank/Branch BOTTZS BOT DSM
←	IBAN Account Code: Checking Account: Currency: Tanzanian Shillings Payer Reference: Letter of Credit Limit: Unapplied Bank Account: Routing Information Routing: ID: Check Digit: Check Print Option Consolidate Invoice Print: Preprinted Check Numbers: Tax Payer ID: Tax Reg Reason Code: Correspondent Account: Bank Registration Code: Cash Control: Revalue Reconciled Balances: Revalue Reconciled Balances: Revalue Reconciled Balances: Revalue Reconciled Balances: Revalue Reconciled Balances: Revalue Reconciled Balances: Default Positive Pay El: None Selected Default Positive Pay El: None Selected Office Cash Account: Bank Account Tax Payer ID: Tax Reg Reason Code: Correspondent Account: Bank Registration Code: Legal Name: Treasury Bank Acct:
8	Checking Account: Currency: Tanzanian Shillings Payer Reference: Letter of Credit Limit: Unapplied Bank Account: Routing Information Routing: ID: Check Print Option Consolidate Invoice Print: Preprinted Check Numbers: Tax Payer ID: Tax Reg Reason Code: Correspondent Account: Bank Registration Tax Reg Reason Code: Correspondent Account: Bank Registration Code: Legal Name: Default Positive Pay Remote ID: Office Cash Account: Treasury Bank Acct:
8.	Checking Account: Currency: Tanzanian Shillings Payer Reference: Letter of Credit Limit: Unapplied Bank Account: Routing: Check Print Option Consolidate Invoice Print: Preprinted Check Numbers: Official Registration Tax Payer ID: Tax Reg Reason Code: Correspondent Account: Bank Account: Bank Account: Bank Account: Bank Account: Treasury Bank Acct. Save.
8.	Checking Account: Currency: Payer Reference:
	Checking Account: Currency: Tanzanian Shillings Payer Reference: Letter of Credit Limit: Unapplied Bank Account: Routing Information Routing: Check Digit: Check Print Option Consolidate Invoice Print: Preprinted Check Numbers: Official Registration Tax Payer ID: Tax Reg Reason Code: Correspondent Account: Bank Registration Code: Legal Name: Save. Click on New button and select New GL Control Click on the Type field and select Bank Account.
8. 9.	Checking Account: Currency: Payer Reference:





Bank Fee Maintenance

Bank Fee maintenance defines account results of bank fee.





Screen/Form Usage:	Bank Fee Code
1.	Click the New Button on the standard toolbar.
2.	Enter a unique identifier for the bank fee in the Code field.
3.	In the Description field, enter a description that helps users select this fee during transaction entry.
4.	When user finish Click Save on the Standard toolbar. The remaining fields are optional
5.	Click on the New GL Control and search and select the already defined Type and Account.
6.	Save and Exit the form

General Operations

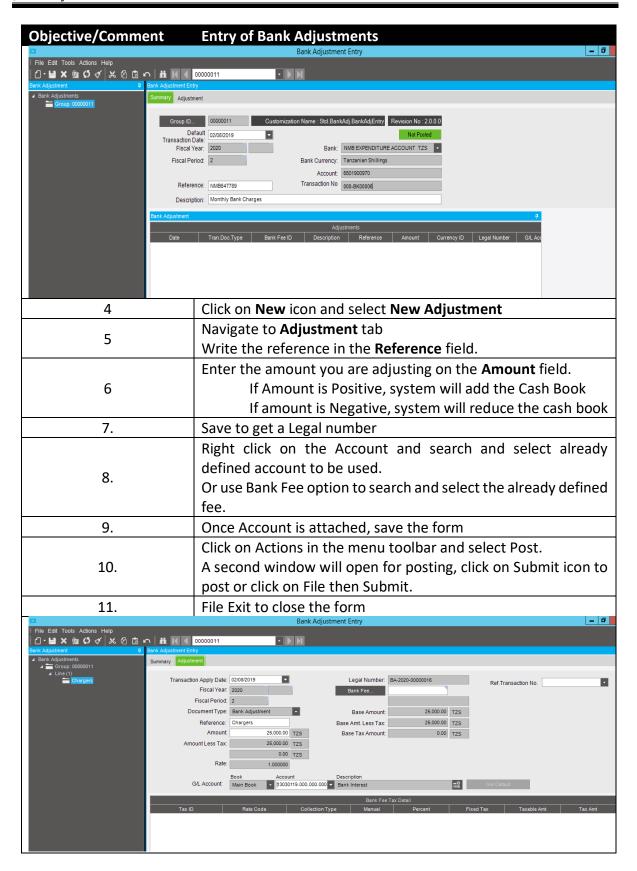
This section describes the operations available in Cash Management Module.

Bank Adjustment Entry

Use Bank Adjustment Entry to adjust bank Account amounts and to enter bank fees. User can use Print Group Edit List on the action menu to review entries prior to posting. Use Post on the Action menu to post transactions in the selected adjustment group.

Objective/Comment	Entry of Bank Adjustments
Requirement	The user must have access to Bank Adjustment Entry in Cash
	Management.
Navigation Path	Financial Management → Cash Management → Operations →
	Bank Adjustment Entry
Responsibility with	As per User Matrix
1	Click on New icon and select New Group from the standard tool
1	button, system will automatic generate the group ID.
2	In the Default Transaction Date field, enter the date on which
2	the adjustment occurs.
2	Click on the drop down arrow on Bank field and select the Bank
3	Account.
4	Use Reference and Description fields to define the details of
4.	the adjustment

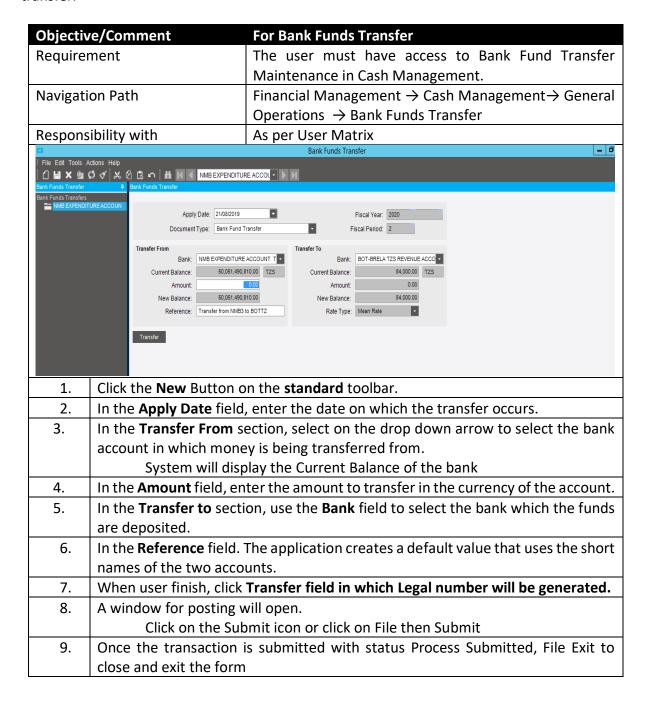






Bank Funds Transfer (Within Implementer)

Use Bank Transfer to transfer amounts between banks. The transfer creates journal posted to the accounts determined by the GL Controls assigned to the bank Accounts. The Journals typically debit and credit cash and transfer accounts for the bank account involved in the transfer.



Intercompany Bank Funds Transfer (Across Implementers)



To be Added....



Bank Reconciliation

Bank Reconciliation Entry is used to reconcile bank statements with all the cash transactions created through Accounts Payable (AP) functions and Accounts Receivable (AR) cash receipts. Bank Reconciliation Entry only processes and clears cash transactions.

To reconcile a bank statement, user select the receipts and payments that match bank statement lines.

Use the Statement sheet to create the bank reconciliation and to identify the statement being reconciled.

Objective/Comm ent	To create the reconciliation and transactions clearing
Requirement	The user must have access to Reconciliation entry form in Cash
	Management.
Navigation Path	Financial Management → Cash Management → General Operations
	→ Bank Statement Processing
Responsibility	As per User Matrix
with	
	Bank Statement Processing
File Edit Tools Actions Help . Compared to the compared to	TZS (Doc) .
■ Bank Statement Statement: 2 JUNE Statement Head	Statement Workbench Quick Matching Statement Lines Unmatched Transactions
De	NBCL TZS Opening Date: 01/06/2017
	IBAN: 12345 Variance: .895 000 00
	ply Date: 3008/2017 💌 12
	ement 2 JUNE
	ent Type: Bank Balances per Closing Date Number: 484 922 872 00
2094	Number: Ongoing Balance: 484 922 872 00 Reconciled Balance: 10 895 000 00
	Non Reconciled: 474 027 872 00
Co	omments:
1.	In the Bank ID field, search and select code of the bank to be
	reconciled. When user complete this field, the application displays the
	bank's currency, account and a reconciliation statement, if one exists.
2.	Click on New icon on the standard toolbar to create New Statement .
	Enter a concise description of the statement
3.	Use the Opening Date and Closing Date fields to enter the period
	included in the statement and
4.	Use the Closing and Opening Balance fields to record the bank
	balances on the two dates.
	System will allow user to enter the Opening Balance if it is the
	first time reconciliation



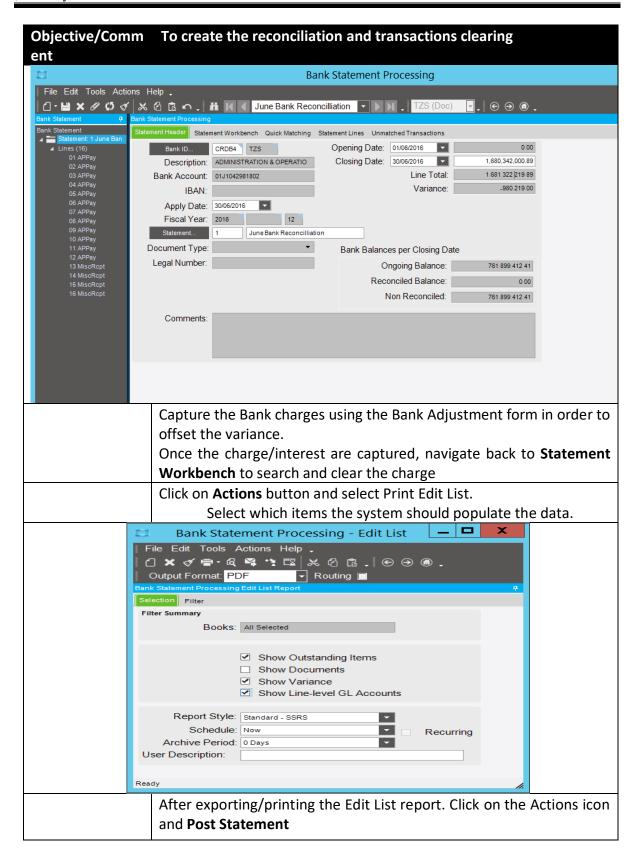
Objective/Comm ent	To create the reconciliation and transactions clearing	
	If it is not the first time reconciliation, system will display the Opening Balance from the previous period's closing balance.	
5.	Change the Apply Date for the reconciliation. This value and the default fiscal calendar determine the entries displayed in the fiscal year fields.	
6.	Save the form	
7.	Navigate to Statement Workbench tab	
8.	On the clear Date field change the date accordingly (put end of the month) Click on the Retrieve button, system will give a window to select the date on which user can retrieve the transactions from the system.	
	Retrieve Options	
	From Date: To Date: 30/06/2016 Filter by Partner: Include PI with due date beyond the statement period: Filter unmatched transactions by statement line type Retrieve Cancel	
7.	System will populate all transactions which have not been reconciled on the right side.	



Objective/Comm To create the reconciliation and transactions clearing ent 8. To reconcile the transactions, User can double click on any transaction on the right column to indicate the transaction is reconciling with the statement as well or can click on any transaction and click on the **Create Lines** for system to reconcile the transaction. 1. All reconciled transactions will be moved to the left side of the screen will have a Matched Status 2. Proceed with all transactions which are seen in the bank statement. 3. All cleared transactions will be on left side of the screen 4. All Unpresented transactions will remain on the right side of the screen If transactions have been cleared by mistake and it is on the left side of the screen, highlight the transaction and click delete icon in the standard bar. The deleted transaction will be returned to the right side. **Bank Statement Processing** Unpresented Transactions Quick Matching Statement Lines Unmatched Transactions List Detail Remittance Info Raw Data Cleared Running Balance: -9 068 100 00 Quick Search Number: Transactions Drag a column header here to group by that column. Drag a column header here to group by that o △ Type △ Partner Name Doc N St Line Status Type Partner Nam Date Doc Date Matched MiscRcpt 30/06/2017 08/06/2017 Cash Receipt Faraji Kaduma cash APPay AGHA KHAN Matched 30/06/2017 08/06/2017 Cash Receipt Joseph.Muhizi CASE APPay AGHA KHAN 3 Matched 30/06/2017 08/06/2017 Cash Receipt Reginald Nyambo CASH ARRCPT GLORIA GA 30/06/2017 Matched AP Payment AGHA KHAN ME 1001 09/06/2017 09/06/2017 Bank Transfe NMB BANK - HO 49 Bank Transfe NMB BANK - HO 51 09/06/2017 Bank Transfe NMB BANKHOU 52 09/06/2017 Bank Transfe NMB BANK - HO 54 09/06/2017 Bank Transfe NMB BANK - HO 55 09/06/2017 09/06/2017 Cash Receipt Cash 10/06/2017 AP Payment Muigiri Suppliers 10018 1545 10/06/2017 AP Payment Agakhan Type Partner Name Legal Number Doc Number AP Payment Tagambaga Co. L 10/06/2017 10022 Cash Rec Joan Allan REC-00000039 AP Payment G. ENTERPRISE 10025 10/06/2017 10/06/2017 AP Payment BURHAN INFOSI 10020 20/06/2017 Cash Receipt Ctivate Win GASh Bank Adj to System in 30/06/2017 30/06/2017 Bank Adj Ready Navigate back to Statement Header tab to confirm if the remaining amount in the Variance is the same as the total amount of Bank

Charges or Bank Interests which are on the statements.





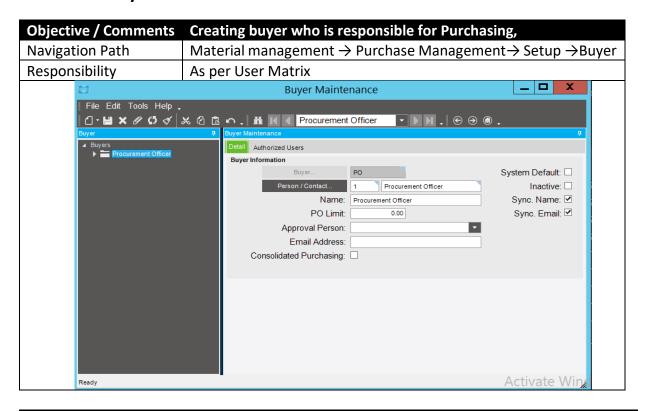


Procurement Process

This part of the operational manual includes mandatory setups, managing suppliers, the creation and approval of purchase requisitions (PRs) and purchase orders (POs), working with purchase order suggestions, and monitoring the purchase order process using related reports and trackers.

Application Setup

Buyer

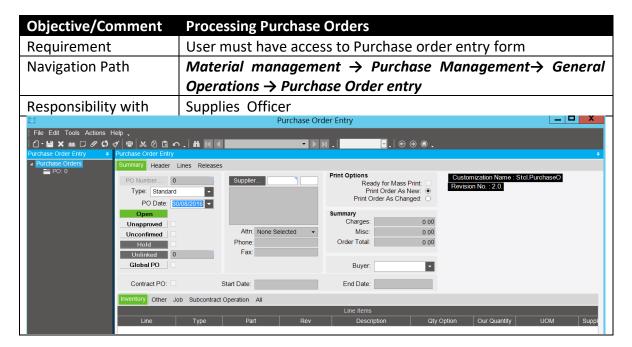


Screen/Form Usage:	Buyer Maintenance		
A buyer is responsible for I	MoFP – GF purchasing activities. Buyer Maintenance is a key		
maintenance program, as it	maintenance program, as it allows user to link a buyer to a part class and specify approved		
purchase amounts for buyers	s. A Buyer must first be defined as a system user, and then added		
as an authorized user for th	e Buyer ID. This will facilitate the Buyer to be able to process		
Purchase Orders.			
The Buyer ID is used as a search or filter field for PO Part Class purchasing.			
1.	Click on the new icon and Select New Buyer, Type the Buyer ID		
	on the buyer field.		
2.	Type the buyer code and name on the person/contact field.		
3.	If the buyer has a specific PO limit type the limit amount on the		
	PO Limit field.		



Screen/Form Usage:	Buyer Maintenance	
4.	Click on the drop down arrow and select the Ap who is responsible to approve the PO and the address on approval person and email respectively. This information is optional.	e buyer email
5.	Click Save and Exit Buyer maintenance form.	
6.	Click on the new tab to select New Authorized U the drop down and select the person in charge for processes.	
	Buyer Maintenance	_ D X
File Edit Tools Help . C		
	Authorized Users User Default	Buyer
	▶ Herbert Manyahi System Manager Reginald Nyambo	
	Togridio Hydrido	

Purchase Order Entry

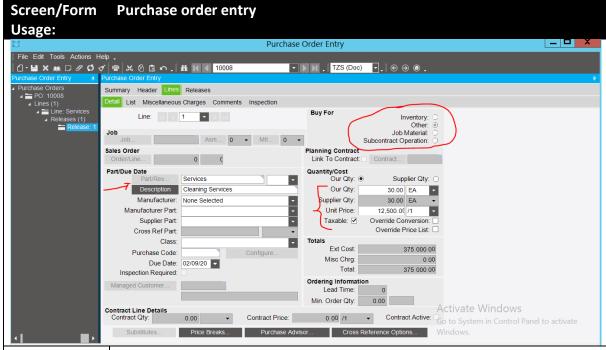


Screen/Form	Purchase order entry
Usage:	
1.	Click New PO on the Standard tool bar.

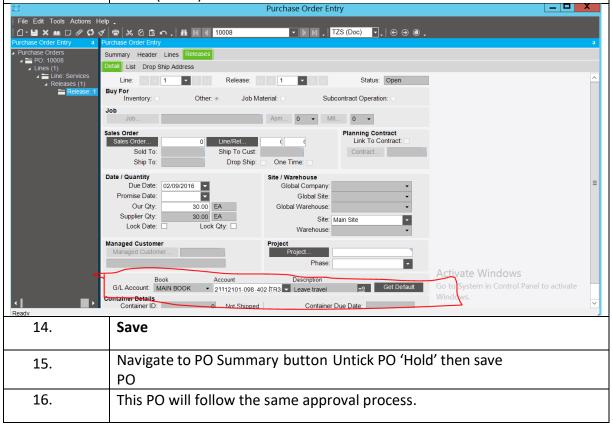


Screen/Form	Purchase order entry
Usage:	On the Summary sheet, the PO Number default to 0. When the PO is first
2.	saved, the PO number is assigned automatically.
3.	The Purchase Order Type default to standard .
4.	The PO Date default to today's date. User can change this date if user need.
5.	Enter the Supplier ID in the supplier field, or click the Supplier button to initiate a search for the Supplier.
6.	Use the Header → Detail sheet to enter general order information when creating or changing an order. This sheet includes buyer, currency, due date, and payment term details.
File Edit Tools Actions He	r dichase order Entry
	TZS (Doc)
PO: 0	Summary Header Lines Releases Detail Miscellaneous Charges Comments
	PO Number 0 Type: Standard Order Date: 30/08/2016 Due Date: Promise Date: Ship To Name: Main Site Address: Address: Address: Post Date: Address: Hotel Promise Date: Address: Post Date: Post Da
	Supplier Name: 3M TANZANIA LTD Address: Po. BOX Not Applicable, TANZANIA TANZANIA Attm: Attm: None Selected Fax: Phone: Company City: State: Postal Code: Country: None Selected Country: None Selected Country: Contact: Site Supplier Supplier Company
	Terms: As Soon As Poss Ship Via: Company Truck FOB: Prepaid Freight: Letter of Credit. Letter of Credit. Buyer: TANROADS Entered By: manager Approval Info. Submit For Appro Currency: Rate Type: Mean Rate Type Windows.
7.	Click Save on the Standard toolbar.
8.	To Enter Purchase Order lines, Click the Down Arrow next to the New button.
9.	Click New Line on the Standard tool bar.
10.	On the option Buy for , select Inventory for stock items and Other for non stock items
11.	Select a part for stock items and Type any number/code on the Part/Rev field and its Description on the description field for non stock items. If the order is for stock item, click on the Part to select the Inventory item already defined in the system. System will automatic select and fill the name and description of the item selected.
12.	In the Quantity/Cost section, select Our Quantity and type the Quantity and Unit Price that you are Purchasing.





Click on **Releases** button on your left and expand the release tab then click release, this will take you to release tab. Click Get default to get the stock account if the PO is for inventory, or Expense Account if the PO is for non stock (other)





Screen/Form Usage:	Purchase order entry		
	Navigate to header, submit for approval You will be asked if you're sure to submit the PO because once it is submitted PO cannot be altered. Click OK is accepted and NO if rejected.		
17.	System will produce another verification that the PO is successful submitted once it is saved. This PO will be approved by authorized person who is required to approve PO. After approval the PO can be printed.		
18.	Printing Purchase Order; On the Approved Purchase Order Entry form, click on Actions from menu bar then select Print Another window will display, then select Print Preview to review PO and		
	you can Print to get the hard copy of PO. Purchase Order Entry		
Purchase Order Entry Purchase Orders Purchase Orders Purchase Orders Purchase Orders Purchase Orders Purchase Orders Releases (1) Releases (1) Release: 1	Order Entry Header Lines Releases PO Number 10008 Supplier VN00000 Ready for Mass Print. Print Order As New: Print Order As New: Print Order As New: Print Order As Changed: Revision No. : 2.0 Po Date: 30/08/2016 Open Approved Unconfirmed Hold Unlinked OGlobal PO Contract PO: Report Style: Standard - SSRS Schedule: Now Recurring Archive Period: Days User Description: User Description: Quy Option Our Quantity UoM Supplication At your Quantity Output Format Archive Period: Days User Description: Quy Option Our Quantity Output Supplication At your Quantity Output Pormat Archive Period: Days User Description: Quy Option Our Quantity Output Quantity Ou		

Receiving PO

Receipt Entry consists of creating a header and line (s) to identify a purchase order receipt. The receipt header consists of a packing slip number, date, and other basic information, while the line consists of the quantity received against a purchase order line.

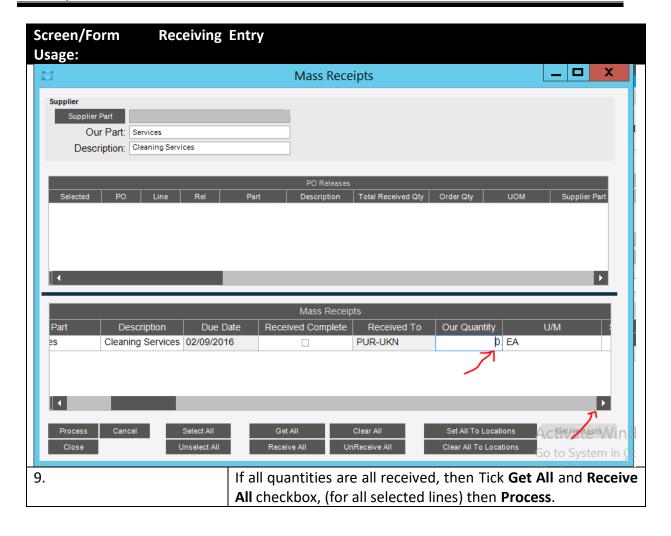
Objective/Comment	To record receipts of Goods/Services ordered
Requirement	The user must have access to Receipt entry form
Navigation Path	Material Management→ Shipping/Receiving→ Receiving Entry
Responsibility with	As per Matrix

Screen/Form	Receiving Entry
Usage:	
1.	From the Menu Bar select 'New 'record a new receipt.

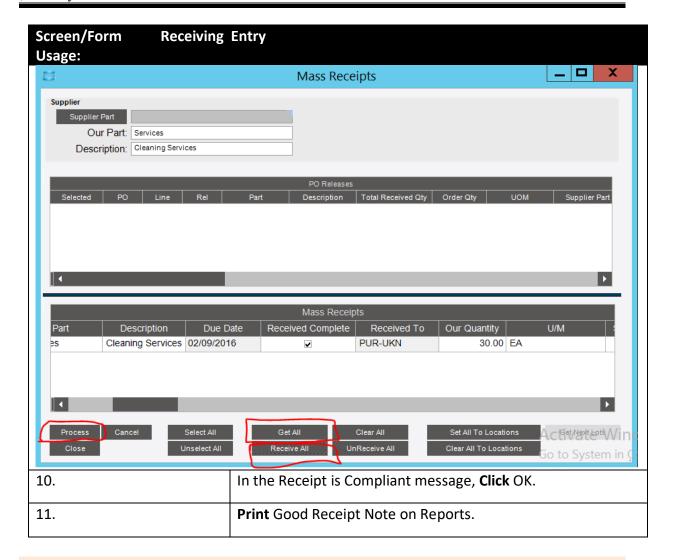


Screen/Form	Receiving Entry	
Usage:		
2.	Click the PO button to select the Purchase Order to be received.	
3.	In the Packing Slip field, type in the Packing slip/Delivery Note number. Note that, this is a mandatory field and cannot be left blank.	
4.	Click on Save. System will automatic generate Legal Number	
	Receipt Entry	
File Edit Tools Actions The Hill X @ C5 & 2	·	
Receipts Pack Slip: 10008	Summary Lines Landed Costs	
	Po / Supplier Po 10008 Packing Slip 10008 Received All: Supplier ID VN000004 Entry Person: manager Name: Addr: NotApplicable TANZANIA TANZANIA TANZANIA TANZANIA Ship Via: Company Truck Date: Date:	
	The generated legal number is GRN-00000003. Impo	
	From the Actions menu select Mass Receipts window. Selecting the Mass	
5.	Receipts option will bring up all goods that have been ordered on the PO.	
	User then select the goods/services that have been received. This is a more	
	efficient option and thus recommended.	
6.	Identify and Select the Line(s) items to be received on the PO Releases section	
7.	All the lines which have been selected will go down on the Mass Receipts	
	section.	
8.	Navigate to the right arrow to select the quantity if the PO received is less than ordered. Type in the Quantity which is actually received.	









Purchase Order Native Reports and Trackers

Purchase Order Tracker

Use **Purchase Order Tracker** to review information about purchase orders.

This tracker is used to investigate open or closed purchase orders.

Navigation Path

Navigate to this program from the Main Menu:

- Executive Analysis → Trackers → Purchase Order Tracker
- Material Management → Purchase Management → General Operations → Purchase Order Tracker
- Material Management → Shipping / Receiving → General Operations → Purchase Order Tracker



Inventory Management

Application Setups

Warehouse and Bin Maintenance

Use Warehouse Maintenance to set up a warehouse. Inventory items are grouped in each warehouse.

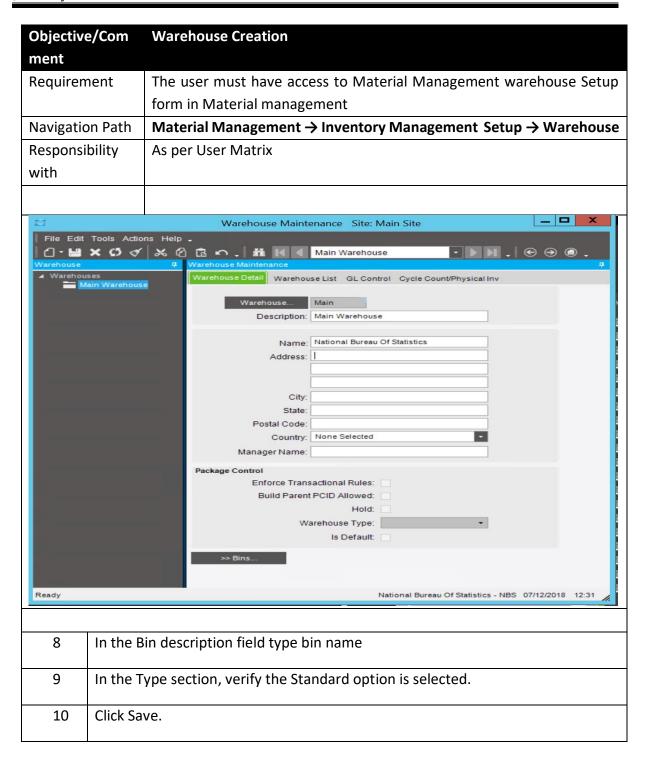
The inventory module need set up of at least one warehouse before user can enter any parts in Part Maintenance.

In each warehouse there are multiple bins that can help user keep track of inventory within the same location.



Objective/Co	om War	ehouse Creation	
ment			
Requirement	t The	user must have access to Material Management warehouse Setup	
	form	in Material management	
Navigation P	ath Mate	Material Management → Inventory Management Setup → Warehouse	
Responsibilit	ty As pe	er User Matrix	
with			
		Warehouse Maintenance Site: Main Site	
	ls Actions Help	The second seco	
Warehouses Warehouses	4	Warehouse Maintenance Warehouse Detail Warehouse List GL Control Cycle Count/Physical Inv	
Main W	/arehouse	Warehouse Main	
		Description: Main Warehouse	
		Name: National Bureau Of Statistics	
		Address: I	
		City:State:	
		Postal Code: Country: None Selected	
		Manager Name:	
		Package Control	
		Enforce Transactional Rules: Build Parent PCID Allowed:	
		Hold:	
		Warehouse Type: ▼ Is Default: □	
		>> Bins	
Ready	.1	National Bureau Of Statistics - NBS 07/12/2018 12:31	
1 Fr	om the Nev	v menu, select New Warehouse	
2 Fie	eld Data typ	e Warehouse code e.g. DAR	
3 In	In the description field type warehouse name and address		
4 Cli	Click save		
5 Fro	From the Actions menu, select Bins.		
6 W	Warehouse Bin Maintenance displays.		
7 Cli	Click New.		
Type Bin cod	le e.g. MAIN	N	



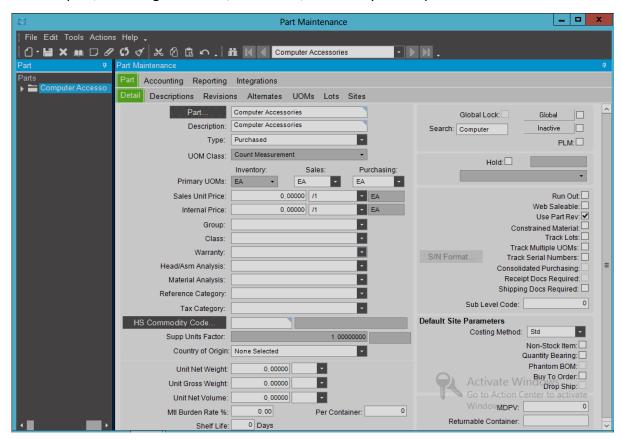




Part/Inventory Items

Use Part Maintenance to enter or update part information. Parts are either purchased items used for raw materials or subassemblies or manufactured items.

Each part record contains crucial data user may need to purchase. It contains general information such as part number, description, and search criteria. A part record defines inventory information, which includes unit of measure (UOM) options for purchases, inventory, and non-stock classifications. Warehouse and bin information can also be defined for each part, including Minimum, Maximum, and Safety Stock quantities.



Screen/	Part Creation
Form Usage:	
1.	From the New menu, select New Part.
2.	Enter code or part initial in the Part field
3.	In the description field type the name of the part
4.	Type select Purchased
5.	On UOM Class drop down and select UOM class
6.	Select Primary UOM e.g. Each (EA)
7.	Tick quantity bearing item box. Save



Screen/	Part Creation
Form Usage:	
	Note The Quantity Bearing check box is selected by default for any
	newly entered parts. As a result, the Epicor application displays any
	found inventory for this part. If user clear the check box, the
	application ignores the part for all inventory transactions.
8.	Navigate to the Part \rightarrow Plants \rightarrow Warehouses \rightarrow Detail sheet.
File Edit Tools Actions Help	Part Maintenance
①·≌×m□ℓ⊙∢	🗴 🕜 🛱 🔼 🐧 🔣 🐧 Computer Accessories
Part Part Mainte	onance
∠ ☐ Computer Accessor	lescriptions Revisions Alternates UOMs Lots Sites
⊿ ≧ Warehous	st Planning Warehouses Sales Kits Cycle Count
₩areh Main	Site: Main Site Machine MES: Non-Stock Item: Primary Warehouse: Main Warehouse Quantity Bearing: Quantity Bearing: ✓
Revisions	Costing Method: Avg Phantom BOM:
	Costing Lot Size: 0,00 Backflush: U UOM: EA Limit Production Yield Recalc:
	Raw Material: Multi Level CTP:
Type Deta	ill ype: Purchased ▼ Site: ▼ Transfer Lead Time: 0
Inventory	Purchasing
	Min On-Hand: 0.00 Buyer. Procurement Officer ■ Generate PO Suggestions: ■
	Max On-Hand: 0.00 Min Order Qty: 0.00 Buy To Order: □ Safety Stock: 0.00 Lead Time: 0 Drop Ship Item: □
	-Order to Max: Forecast Time: 0
S	N Format Urgent Planning
	Min Order City: 0.00 Mul Order City: 0.00
	Lead Time: 0 Supplier
	Go to Activate Windows
	Windows.
•	
9.	From the New menu, select New Warehouse. In the Warehouse field, select Warehouse for the part created
11.	
12.	In the Primary Bin field, select the primary Bin for the part In the Minimum quantity of the inventory type the minimum
	quantity of the part
13.	In the Maximum quantity of the inventory type the maximum
	quantity of the part
14.	In the safety quantity of the inventory type the safety quantity of
	the part Save and close the form
	<u> </u>

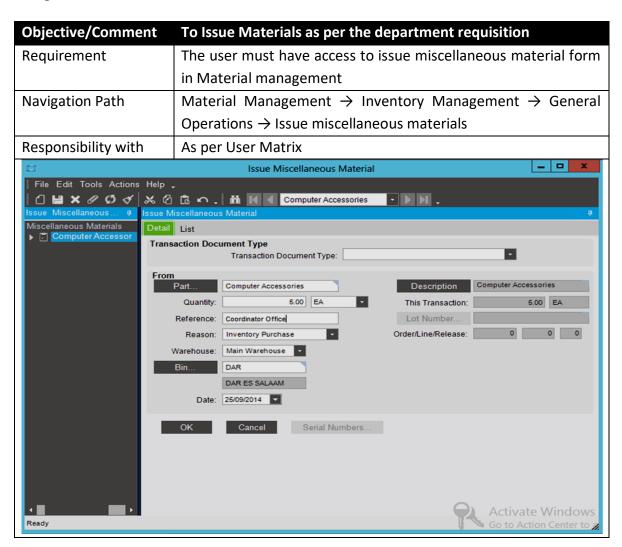


General Operations

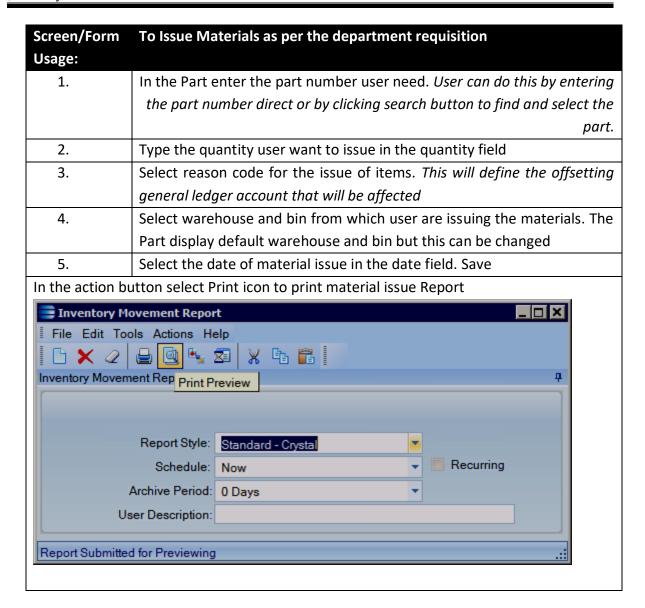
All stores items will be purchased using normal MoFP – GF procedures of purchasing as covered in; Processing Purchase Order Entry processing.

Issue of Materials

The Materials can be issued to different department depending on the requisition/demand. This can be processed using the issue miscellaneous materials form in the material management.







Post Inventory COS and WIP to General Ledger.

The Epicor application does not calculate and post monetary amounts to the general ledger as soon as an inventory transaction is complete. Instead, these transactions are calculated (captured) and optionally posted to the general ledger when user run the COS/WIP Activity Run the Capture COS/WIP Activity periodically to optionally, post inventory and WIP activity to user general ledger.

Important: To keep user COS and WIP values accurate, user should run this program at regular intervals.

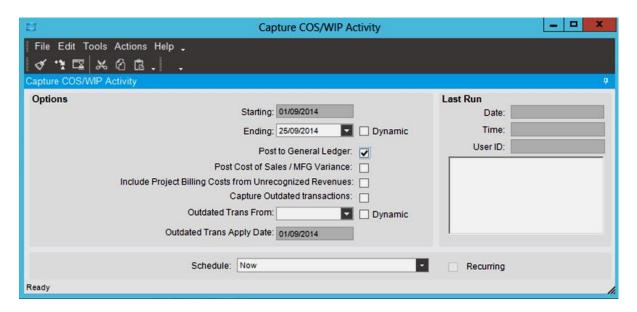
Material Management \rightarrow Inventory Management \rightarrow General Operations \rightarrow Capture COS/WIP Activity

1. Specify the date for posting material transaction to the general ledger



- 2. Tick Post general ledger box This check box indicates that the captured WIP and COS information will update user General Ledger. This option is available if user select the **Inventory** check box on the **General Ledger** Configuration sheet.
- 3. In the outdated transaction form allows for the capture of outdated transactions (from the date specified in this field) in the current period, and posts them with the first date of the period, as specified in the **Outdate Trans Apply Date** field.

4. Then Click Submit

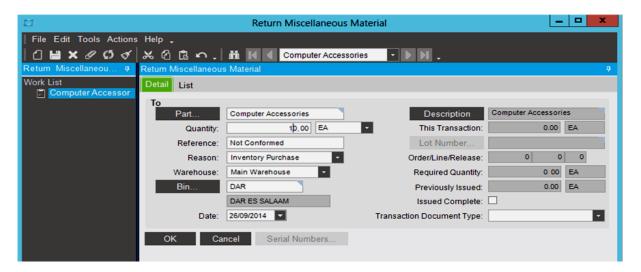


Return of Items to Store

There are occasions when materials requisitioned for certain works are in excess of what was actually required. Those items shall then be returned to stock by means of return miscellaneous parts to inventory. This process shall be given the same allocation code that was recorded in the Issue Note when the material was issued, so that the amount may be credited to the corresponding account.

Objective/Comment	Return Miscellaneous Material
Requirement	The user must have access to Return Material form in Material
	management
Navigation Path	Material Management → Inventory Management → General
	Operations → Return Miscellaneous Material
Responsibility with	As per User Matrix





Screen/Form Usage:	Return Miscellaneous Material
1	In the Part enter the part number user need. User can do this by entering the part number direct or by clicking search button to find and select the part.
2	Type the quantity user want to return in the quantity field
3	Select reason code for the return items. This will define the offsetting general ledger account that will be affected
4	The default warehouse and bin will be displayed this can be changed if needed.
5	Select the date of material return on the date field
6	Save and close the form

Inventory Adjustments

Use **Quantity Adjustments** to adjust the part master quantity on-hand. User can adjust the quantity either up or down.

Quantity adjustment can be done only for parts that have the **Quantity Bearing** check box selected in **Part Maintenance**.



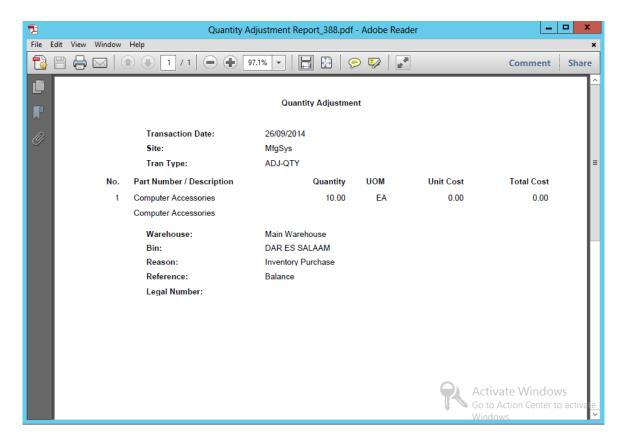
Important Adjustment transactions are generated to provide a full audit trail of all quantity changes made in this program. Select **Transaction Log** from the **Actions** menu to review adjustment transactions.



Objective/Comment	Inventory Quantity Adjustments
Requirement	The user must have access to Quantity Adjustment form in
Regulierierie	
	Material management
Navigation Path	Material Management → Inventory Management → General
	Operations → Quantity Adjustment
Responsibility with	As per User Matrix
Ħ	Quantity Adjustments
File Edit Tools Actions Help . A	Quantity Adjustments Part Computer Accessories Description: Computer Accessories Date: 26/09/2014 Warehouse: Main Warehouse On Hand: 10.00 EA Warehouse Bins Bin Description Lot Number On Hand UOM Non Nett DAR DAR ES SALAAM 10.00 EA
	Bin DAR DAR ES SALAAM
	Quantity: 0.00 EA •
	Reason: Inventory Purchase
	Lot Number Next Lot
	Reference: Balance
	Transaction document Type: PURCHASE Go to Action Center to activate
	Windows. Adjust Cancel Serial Numbers
	Adjust California Serial Numbers

Screen/Form	Inventory Quantity Adjustments
Usage:	
1.	In the Part field, select the part /item user need to adjust.
2.	In the Quantity field type the quantity to adjust e.g33 (negative).
3.	A decreased quantity is entered as a negative number to adjust the
	current on-hand quantity.
4.	In the Reason field drop down and select Count Adjustment. This will
	select the offsetting GL account control for the adjusted items in the
	inventory
5.	Click the Adjust button.
6.	Print material adjustment report from the action print icon
	Exit Quantity Adjustment.





Inventory Physical Counting

Initialize Physical Inventory

Use Initialize Physical Inventory to initialize data and select parts (Inventory Items) in the specified warehouses in the current plant for a single physical inventory count. This is the first program user must run when performing a physical inventory count.

After specifying the warehouses for which the program is being run, it performs the following tasks:

- 1. Select all bins in the specified warehouse.
- 2. Adds each part bin record to the cycle sequence.
- 3. Flags the cycle sequence as a full physical inventory count.

User cannot add, delete or move the parts assigned to the physical inventory cycle. The frozen pre-count quantities that result from running this program provide User Company with the ability to resume inventory transactions prior to completing the physical inventory program.

When closing the physical count, the Epicor application uses this information for comparison to the physical count quantities entered into the Count Tag Entry program.

Therefore, cycle count parameters must be defined at the part/warehouse, warehouse, part/plant, plant configuration and ABC code levels



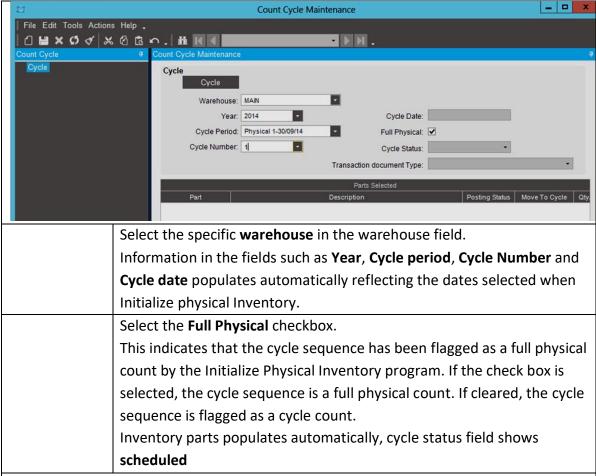
Objective/0	Commont	Initialize Physical Inventory
· ·		
Requirement		The user must have access to Initialize Physical Inventory form
		in Material management
Navigation Path		Material Management → Inventory Management → General
		Operations→ Initialize Physical Inventory
Responsibili	ity with	As per User Matrix
		Initialize Physical Inventory
	File Edit T	ools Help -
	Ir X Delete	Ctrl+Del
	Process	
	- Exit	Start Date: 26/09/2014 🔽
		Include Zero QOH:
	Include Non-Stock:	
Filter Summary		
Warehouses: All Selected		
	Schedule: Now Recurring	
	Ready	h
1.	On the start of	date field select the appropriate count date
2.	Select Include	e Zero QOH checkbox if user want to include inventory parts
with zero quantity on hand		
3.	Select Include Non-Stock checkbox if user want to include non-stock items.	
4.	Navigate to Filter tab to select the Warehouse involved during physical	
count.		
5.	Click process icon to run the Initialize physical inventory	
6.	Exit the form	

Cycle Count Maintenance (Inventory Physical Count)

Use Count Cycle Maintenance to perform key functional tasks for full physical inventories

Objective/Comment	Cycle Count Maintenance
Requirement	The user must have access to Cycle Count
	Maintenance form in Material management
Navigation Path	Material Management → Inventory
	Management → General Operations → Cycle
	Count Maintenance
Responsibility with	As per User Matrix





Navigate to the Actions icon

Generate Tags

Use Generate Cycle Count Tags to generate count or blank tag records for a specific cycle in a specified warehouse. It generates tag numbers for all parts that were previously assigned to a physical count using Initialize Physical Inventory.

NOTE: User must generate tags before user can start the count sequence using the Start Count Sequence selection.

Once count or blank tags are generated, the cycle status field shows **Tags generated** and user can use the Print Tags selection on the Count Cycle Maintenance Actions menu to print the tags being used in user **actual physical inventory counts**.

Start Count Sequence



Use Start Count Sequence in preparation for actual counting of parts selected for a specified full physical inventory count in a selected warehouse.

If a full physical inventory count is already in process for the specified warehouse, user cannot run Start Count Sequence; however, user can run it if there are other active cycle counts because each part can only be assigned to one cycle count sequence at any given time.

Prior to running Start Count Sequence Count, user **must** first generate tag records for the selected full physical inventory using the Generate Tags selection on the Count Cycle Maintenance Actions menu. However, Start Count Sequence can be run **before** printing count and blank tags using the Print Tags selection.

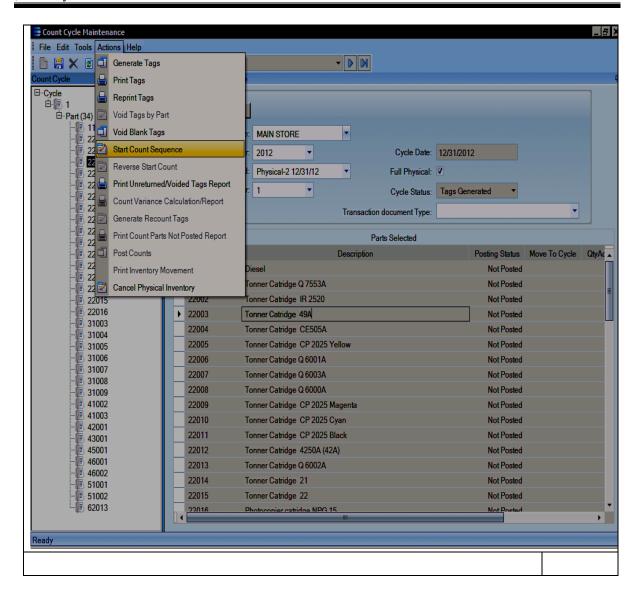
Note: If possible, user should execute the Start Count Sequence process when there are no inventory adjustments taking place to avoid the likelihood of record locking issues.

The Start Count Sequence selection performs the following functions:

- 1. Freezes the unit costs for each part assigned to the selected full physical inventory, based on the costing method being used for the warehouse.
- 2. Freezes pre-count perpetual inventory quantities in the full physical inventory
- 3. Sets the Cycle Status to **Count Started** for the selected full physical inventory.
- 4. Prevents inventory activity from taking place for the specified warehouse while a pre-count quantity snapshot is being created.
- 5. For each tag number associated with the cycle sequence or full physical inventory, it verifies that each has an **Open** status. It skips tag numbers that do **not** have an Open status.

Once user have started the count sequence for a selected full physical inventory, it can be reversed (using the Reverse Count Sequence selection on the Actions menu) as long as the Cycle Status has not progressed beyond **Count Started** (that is, no count quantities have been entered). The Reverse Start Count selection clears the snapshot quantity and cost values from the tag records and resets the Cycle Status back to **Tags Generated**.

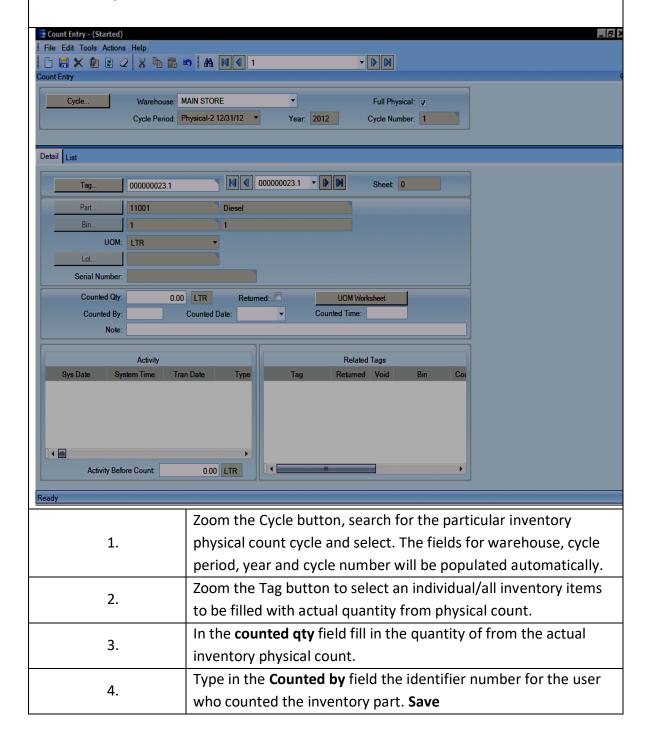






Count Tag Entry

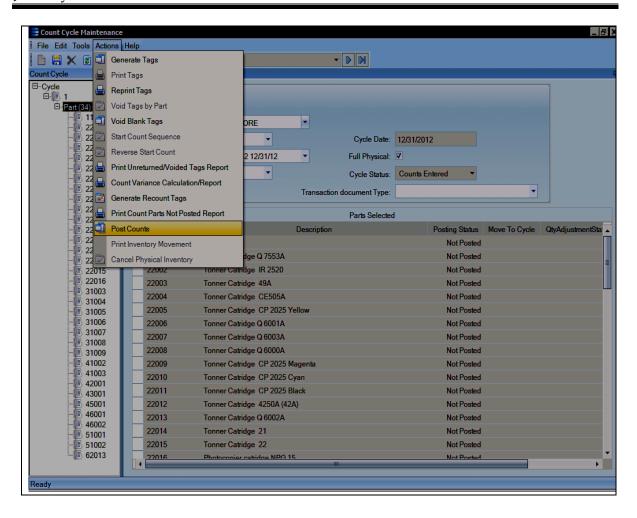
Use Count Tag Entry to add or update the physical count information for count tags or sheets in a selected cycle sequence. Open tags can be updated, and blank tags can be added only until the cycle sequence has been posted using the Post Counts selection in the Count Cycle Maintenance Actions menu.





5.	Repeat step 4 to all other inventory items, use the navigation
	arrows to select the next inventory part.
6.	Save and exit.
Count Variance Rep	ort
	Navigate to Actions icon > Count Variance Calculation/Report
	After entering actual quantity via Tag entry program from physical count, the Count variance report in the Actions icon become active, ready to be previewed/printed.
	Use this report to print the expected counts and the actual physical counts for each part counted, along with the values and variances.
	Values printed on the report are equal to the quantity times the current unit cost (average) from the Part Master file.
Posting Inventory Counts	
Navigate to Actions icon, select Post Counts	







Inventory Native Reports and Trackers

List of Reports and Trackers

1. Count Accuracy Report

Use the Count Accuracy Report to view summarized count data by warehouse, by cycle period for a specified year. It allows analysis of how accurately inventory on hand counts have been performed in a specified warehouse.

2. Inventory Usage Report

Use this program to produce an Inventory Usage report to track inventory turns and monthly usage of stock.

3. Inventory/WIP Reconciliation Report

Use the Inventory/WIP Reconciliation Report to reconcile the General Ledger (GL) with costs from **Inventory** and work-in-process (WIP).

4. Material Transaction Detail Report

Use the Material Transaction Detail Report to produce an inventory transaction list created through receipt, issue, shipping, and adjustment processing.

5. Parts Missing ABC Code Report

Use the Parts Missing ABC Code Report to view parts in warehouses associated with specified plants that are missing an ABC code.

6. Stock Status Report

Use this program to produce a Stock Status report that contains a list of the current quantities and extended costs of all parts in Part Maintenance.

7. Cycle Count Tracker

Use the Cycle Count Tracker view all information related to scheduled cycle count or physical inventory count sequences. Many of the sheets available in the Cycle Count Tracker are read-only versions of sheets that appear in the Cycle Count Schedule Maintenance program.

8. Part Tracker

Use the Part Tracker to access current information on parts in the database. This includes information such as revisions, on-hand quantities, costs, and locations. User can use the Part Search feature to pull multiple part records into the Part Tracker. The tracker displays only one part at a time. User cannot add or edit records in this tracker.



Workshops

- Issue Material and return
- Return to stock



Asset Management

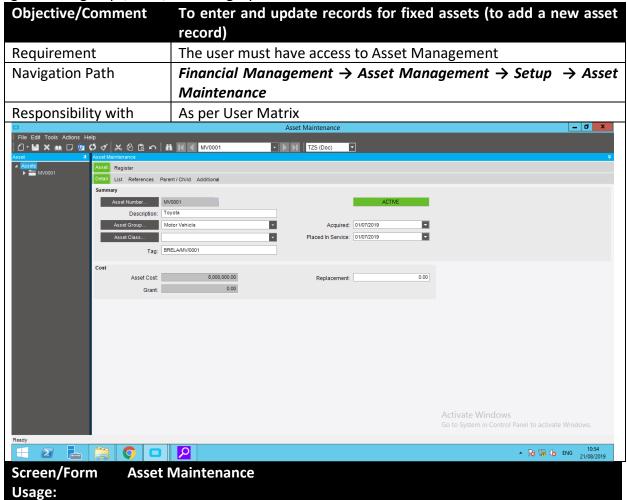
This part describes the procedures to be followed when accounting for fixed assets. Fixed assets are those assets of value with a long life, which are not purchased for resale but are to be used in the generation of economic benefit to the Institute for more than one year which are held by MoFP – GF

At the date of acquisition, assets are recorded in the accounts at cost. However, an asset shall be considered "acquired" when it is placed in the position where it will be utilized and is ready" for service; therefore, all incidental costs incurred to place the asset in this status, are proper additions to the purchase price of the asset.

Application Setups

Asset Maintenance

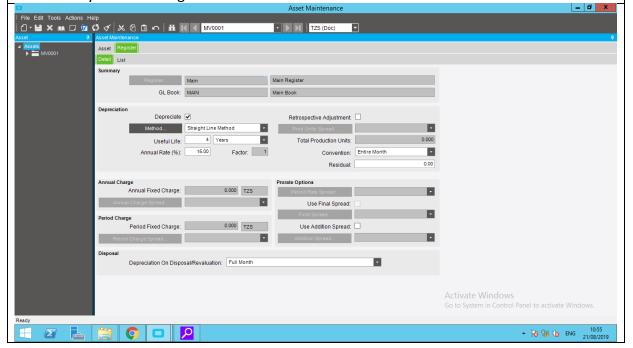
Use Asset Maintenance to enter and update records for fixed assets. Fixed assets can be organized in groups, class, and category.





Objective/Comm	nent To enter and update records for fixed assets (to add a new asset record)
1.	From the New menu , select New Asset . Alternatively, in the Asset Number
	field, enter the asset ID and press Tab. In the New Confirmation message,
	click Yes.
2.	In the Asset → Details sheet , <i>enter</i> the following required fields:
	 Asset Group – the asset group assigned to the asset or <i>click</i> Group
	to search in Asset Group Search;
	The ID Number of an asset and
	Asset description.
	Also enter the following additional fields
	 Acquired – the date the asset was acquired
	 Asset Class – the class assigned to the asset
	Asset Cost – current cost value of the asset
	Asset Number
	Placed In Service – the date of service
	Status – the current status of the asset
	Tag – an alphanumeric field to keep an asset label

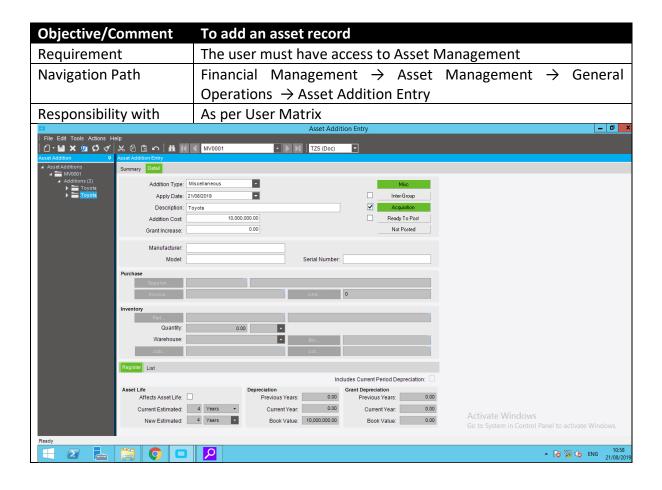
Use the **Register** → **Detail** sheet to assign one or more registers to the asset. For MoFP – GF there is only one asset register for each business unit.





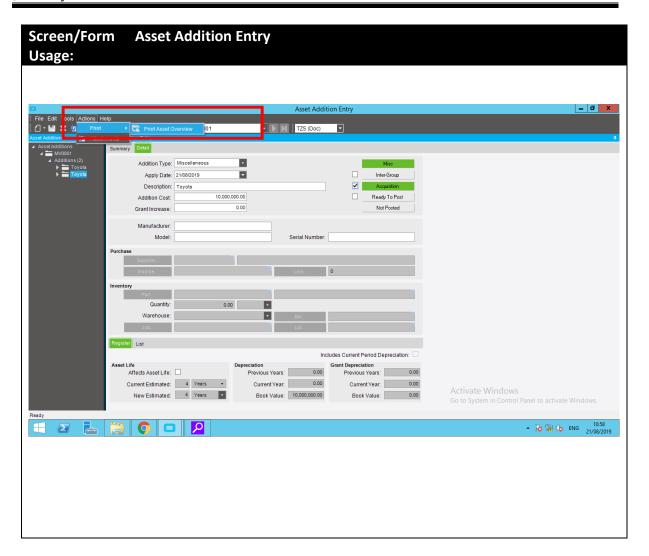
General Operations

Asset Additions



Screen/Form Usage:	Asset Addition Entry
	From the New menu, select New Addition.
1.	From the New Mend, select New Addition.
2.	Enter information in the detail fields that open the data entry.
3.	When complete, click Save.
4.	From the Actions menu, select Print > Print Asset Overview Report . The
	Asset Overview Report window will display, and then print the report to
	ensure that the record is accurately entered.

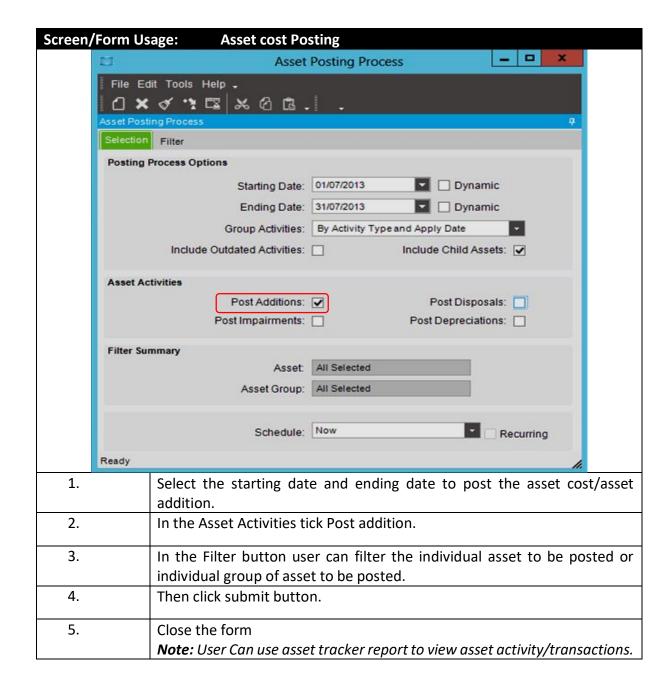




Asset Addition Post

Objective/Comment	To post Asset cost to general ledger
Requirement	The user must have access to Asset Management
Navigation Path	Financial Management → Asset Management → General Operations → Asset Posting Process
Responsibility with	As per User Matrix





Asset Depreciation

All fixed assets have finite useful economic life, it is therefore necessary that MoFP – GF charges the cost of the fixed assets against income in respect of the use of such assets. This charge is referred to as depreciation.

 $\mathsf{MoFP}-\mathsf{GF}$ policy is to depreciate its fixed assets using the Reducing Balance Method of depreciation.

Use Asset Depreciation Calculation to calculate the depreciation of assets for the current year, current period, or for an asset's useful life.



Objective/Comment	To Calculate Asset Depreciation
Requirement	The user must have access to Asset Management.
Navigation Path	
	Operations → Asset Depreciation Calculation
Responsibility with	As per User Matrix
U	Asset Depreciation Calculation
File Edit	Tools Actions Help -
□ × ·	of *½ □ □ ↓
	iation Calculation
Selection Process Op	
Process of	Calculate Option: Current Year
	Include Child Assets: 🔽
	Include Assets Marked for Automatic Recalculation: ✓
Filter Summ	Asset All Selected
	Asset Group: All Selected
	Asset Class: All Selected
	Asset Register: All Selected
	Depreciation Method: All Selected
Ready	li.

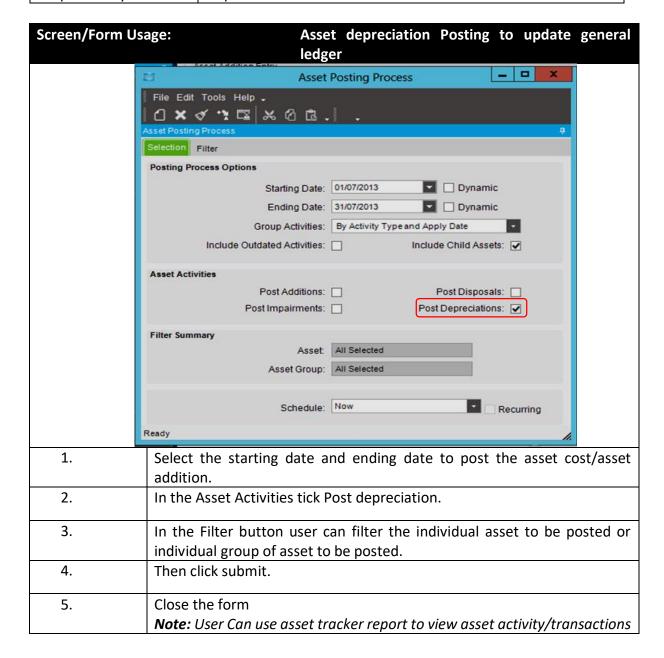
Screen/Form Usage:	Asset Depreciation Calculation
1.	In the Calculate Option field, verify Current period
2.	Navigate to the Filter to select Individual Assets to depreciate.
3.	Click Asset button and Search for asset.
4.	Click Submit.
5.	Exit Asset Depreciation Calculation.

Asset Depreciation Post

Objective/Comment	To post depreciation cost to general ledger
Requirement	The user must have access to Asset Management



Objective/Comment	To post depreciation cost to general ledger
Navigation Path	Financial Management → Asset Management → General
	Operations → Asset Posting Process
Responsibility with	As per User Matrix



Asset Disposal

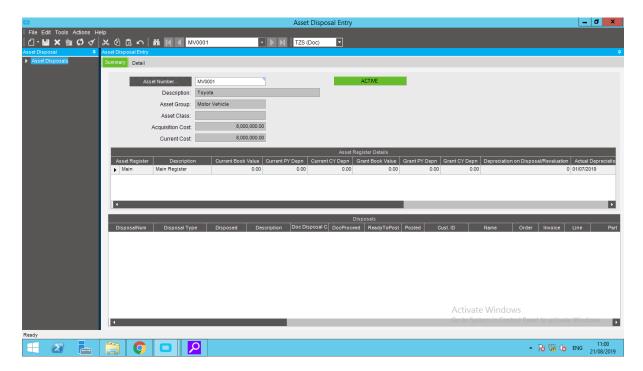
Use Asset Disposal Entry to record the asset disposal. This program is useful for recording new asset disposal activity as well as adjusting, deleting, and viewing unposted asset disposal activities.



Three disposal types are available in Epicor application i.e. **Miscellaneous, transfer,** and **sale**. *Miscellaneous* is a disposal that does not interface with another program, *transfer* - a disposal that interfaces with inventory and *sale* – a disposal that interface with Accounts payable.



Objective/Comment	To dispose fixed asset
Requirement	The user must have access to Asset Management
Navigation Path	Financial Management → Asset Management → General
	Operations → Asset Disposal Entry
Responsibility with	As per User Matrix

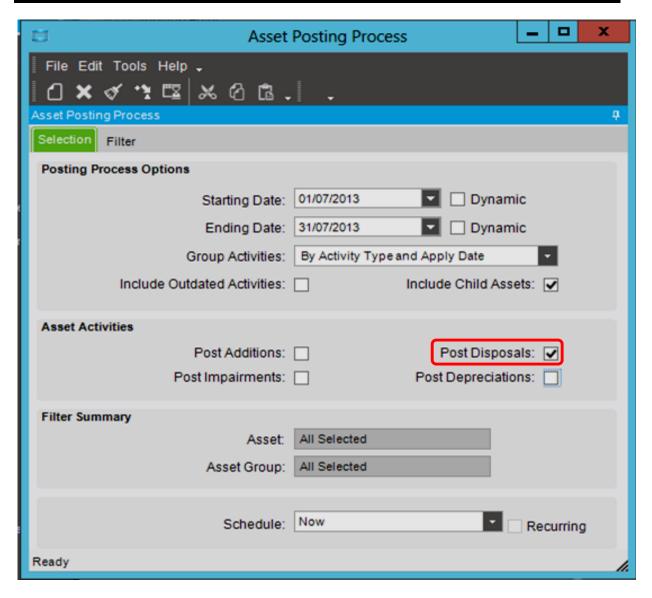


Screen/Form Usage:	Asset Disposal Entry
6.	Use the Summary sheet select asset to be disposed.
7.	Use the Detail sheet to enter disposal details including disposal type, cost, date, sale and transfer information.
8.	Then click Ready To Post check box to post
9.	Close the program.

Asset Disposal Post

Objective/Comment	To post disposal cost to general ledger
Requirement	The user must have access to Asset Management
Navigation Path	Financial Management → Asset Management → General
	Operations → Asset Posting Process
Responsibility with	As per User Matrix





Screen/Form Usage:	Asset Disposal Posting
6.	Select the starting date and ending date to post the asset cost/asset addition.
7.	In the Asset Activities tick Post disposal.
8.	In the Filter button user can filter the individual asset to be posted or individual group of asset to be posted.
9.	Then click submit.
10.	Close the form Note: User Can use asset tracker report to view asset activity/transactions.



Year End Processing and Procedures

This course is intended to help user understand important accounting items to review, execute, and report on prior to user Institute general ledger year end close.

Notable prerequisites, activities, and housekeeping procedures are organized into two basic cycles. Each business cycle is thoroughly addressed and concludes with specific action items surrounding the GL.

To help organize year end procedure suggestions, this course is organized into three main business cycles;

- Revenue Collection Cycle
- Acquisition and Payment Cycle
- Inventory Cycle

Each business cycle is made up of a set of suggested prerequisites, activities, and procedures that when executed, can optimize entity's year end close procedures.

Every period end procedures include action items unique to their business practices and operations. This course should be used as a starting point to assist user in developing procedures for User Company.

Revenue Collection Cycle

The Revenue Collection Cycle is made up of all processes which ultimately lead to Institution total revenue intake.

Because this is such an important cycle in an Entity's day-to-day business practices, several items must be reviewed before the fiscal year is marked as closed.

In order to verify all credit memos, invoices, adjustments, and cash receipts for the current fiscal year were properly accounted for, use the following prerequisites, activities, and mandatory records in the order listed.

Prerequisites

- All Miscellaneous Invoices have been recorded and posted.
- All Credit Memos have been processed.
- All Cash Receipts have been recorded and posted.
- All Adjustments have been recorded. If they have not been recorded, execute any necessary write-offs.

Activities

Process Customer Statements.
 This is an optional activity that is only meant to be completed if customers request year end statements.



• Reconcile Accounts Receivable accounts.



Aged Receivables Report

This report serves as the subsidiary ledger to the Entity's Receivables account. This report should be aged by **Invoice Date**.

Furthermore, the date listed in the **Aged As Of** field should reflect the last date of the last fiscal period of the year user wish to close. The report total should reconcile to the ending balance of the Receivables account. If user find an out of balance condition, it may be beneficial to print an Aged Receivables Report for each individual period's date range.

Acquisition and Payment Cycle

The Acquisition and Payment Cycle is comprised of all procedures involved in the purchase and receipt of goods as well as cash disbursements to Institution's suppliers.

In order to verify all receipts, invoices, debit memos, adjustments and cash disbursements for the current fiscal year were properly accounted for, use the following prerequisites, activities and mandatory records in the order they are listed.

Prerequisites

For each period, verify the following:

- All Receipts of goods have been recorded.
- All Invoices received to date for receipts have been recorded and posted.
- All Miscellaneous Invoices have been recorded and posted.
- All Debit Memos have been processed.
- All Disbursements have been recorded and posted.
- All Manual Checks have been recorded and posted.
- All Adjustments have been recorded. If they have not been recorded, execute any necessary write-offs.

Activities

- Reconcile AP Clearing account(s).
- Reconcile Accounts Payable account(s).
- Reconcile Bank Statement(s).

Mandatory Records

Generate these report(s) **after** user complete all prerequisite activity and **before** user enter any future period transactions.



Aged Payables Report

This report serves as the subsidiary ledger to the Accounts Payable account. The **Aged As Of** date should reflect the last date of the last fiscal period. The report total on this listing should reconcile to the ending balance of the Payables account.



Received but not Invoiced Report

This report serves as the subsidiary ledger to the AP Clearing account. The **cut-off** date should reflect the last date of the last fiscal period. The report total on this listing should reconcile to the ending balance of the AP Clearing account.

Optional Records

- GL Distribution Reports
- Purchases
- Cash Disbursements
- Adjustments
- Check Register

Close the General Ledger

Prerequisites

• Verify all subsidiary ledgers have been generated and reconciled to corresponding accounts.

Activities

• Close all periods. When the **last period is closed**, the year is also closed.

Records

All reports in General Ledger can be generated on demand. The fiscal year and fiscal period control the data that is printed on these reports.

- General Ledger Report
- Trial Balance
- GL Journal Listing(s)

Close Period Entry Process, located in Epicor Help, is a great reference to use when closing a fiscal period or fiscal year.

Year End Accounting Checklist

A simple checklist of items is listed below. Consider the suggestions included on this checklist for each business user are working with to ensure user year end books are accurate.

Once user have completed the items on this list, and before putting the books away for the year, run the financial statements by the owner or manager to identify anything of which user might not be aware.

Finally, the last step of the year end process is to check user Revenue, Cost, and Expense accounts. Compare them to prior years to see if any increase or decrease is reasonable. If user



run across significant changes, user may want to look at the general ledger for that account to ensure the entries are legitimate.



Year End Checklist:

- Are there any accounts receivables that are worthless and should be written off?
- Is my balance in Allowance for Bad Debts a reasonable estimate of potential writeoffs?
- Have we recorded all payables?
- Does my general ledger bank balance reconcile to the bank statement?
- Is the company's inventory balance correctly stated?
- Are there inventory items that cost more than their worth and should be written down to their market value?
- Have all assets been reviewed for accuracy?
- Do the balances in the notes payable accounts (loans) agree with what the banks say we owe?
- Are there other debts that have not been included on the books?
- Are there debts on the books that no longer exist because of forgiveness or oversight?
- Is my depreciation correctly recorded for fixed assets still in the company's possession?

This item is only important if the Insitution has the Fixed Assets Module licensed.